# OFFICIAL RULES OF SOFTBALL SLOW PITCH









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### 2022 - 2025 SLOW PITCH SOFTBALL PLAYING RULES

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The Official Rules include Rules, Effects, and Appendices. The Rules govern the playing of Slow Pitch Softball.

The Appendices and Effects form part of the Rule(s) in which they are cited and have the same force and effect as the Rule itself. The Table of Contents, where Rules are found, and the Index, a keyword and subject matter indicator to the Rules, are for reference and do not form part of the Rules.

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New Rules and/or changes are bolded and underlined.



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# 1. THE GAME

#### 1.1 DEFINITIONS

#### 1.1.1 APPEAL - LIVE BALL OR DEAD BALL

A live or dead ball appeal is a play or situation on which an Umpire cannot make a decision unless requested by a manager, coach or player of the non-offending team.

#### 1.1.2 DEFENSIVE TEAM

The team in the field.

#### 1.1.3 FORFEIT

When the Plate Umpire rules that the game is over by declaring the non-offending team the winner.

#### 1.1.4 HOME AND VISITING TEAM

- a) The home team may be determined in a variety of ways, including coin toss, mutual agreement, tournament assignment or league assignment.
- b) The home team starts the game on defense, bats in the bottom half of the inning and occupies the third base dugout.
- c) The visiting team starts the game on offense bats in the top half of each inning and occupies the first base dugout.

#### 1.1.5 **INNING**

That segment of a game when both teams either bat or field and remain batting or fielding until three outs occur. A new half-inning begins immediately after the final out of the previous If-inning.

#### 1.1.6 OFFENSIVE TEAM

The team at bat.

#### 1.1.7 "PLAY BALL"

When the Plate Umpire signals and declares "PLAY BALL" at the start of the game or to resume play in a game, provided that:

- a) the pitcher holds the ball on or adjacent to the pitching plate;
- b) the catcher is in the catcher's box; and
- c) all other fielders are in fair territory to put the ball in play.

#### 1.1.8 PRE-GAME MEETING

The meeting at home plate area at a predetermined time including the Umpires, head coaches, managers or representatives of both teams. At this meeting line-up cards are confirmed, and exchanged between teams and the Plate Umpire reviews any special rules.

#### 1.1.9 PROTEST

The action of a defensive or offensive team, other than an appeal, objecting to:

- a) The misinterpretation or misapplication of a playing rule by an Umpire; or
- b) The eligibility of a team roster member.

#### 1.1.10 "TIME"

The term used by an Umpire to order the suspension of play in a game. During time the ball is dead.

#### 1.2 REGULATION GAME REQUIREMENTS

#### 1.2.1 REGULATION GAME

A regulation game consists of seven completed innings, except as follows

- a) A full seven innings need not be played if the home team scores more runs in six and one-half innings or before the third out in the bottom of the seventh inning.
- b) A game that is tied at the end of seven innings will be continued by playing additional innings until one side scores more runs than the other at the end of a completed inning or the home team scores more runs before the third out in the bottom of the inning is made..
- c) A game called by the Plate Umpire will be a regulation game if five or more complete innings have been played, or if the team second at bat has scored more runs than the other team has scored in five or more innings or if the run ahead rule is invoked. The Plate Umpire is empowered to call a game at any time because of darkness, rain, fire, panic or other cause, which puts the patrons or team members in physical danger.
- d) A regulation tied game will be declared if the score is equal when the game is ended at the end of five or more completed innings, or if the home team has equaled the score of the visiting team in the incomplete inning.





- e) These provisions do not apply to any acts on the part of players or spectators that might call for forfeiture of the game. The Plate Umpire may forfeit the game if any team member or spectator physically attacks any Umpire.
- f) A game that is not considered a regulation game or is a regulation tied game will be replayed from the start of the game. The original line-up may be changed when the game is replayed.

#### 1.2.2 FORFEITED GAME

A game is forfeited in favor of the team not at fault when:

- a) a team fails to appear on the field;
- a team on the field refuses to begin a game for which it is scheduled or assigned at the time scheduled or within a time set for forfeitures by the organization in which the team is playing;
- after the game starts, one team refuses to continue to play, unless the game has been suspended or terminated by the plate umpire;
- d) after the Plate Umpire suspends a play, one team fails to resume play within two minutes after the plate Umpire signals and calls "PLAY BALL":
- e) a team employs tactics designed to delay or to hasten the game;
- after a warning by the Plate Umpire, any one of these Rules is willfully violated, except if the pitcher continues to repeatly violate a pitching Rule the pitcher will be removed from the pitching position for the remainder of the game and <u>shall be</u> <u>declared an illegal pitcher</u>;
- g) the order for the removal or ejection of a player or any person authorized to sit on the team bench is not obeyed within one minute;
- because of the removal or ejection of the players from the game by an Umpire or for any other cause there are less than ten (10) or eleven (11) with an Extra Player or twelve (12) with two Extra Players in Co-ed on either team;
- a declared ineligible player re-enters the game and one pitch is thrown; or
- it is discovered that an ejected player, coach or manager is participating in the game again.

#### 1.2.3 RUN AHEAD RULE

a) This rule applies to any game at all Tournaments and

- Championships when one team leads another by: twenty (20) runs after four (4) innings; or fifteen (15) runs after five (5) innings.
- b) Complete innings are played unless the home team scores the required number of runs while at bat. When the visiting team reaches the required number of runs in the top half of the inning, the home team bats in the bottom half of the inning. All play must have finished before the game is declared won by the score of the run ahead rule. If in the bottom of the inning, no scores above the run ahead score shall count unless the game ending play is a home run, and all runs scored because of the home run shall count.

#### 1.2.4 TIE BREAKER; TIEBREAKER INNING

- a) Starting with the top of the eighth inning and for each halfinning thereafter until the game ends, the offensive team starts its turn at bat with the player scheduled to bat tenth or eleventh with an EP or 12 in Co-ed with EP's in that respective half-inning is placed on second base as a runner.
- b) The runner on second base may be substituted in accordance with the Substitution Rules.
- c) An incorrect runner that is placed on second base shall be called out if a proper appeal is made by the defensive team after a pitch (legal or illegal) or play and is upheld. A proper appeal may be made at any time the incorrect runner is on base. If the offensive team places the correct runner on base before a proper appeal is made there is no penalty.

#### 1.2.5 SCORING RUNS

- a) One run is scored each time a runner touches, in order, all three bases and home plate and before the third out of that half-inning.
- b) When the tiebreaker is used, the runner starting at second base does not have to touch first base in order for a legal run to be scored.
- A run does not score if the third and/or last out of the inning is a result of:
  - i. a batter-runner being out before they touch first base;
  - ii. a runner being forced out including on an appeal play;
  - iii. a runner leaving a base before the pitch is batted or reaches home plate: or
  - iv. a preceding runner being out.





d) Additional out appeals may be made after the third out to remove a run(s).

#### 1.2.6 APPEAL PLAYS

On an appeal play, the runner will not be out unless the appeal is made legally.

- a) An appeal may be made while the ball is live or dead, but the defensive team loses the opportunity of making an appeal if it is not made:
  - i. before the next legal or illegal pitch, except for an illegal substitute, unannounced player, illegal re-entry, replacement or withdrawn player and runners switching bases:
  - ii. before all defensive players have left fair territory on their way to the bench or dugout area. If a fielder makes the appeal, the fielder must be in the infield when making the appeal:
  - iii. in the case of the last play of the game, before the Umpires have left the field of play; or
  - iv. at any time the incorrect runner is on base in a tie breaker inning.
- b) DEAD BALL APPEAL. Once the ball has been returned to the infield and "TIME" has been called or the ball becomes dead, any defensive team member in the infield, with or without possession of the ball, may make a appeal on a runner missing a base or leaving a base too soon on a caught fly ball. A coach or manager may only make a dead ball appeal after stepping onto the playing field. The administering Umpire should acknowledge the appeal and then make a decision on the play. No runner may leave their base during this period as the ball remains dead until the next pitch.

EXCEPTION: A runner who has left a base too soon on a caught fly ball or who has missed a base may attempt to return to such base while the ball is dead.

- If the ball goes out of play, the dead ball appeal cannot be made until the Plate Umpire places a new ball into the game.
- If the pitcher has possession of the ball and is in contact with the pitcher's plate when making a verbal appeal, no Illegal Pitch is called.
- iii. If the Umpire has declared "PLAY BALL" and the pitcher then requests an appeal, the Umpire would again call "TIME" and allow the appeal process.

- c) Additional out appeals may be made after the third out as long as they are made properly and are made to remove a run or to reinstate the correct batting order.
- d) These are the types of appeal:
  - i. missing a base;
  - ii. leaving a base on a caught fly ball before the ball is first touched;
  - iii. batting out-of-order;
  - iv. attempting to advance to second base after reaching first base:
  - v. illegal substitutions;
  - vi. the use of an unannounced player under the Replacement Player Rule;
  - vii. Illegal Re-entry;

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- ix. runners switching positions on the bases they occupied; or
- x. the use of an incorrect runner on second base in a tie breaker inning.

#### 1.2.7 WINNER OF THE GAME

The winner of the game is the team that scores more runs than the other team scores in a regulation game.

- a) The score of a called regulation game is the score at the end of the last complete inning unless the home team scores more runs than the visiting team in the bottom half of the incomplete inning. In this case, the score is that of the incomplete inning.
- b) The score of a regulation tie game is the tie score when the game was terminated.
- c) The score of a forfeited game is 7-0 in favor of the team not at fault.

#### 1.2.8 GROUNDS FOR A PROTEST

- a) A protest that will be received and considered includes matters of the following types:
  - i. the misinterpretation of a Rule;
  - ii. the failure of an Umpire to apply the correct Rule to a given situation; or
  - iii. the failure to impose the correct penalty for a given violation:
- b) After one pitch has been thrown (legal or illegal), no Umpire ruling can be changed.





c) At any time, a protest may be submitted to the appropriate authority other than the Plate Umpire for the eligibility of a team roster member.

#### 1.2.9 PROTESTS

A protest may involve both a matter of judgment and the interpretation of a Rule.

An example of a situation of this type follows:

With one out and runners on second and third bases, the batter hits a fair fly ball that was caught. The runner on third tagged up after the catch but the player on second did not. The runner on third had crossed home plate before the ball was played at second base for the third out. The Umpire did not allow the run to score. The questions whether the runners left their bases before the catch and whether the play at second was made before the player on third crossed home plate are solely matters of judgment and may not be protested. The failure of an Umpire to allow the run to score was a misinterpretation of a Rule and was a proper subject for protest.

#### 1.2.10 INVALID PROTESTS

No protest may be received or considered if it is based solely on a decision involving the accuracy of judgment by an Umpire, or if the team lodging the protest won the game. Examples of protests that will not be considered are:

- a) whether a batted ball was fair or foul;
- b) whether a runner was safe or out:
- c) whether a pitched ball was a strike or a ball;
- d) whether a pitch was legal or illegal;
- e) whether a runner did or did not touch a base;
- f) whether a runner left the base too soon on a caught fly ball;
- g) whether a fly ball was or was not caught:
- h) whether a fly ball was or was not an infield fly;
- i) whether there was or was not an interference;
- i) whether there was or was not an obstruction;
- k) whether a player or live ball did or did not enter a dead ball territory or touch an object or person in a dead ball territory;
- I) whether a batted ball did or did not clear a fence in flight;
- m) whether the field is fit to continue or resume play;
- n) whether there is sufficient light to continue play; or
- any other matter involving only the accuracy of the Umpire's judgment.

#### 1.2.11 GIVING NOTICE OF A PROTEST

- a) Other than for player eligibility, notice to protest must be given clearly to the Plate Umpire: (i) immediately before the next pitch, legal or illegal: (ii) if at the end of an inning, before all fielders leave fair territory on their way to the bench or dugout area; or (iii) if the last play of the game, before the Umpires have left the field of play.
- b) Any notice of protest given in accordance with this Rule means that the remainder of the game is played under protest.
- c) The manager or acting manager of the protesting team may give such notice. The Plate Umpire must notify the opposing manager and the official scorer.
- d) All interested parties must take notice of the conditions surrounding the making of the decision that will aid in the correct determination of the issue.

#### 1.2.12 DEADLINE TO FILE AN OFFICIAL PROTEST

An official written protest must be filed within a reasonable time.

- a) In the absence of a league or tournament rule fixing the time limit for filing a protest, a protest should be considered if filed within a reasonable time, depending on the nature of the case and the difficulty in obtaining the information on which to base the protest.
- b) Generally, 48 hours after the scheduled time of the contest is considered a reasonable time.

#### 1.2.13 REQUIREMENTS FOR A FORMAL WRITTEN PROTEST

A formal written protest must contain the following information to be valid:

- a) the date, time and place of the game;
- b) the name(s) of the Umpires and scorer(s);
- c) the Rule(s) or local rules under which the protest is made:
- d) the decision and conditions surrounding the making of the decision; and
- e) all essential facts involved in the matter protested.

#### 1.2.14 RESULT OF PROTEST

The decision made on a protested game must result in one of the following.

 The protest is found invalid and the game score as played remains unaltered.





- b) When a protest is allowed for misinterpretation of a Rule, the game is replayed from the point at which the incorrect decision was made, with the decision corrected.
- c) When a protest for ineligibility of a team roster member is allowed, the game is forfeited by the offending team.

# 2. PLAYING FIELD & EQUIPMENT

#### 2.1 DEFINITIONS

#### 2.1.1 ALTERED BAT

A bat is altered when the physical structure of a legal bat has been changed. Examples of altering a bat are: replacing the handle of a metal bat with a wooden or other type handle; inserting material inside the bat; applying excessive tape (more than two layers) to the bat grip; painting a bat at the top or bottom for other than identification purposes; engraving an "ID" marking on the barrel end of a metal bat; or attaching a "flare" or "cone" grip to bat. Replacing the grip with another legal grip is not considered altering the bat. An engraved "ID" mark on only the knob end of a metal bat or a laser mark for "ID" purposes anywhere on the bat is not an alteration.

#### 2.1.2 BASE LINE

The direct line between any two consecutive bases.

#### 2.1.3 BATTER'S BOX

The area to which the batter is restricted while in position with the intention of batting and helping the offensive team score runs. The lines are considered as being within the batter's box.

#### 2.1.4 CATCHER'S BOX

That area within which the catcher must remain until the pitched ball is batted, touches the ground or plate or reaches the catcher's box. The lines are to be considered within the catcher's box. The catcher is considered to be in the catcher's box except when touching the ground outside the catcher's box.

#### 2.1.5 COACH' BOX

The area in foul territory on the first base and third base side

of the playing field in which the offensive base coaches must position themselves. The coach's box shall be located and be of the dimensions set out in Appendix B (Official Dimensions of the Diamond Layout) and F (Quick Reference Table.)

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#### 2.1.6 **DUGOUT**

The area in dead ball territory designated for team members only. There must be no smoking, consumption of alcohol or use of chewing tobacco in this area. Smoking includes the inhalation of tobacco products, e cigarettes and vaping.

#### 2.1.7 FAIR TERRITORY

That part of the playing field within and including the first and third base foul lines from home plate to the bottom of the outfield fence and perpendicularly upwards.

#### 2.1.8 FOUL TERRITORY

Any part of the playing field that is not fair territory.

#### 2.1.9 HELMET

A helmet that is cracked, broken, dented or altered will be declared an illegal helmet and removed from the game.

- a) For an on-deck batter, batter, batter-runner. a runner, youth coach or a bat person, a helmet must have two ear flaps (one on each side) and must be of the type that has safety features equal to or greater than those provided by the full plastic cap with padding on the inside. A liner covering only the ears does not meet the specifications of a legal helmet.
- b) For a catcher or a defensive player, a helmet may be the skull type without earflaps.

#### 2.1.10 ILLEGAL BAT

A bat that does not meet the requirements of Rule 2.3.1.

#### 2.1.11 ILLEGAL GLOVE OR MITT

A glove that does not meet the specifications of a legal glove or the use of a mitt by a fielder other than a catcher or first baseman.

#### 2.1.12 INFIELD

The area of the field in fair territory normally covered by infielders.



#### 2.1.13 MITT

A mitt consists of a solid piece for finger placement, no finger slots and a deeper pocket than a glove. A glove has separated finger slots on the outside and back. (See Appendix 4: Glove Specifications)

#### 2.1.14 OFFICIAL EQUIPMENT

Official equipment is any equipment (bat, glove, mitt, helmet, etc.) in use by the defensive or offensive team in the course of play. Defensive equipment (gloves, for example) left on the field by the team playing offense would not be official equipment.

#### 2.1.15 ON-DECK CIRCLE

The area to which the on-deck batter is restricted while awaiting their turn at bat. The On-Deck Circle shall be located and be of the dimensions set out in Appendix B (official Dimensions of the Diamond Layout).

#### **2.1.16 OUTFIELD**

That portion of the playing field in fair territory that is beyond the infield.

#### 2.1.17 PLAYING FIELD

The area within which the ball may be played and fielded up to and including the dead ball line.

#### 2.2 THE PLAYING FIELD

#### 2.2.1 PLAYING FIELD REQUIREMENTS

- a) The playing field must have a clear and unobstructed area within the minimum dimensions set out in Appendix 1 (Playing Field and Diamond Layout) and must include all features shown.
- b) The playing field should have a warning track. If a warning track is used it must be an area within the playing field and adjacent to any permanent fence along the outfield and sidelines.
- c) There is no requirement to cut a warning track in the permanent outfield surface (grass or otherwise) when temporary fencing is used (e.g. when a fast pitch game is

- played on a field designed primarily for slow pitch).
- d) A ball is outside the playing field when it touches the ground, a person on the ground or an object outside the playing area.

#### 2.2.2 THE OFFICIAL DIAMOND

- a) The official diamond layout must comply with the dimensions and specifications in Appendix 1 A (Playing Field and Diamond Layout) and must include all features shown (foul, one meter and sidelines; coaches, batters and catchers boxes; on-deck circle and bases and home plate).
- b) b) If during the game the base distance or the pitching distance is found to be incorrect, the error must be corrected at the start of the next full inning, after which the game resumes and continues.

#### 2.2.3 GROUND OR SPECIAL RULES

Ground or special rules establishing the limits of the playing field may be agreed prior to the start of a game and used whenever backstops, fences, stands, vehicles, spectators or other obstructions are within the prescribed area.

- a) Any obstruction on fair territory less than the minimum fence distances set out in the Appendix 1 F (Distance Table) must be clearly marked for the Umpire's information.
- b) If using a baseball field, the pitcher's mound must be removed and the backstop set at the prescribed distance from home plate.

#### 2.3 GAME EQUIPMENT

#### 2.3.1 OFFICIAL BAT

Only an official bat that meets the standards of the WBSC Equipment Standards Commission and is stamped with the WBSC or former ISF 2005 logo that the Equipment Standards Commission adopted and approved marking must be used in a WBSC Competition. The WBSC Approved Bat List and Approved Logo can be found at the WBSC Website www.wbsc.org See Appendix 2 (Bat Specifications) for approved bat standards.

#### 2.3.2 WARM-UP BAT

Only a warm-up bat that meets the specification set out in Appendix 2 (Bat Specifications) for approved warm-up bat standards may be used.





#### 2.3.3 OFFICIAL SOFTBALL

- a) Only an official softball that meets the standards of the WBSC Equipment Standards Commission and is stamped with the WBSC or ISF Equipment Standards Commission adopted and approved marking must be used in a WBSC Competition. See Appendix 3 (Approved Ball Standards).
- b) In Co-ed play, male batters will be pitched to with the 12" ball and female batters with the 11" ball.

#### **EFFECTS**

Rule	2.3.3 b
Effect	If the incorrect ball is used, the offense shall have the option to accept the result of the play or request a re-pitch using the correct ball at the same ball and strike count.

#### 2.4 PLAYER EQUIPMENT

#### 2.4.1 GLOVES AND MITTS

- a) Any player may wear a glove, but only the catcher and first baseman may use mitts.
- b) No top lacing, webbing or other device between the thumb and body of the glove or mitt worn by a first baseman or catcher or a glove worn by a fielder may be more than 12.7 cm. (5 in.) in length.
- c) The pitcher's glove may be any color or combination of colors, provided that no color (including the lacing) is the color of the ball. Gloves worn by any player other than the pitcher may be any color or combination of colors.
- d) Gloves or mitts with white, gray or yellow optic circles on the outside that give the appearance of a ball are not official equipment and must not be used.
   (Appendix 4: Glove Specifications)

#### 2.4.2 SHOES

- All team members must wear shoes. A shoe must be made with either canvas or leather uppers or similar materials and be fully enclosed.
- b) Shoe soles may be either smooth or have soft or hard rubber cleats.

- c) Ordinary metal sole and heel plates may be used if the spikes on the plates are not rounded and do not extend more than 1.9cm (3/4 in) from the sole or heel of the shoe.
- d) No hard plastic, nylon or polyurethane spikes similar to a metal sole and heel plate are allowed in any division at any level of play.
- e) Shoes with detachable cleats that screw onto the shoe are not permitted; however, shoes with detachable cleats that screw into the shoe are permitted.
- f) For Youth and Co-ed metal cleats must not be worn in any division at any level of play.

#### 2.4.3 PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

- a) MASKS. All youth catchers must wear a mask with helmet. Masks are recommended in Adult Slow Pitch. Youth catchers (or other youth members of the defensive team) must wear a mask with helmet while receiving warm-up pitches from the pitcher's plate, or in the warm-up area. If the youth person catching the pitch will not wear the mask, they must be replaced by a person who will do so. The ice hockey goalie style facemask is approved for use by catchers.
- b) FACE MASKS. Any defensive or offensive player may wear an approved plastic face mask/guard. A face mask/guard that is cracked or deformed, or if padding has deteriorated or is missing, is prohibited from use and must be removed from the game.
- c) BODY PROTECTORS. Female catchers may wear a body
- d) PROTECTIVE LEG/ARM GUARDS. These may be worn by a batter and a batter-runner.

#### 2.5 UNIFORMS

#### 2.5.1 PLAYER UNIFORMS

All players on a team must wear uniforms alike in color, trim, and style. Female players in single-sex competition may wear all shorts or all long pants. Female players in co-ed competition may wear all shorts or all long pants, regardless of male players' pant style. A team member in uniform may, for religious reasons, wear a specific head covering and apparel that does not conform to these Rules without penalty.

a) CAPS





- i. Ball caps must be alike, are mandatory for all male players and must be worn properly.
- ii. Caps, visors, and headbands are optional for female players and players are free to choose which of these they wish to wear. Each must be of the same color and style of the team uniform colors. Plastic or hard visors are not allowed.
- Should a defensive player wear an approved helmet of similar color of the team uniform cap, they will not be required to wear a cap

#### b) UNDERSHIRTS

- A player may wear a uniform-colored undershirt (it may be white). It is not mandatory that all players wear an undershirt; however, if one player wears one, those that are worn must be alike. No player may wear ragged, frayed or slit sleeves on exposed undershirts.
- ii. A player may wear one or two warming sleeves (compression) provided that each is of the same one solid color that is a team uniform color and that color matches all other undershirts worn by any player on that team.
- c) PANTS/SLIDING PANTS. All player pants must be either all long or all short in style. A player may wear a uniform solid color pair of sliding pants. It is not mandatory that all players wear sliding pants, but if more than one player wears them, they must be alike in color and style except temporary, Snap-On or Velcro sliding pads. No player may wear ragged, frayed or slit legs on exposed sliding pants.
- d) NUMBERS. An Arabic number of contrasting color at least 15.2 cm. (6 in.) high must be worn on the back of all uniform shirts. No manager, coach or player on the same team may wear identical numbers (numbers 1 and 01 are examples of identical numbers.) Only whole numbers 01 to 99 must be used. Players without numbers will not be permitted to play.
- e) NAMES. Individual names may be worn above the numbers on the back of all uniform shirts.
- f) CASTS. A cast (plaster, metal or other hard substances in its final form) may not be worn in a game. Any exposed metal (other than a cast) must be adequately covered by a soft material, taped and approved by the Umpire.
- g) DISTRACTING ADORNMENTS. No exposed items, including jewelry, judged by the Umpire to be distracting to opposing players, may be worn or displayed. The Umpire must require

the item to be removed or covered. Medical alert bracelets and/ or necklaces, if deemed distracting, must be taped to the body in such a manner that the medical alert information is visible.



#### 2.6 COACHES' UNIFORMS

A coach must be neatly attired, including the wearing of suitable footwear, or be dressed in team uniform in accordance with the color code of the team. If a coach choses to wear a cap, it must conform to Rule 2.5.1a).

#### 2.7 EQUIPMENT

Notwithstanding any provision of these Rules, the WBSC Equipment Standards Commission reserves the right to withhold or withdraw approval of any equipment which, in the WBSC Equipment Standards Commission's sole determination, significantly changes the character of the game, affects the safety of participants or spectators or renders a player's performance more a product of the equipment rather than the player's individual skill.

#### **EFFECTS**

Rule 2.4.2	Wearing improper shoes
Rule 2.4.3 a)	Failure of a youth catcher to wear a mask with helmet
Rule 2.5.1	Improper uniform or improper wearing of a uniform
Rule 2.6	Improper dress by a coach
Effect	After a warning from the Umpire, a failure to comply or a repeat violation the violator shall be ejected from the game.



# 3. PARTICIPANTS

#### 3.1 DEFINITIONS

#### 3.1.1 BASE COACH

An offensive team person who takes their position on the field and within the coach's box while their team is at bat.

#### 3.1.2 COACH

A person who is responsible for their team's actions on the field and for official communication with the Umpire and the opposing team representative. A player may be a coach, either as a replacement for an absent coach or as a playing coach.

#### 3.1.3 EJECTION

The act of any Umpire ordering a player, official or any team member to leave the game and the grounds for a Rule violation for the remainder of the game.

#### 3.1.4 FIELDER

Any defensive player of the team on the field.

#### 3.1.5 EXTRA PLAYER

The line-up may consist of 11 players or 12 players in Co-ed if an additional player is used.

#### 3.1.6 HEAD COACH

A manager of a team or the coach who takes the primary responsibilities of a coach is considered a head coach.

#### 3.1.7 ILLEGAL EXTRA PLAYER

A player who violates the Extra Player Rule

#### 3.1.8 ILLEGAL RE-ENTRY

An illegal re-entry occurs when:

- a) a starting player returns to the game in a different batting position in the line-up;
- b) a substitute re-enters the game, not as a replacement player;
- c) a starting player re-enters the game a second time, not as a replacement player; or
- d) a ineligible replacement player enters the game.

#### 3.1.9 UNREPORTED SUBSTITUTION

An unreported substitution occurs when a player enters the game without being reported to the responsible umpire as:

- a) a substitute;
- b) a player eligible to enter, return to or stay in the game under the provisions of the replacement player rule;
- c) a declared ineligible player;
- d) an illegal re-entry; or
- e) an illegal EP.

#### 3.1.10 INELIGIBLE PLAYER

A player who may no longer participate in the game as a player because they have been removed by an Umpire. An ineligible player may continue in the game as a coach.

#### 3.1.11 INELIGIBLE REPLACEMENT PLAYER

An ineligible replacement player is a player who may not enter the game to replace a Withdrawn Player. <u>An ineligible replacement player entering the game is considered an illegal re-entry</u>. An Ineligible Replacement Player is one who:

- a) has been removed from the game by an Umpire for a Rule violation;
- b) is in the current line-up; or
- c) is not in the current line-up but eligible to re-enter the game.

#### 3.1.12 INFIELDER

A defensive player, including the pitcher and catcher, who is generally positioned anywhere near or within the lines of the base paths forming fair territory. A player who normally plays in the outfield may be considered an infielder if they move into the area normally covered by infielders.

#### 3.1.13 LINE-UP CARD

The list of starting players, substitutes and coaches that is given to the Umpire-In-Chief and/or the Plate Umpire and the official scorer before the start of the game. The Plate Umpire retains a line-up card for the duration of the game.

#### 3.1.14 LINE-UP

Comprised of the players currently in the game on offense and defense, including the EP(s).





#### 3.1.15 RE-ENTRY

When a starting player returns to the game after being substituted.

#### 3.1.16 REMOVAL FROM THE GAME

When an Umpire declares a player ineligible for further participation in the game as a result of a Rule violation. Any person so removed may continue to sit on the bench but may not participate further in the game except as a coach.

#### 3.1.17 REPLACEMENT PLAYER

A player permitted to enter the game for a withdrawn player.

#### 3.1.18 ROSTER

The list of all players eligible to be entered on a team's line-up card.

#### 3.1.19 STARTING PLAYER

A player listed on the line-up card that starts the game in the field or at bat.

#### 3.1.20 SUBSTITUTE

- a) A non-starting player who has not been in the game other than as a replacement player.
- b) A starting player who has left the game once and who is eligible to return to the line-up.

#### 3.1.21 TEAM MEMBER

A person authorized to sit on the team bench.

#### 3.1.22 WITHDRAWN PLAYER

A player who must leave the game due to an injury that is bleeding and cannot be stopped in a reasonable time or when the player's uniform becomes covered with blood.

#### 3.2 LINE UP AND ROSTERS

#### 3.2.1 LINE-UP CARD

- a) The line-up card contains:
  - the last name, first name, position and uniform number of the starting players;
  - ii. the last name, first name and uniform number of any available substitutes; and

- iii. the last name and first name of the manager.
- b) A player's name cannot be on the line-up card unless the player is present in uniform and in the team area.
- c) An eligible roster player may be added to the substitute list at any time during the game.
- d) A male roster will only contain male players and a female roster only female players.
- e) If a uniform number is incorrectly given on the line-up card, a change may be made without penalty. If a player wearing an incorrect number violates any Rule, that Rule violation has precedence and must be enforced. If the player remains in the game following the violation, the number must be corrected before play may continue.

#### 3.2.2 PLAYERS

- a) Each team must have a minimum of ten (10) players in the line-up at all times. Using the EP, a team must have Eleven (11) players listed in the line-up.
  - i. Ten Players: pitcher (F1), catcher (F2), first base player (F3), second base player (F4), third base player, (F5), short stop (F6), left fielder (F7), left center fielder (F8), right fielder (F9) and right center fielder (F10).
  - ii. With an Extra Player (EP). Eleven (11) Players: same as slow pitch plus an EP who bats in the line-up.
  - iii. Co-ed: Ten (10) players (five males and five females) with the following positioning requirements: two male and two female in both the infield and the outfield, and one male and one female as pitcher and catcher. The batting order must alternate the genders.
  - iv. Co-ed with Extra Players (EPs): Twelve (12) players six (6) males and six (6) females: same as Co-ed Slow Pitch plus two (2) EPs who bat in the line-up. The batting order must alternate the genders.
- b) Players of the team in the field may be stationed anywhere in fair territory at the start of each pitch, except for the catcher who must be in the catcher's box and the pitcher who must be in a legal pitching position when the Umpire puts the ball in play. Co-ed slow pitch players must adhere to the position requirements set out above.
- c) A team must have the required number of eligible players in the line-up at all times to continue a game.





#### 3.2.3 STARTING PLAYERS

- a) A starting player is official once the line-up card has been confirmed by the team representative and the Plate Umpire at the pre-game meeting at home plate.
- b) The names, uniform numbers and positions may be entered on the line-up card in advance of the pre-game meeting.
- c) In the case of injury or illness, the team representative may make changes to the line-up card at the home plate meeting prior to the line-ups being declared official. A listed substitute may take the place of an ill or injured starting player whose name is in their team's starting line-up, and they would be considered the starting player and the other player may be a substitute.
- d) The starting player so changed at the home plate meeting may enter the game as a substitute at any time later in the game.
- e) All starting players, including the EP, may be substituted and re-enter the line-up once and must remain in the same batting position whenever they are in the line-up. A violation of this rule is considered an illegal re-entry.

#### 3.2.4 EXTRA PLAYER

- a) An Extra Player, referred to as the EP, is optional but if used must be made known prior to the start of the game, and the player's name listed on the line-up card as one of the eleven hitters in the batting order.
- b) If the EP is used, they must be used for the entire game.
- c) If an EP is used, all eleven must bat and any ten can play defense. Defensive positions can be changed but the batting order must remain the same.
- d) (CO-ED ONLY) If two EP's are used, all twelve must bat and any ten (five male and five female) may play defense. Defensive positioning may change as long as the Co-ed positioning is followed. The batting order must remain the same throughout the game.
- e) The starting EP may re-enter the game one time after being substituted, as long as they return to the position in the batting order that they occupied when they left the game, other than as a Replacement Player.

#### **EFFECTS**

Rule 3.2.4 b	Failure to complete the game with a EP
Effect	The game shall be forfeited to the non-offending team.
Rule 3.2.4 a & c-e	Violation of a provision
Effect	If a team violated any provisions or uses an Illegal EP, the player in violation shall be ejected.

#### 3.2.5 THE REPLACEMENT PLAYER

- a) A replacement player may enter the game for a withdrawn player, provided they are of the same gender.
- b) The withdrawn player must not return to the game until all bleeding ceases, the injury is cleaned and covered and, if necessary, the uniform is replaced, whether or not the uniform shirt has a different number. There is no penalty for using a different number; however, the Umpire must be informed of the change in numbers.
- c) A replacement player may play for the withdrawn player for the remainder of the inning in progress and for the following complete inning. The withdrawn player may return to the game at any time during this period without being treated as a substitution. A replacement player is not considered a substitute. If the withdrawn player cannot return, after the remainder of the inning and after the completion of the next full inning, a legal substitution must be made.
- d) A team representative must notify the Plate Umpire of all changes. Failure to do so subjects the player to being declared an illegal substitution, if legally appealed.
- e) A replacement player may be:
  - i. a listed substitute who has not yet been in the game;
  - ii. a listed substitute who has been in the game but subsequently substituted from the game;
  - iii. a starting player who is no longer in the line-up and who is no longer eligible to re-enter the game.





#### 3.2.6 ENTERING THE GAME (SUBSTITUTIONS)

- a) A substitute may take the place of any player in the team line-up. Multiple substitutions may be made for the player listed in the starting line-up, but no substitute may return to the game after being substituted from the line-up, except as a Replacement Player or coach. A substitute who re-enters the game as a player is an illegal re-entry.
- b) A starting player and their substitute(s) may not be in the game at the same time.
- c) A substitution must take place only when the ball is dead. The coach or team representative must immediately notify the Plate Umpire before the substitution is made. The substitute is not legally in the game until a pitch has been thrown or a play has been made. The plate Umpire will notify the scorer of the change.
- d) A team representative must notify the responsible umpire
  of all line-up card changes. A proper appeal of the failure to
  so that is upheld shall result in that player being declared an
  unreported substitution. There is no violation if the manager,
  coach, team representative or the player in violation notifies the
  Umpire prior to the offended team's appeal.
- e) If an injury prevents a batter, a batter-runner or a runner from advancing to an awarded base and the ball is dead, the batterrunner or runner may be substituted. The substitute will be allowed to proceed to awarded bases. The substitute must touch any awarded base(s) or missed base(s) not previously touched.
- f) An ineligible player may not return to the game as a player.

#### 3.3 APPEALS

- a) Appeals must be made by a manager, coach or player before an Umpire may consider and make a decision on:
  - i. an unreported substitution;
  - ii. an illegal re-entry; or
  - iii. an ineligible player.
- b) An appeal for the above can be made at any time while the player is in the game.

#### **EFFECTS**

Rule 3.2.2 a, 3.2.3 c and 3.2.6 c

Failure to complete a game with the required number of players.

Effect

The game is forfeited to the non-offending team.

Rule 3.1.109 a-b, 3.2.4 b ii, 3.2.5 c ii, 3.2.6 d and 3.2.8 a-e

Unreported substitutionSubstitution of:

- a) A substitute; or
- b) A player under the Replacement Player Rule. replacement player rule

#### Effect

- a) An unreported substitute may be appealed.
- b) The appeal must be brought to the attention of the responsible Umpire while the unreported substitute is in the game.
- c) Once a pitch has been thrown or a play has been made and the unreported substitute has been discovered, the player is declared an ineligible player.
- d) A legal substitute must replace the ineligible player. If the team in violation does not have a legal substitute, the game is forfeited in favor of the non-offending team.
- e) If the unreported substitute is properly appealed while at bat, a legal substitute will assume the ball and strike count.
  - i. All play completed prior to the discovery and successful appeal of an unreported substitute is legal; however, if the unreported substitute bats, reaches base or scores, is then discovered and, a proper appeal is made and upheld before a pitch is thrown to the next batter, or at the end of the game and before the Umpiresumpires leave the field, all runners will return to the base occupied at the time of the pitch and the unreported substitute is called out.
  - ii. Every out made while an unreported substitute is in the game will stand.
- f) If an unreported substitute is discovered on defense and after making a play or if the player is a pitcher and a pitch has been thrown and a proper appeal is made and upheld, the player is declared ineligible and the offensive team has the option of 1) taking the result of the play or 2) having the batter return to bat and assume the batter's ball and strike count prior to the discovery and successful appeal of the unreported substitute. Each runner would return to the base occupied prior to the play or pitch.





#### Effect

- g) After an upheld appeal for an unreported substitute or an illegal re-entry, the original player or their substitute is considered to have left the game.
- h) A substitute that is an illegal re-entry shall be subject to the penalty for the violation involved.
- A substitute that is a declared ineligible player will receive the penalty for that violation.

Rule 3.1.8, 3.1.11 3.2.3 e, 3.2.5 d, and 3.2.8

Illegal re-entry

#### Effect

- 1. This is subject to appeal, which can be made anytime while the illegal re-entered player is in the game and does not have to be made before the next pitch.
- a) The head coach named on the line-up card and the illegal re-entered player are ejected.
- A legal substitute must replace the ejected illegal reentered player before the game can continue.
- c) A new head coach must be named.
- d) If the illegal re-entry is also an unreported substitute, both effects must be applied.
- e) If an illegal re-entry is not appealed and if this results in both the illegal re-entry and the original player remaining in the game with the result that a number of consecutive players in the batting order become illegal re-entries:
  - only the most recent illegal re-entry may be appealed; and if the appeal is successful this player and the head coach named shall be eiected;
  - ii. the Effects for an illegal substitution also apply;
  - iii. a legal substitute must be entered into the game for the ejected player and a new head coach named: and
  - iv. all other illegal re-entries who are not the direct subject of the appeal must return to their original position in the batting order without being considered an illegal re-entry and all plays stand, except as noted.

#### Ineligible Player Rule 3.1.10 c and 3.1.11

Ineligible player returning to the game

#### Effect

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When a declared Ineligible player returns to the game, a forfeit is declared in favor of the non-offending team.

#### 3.4 COACHES

#### 3.4.1 IN GENERAL

- a) A coach or team representative is responsible to notify the Plate Umpire when a change occurs in the line-up.
- b) A coach may not use language that will reflect negatively upon players, Umpires or spectators.
- c) No communication equipment shall be used between:
  - i. a coach on the field;
  - ii. a coach and the dugout;
  - iv. a coach and any player; or
  - v. the spectator area and the field, including the dugout, a coach and a player.
- d) A defensive team coach or manager may be a non-playing coach who remains in the dugout or a playing coach who enters the game as a player.
- e) A playing coach in a game may give direction and assistance to their team during the game.
- f) A coach shall only address their own team members.

#### 3.4.2 HEAD COACH

- a) The head coach is responsible for signing the line-up card.
- b) In the event the head coach is ejected from a game, they will submit to the Plate Umpire the name of the person who is to assume the duties of head coach for the remainder of the game.

#### 3.4.3 BASE COACHES

- a) An offensive team coach (base coach) is a coach of a team who takes their position on the field and within the coach's box while their team is at bat.
- b) Up to two base coaches are allowed to give words of assistance and direction to the members of their team while at bat.
  - Each base coach must remain with both feet within the confines of their coach's box. One must be stationed near first base and one near third base.
  - ii. A base coach may leave the coach's box to avoid a fielder or to signal a runner to slide, advance or return to a base, as long as they do not interfere with play.
- c) While in the coach's box, a base coach may hold a nonelectronic, non-reflective scorebook, pen, pencil and/or an indicator, all of which will be used only for score keeping or





- record keeping purposes.
- d) A Youth age player who coaches in the first and third base coach's boxes and a youth age representative who participates as a bat boy or girl while on the field or in the dugout must wear an approved helmet.

#### **EFFECTS**

Rule 3.4	Violation of Coaches responsibilities.
Effect	A warning must be issued for the first offense. Any subsequent infraction by a manager/coach of the same team must result in the ejection of the head coach.
Rule 3.4.3 e	Failure of Youth age player who coaches in the coach's box to wear a helmet.
Effect	After a warning, for a repeat violation, the Youth player must be ejected.

#### 3.5 TEAM PERSONNEL

#### 3.5.1 IN GENERAL

- a) No team member may dispute any judgment decision by an Umpire.
- b) During a game, a person on the line-up card or otherwise permitted in the dugout must remain inside the designated dugout area, except when these Rules permit or when considered justified by an Umpire. This includes players other than the on-deck batter (who must remain in the on-deck circle) at the start of the game, between innings or when a pitcher is warming up. There shall be no smoking, consumption of alcohol or the use of chewing tobacco in the designated area.
- c) A team member must not:
  - make or permit another person to make or cause to be made a disparaging or insulting remark to or about opposing players, officials or spectators; or
  - commit any act that is deemed to be unsportsmanlike conduct.



EFFECIS	
Rule 3.5.1 a) 3.5.1 b)	Disputing Umpire judgment and dugout conduct
Effect	<ul><li>a) The first offense is a team warning.</li><li>b) A repeat offense will result in the ejection of that team member.</li></ul>
Rule 3.5.1 c)	Unsportsmanlike conduct
Effect	<ul> <li>a) For a first offense, the offender may be warned.  i. If the first offense is serious, the Umpire will eject the offender.  ii. For a second offense the offender is ejected.</li> <li>b) A team member ejected from the game shall go directly to the dressing room for the remainder of the game or leave the grounds.</li> <li>c) Failure of a person ejected to leave the game immediately will warrant a forfeiture of the game.</li> <li>d) An officiating Umpire may report a team member for offensive conduct, language or physical abuse any time after a game has been called, in which case the reported team member will appear before the organization under which the game or tournament is played.</li> </ul>

#### 3.6 UMPIRES

#### 3.6.1 POWER AND DUTIES

The Umpires are the representatives of the league or organization by which they have been assigned to a particular game, and as such, are authorized and required to enforce these Rules. They have the power to order a player, coach, captain or manager to do or omit to do any act that in their judgment is necessary to give force and effect to one or all of these Rules and to impose effects as herein prescribed. The Plate Umpire has the authority to make decisions on any situations not specifically covered in the Rules.

#### 3.6.2 THE PLATE UMPIRE

The Plate Umpire is charged with the following responsibilities:

- a) solely decide on the fitness of the playing field for a game;
- b) take a position behind home plate and behind the catcher;
- have full charge of, and be responsible for, the proper conduct of the game;
- d) call all balls and strikes:





- e) By agreement and in cooperation with the Base Umpire(s), call plays, hit balls, fair or foul, legal or illegal caught balls. On plays that necessitate the Base Umpire leaving the infield, the Plate Umpire shall assume the duties normally required of the Base Umpire in accordance with the relevant Umpire systems.
- f) determine and declare whether
  - i. batter bunts or chops a ball: or
  - ii. a batted ball touches the person or clothing of the batter.
- g) render base decisions when required to do so;
- h) determine when a game is forfeited; and
- i) assume all duties when assigned as a single Umpire to a game.

#### 3.6.3 THE BASE UMPIRE

- a) A Base Umpire will take such positions on the playing field as required in accordance with the relevant Umpire systems.
- b) A Base Umpire will assist the Plate Umpire in every way to enforce these Rules

#### 3.6.4 RESPONSIBILITIES OF A SINGLE UMPIRE

If only one Umpire is assigned, their duties and jurisdiction will extend to all matters under these Rules. The Umpire's starting position for each pitch will be from behind home plate and behind the catcher. On each batted ball or play that develops, the Umpire will move out from behind the plate and into the infield to obtain the best position for any play that develops.

#### 3.6.5 CHANGE OF UMPIRES

An Umpire cannot be changed during a game by the consent of the teams unless they are incapacitated by injury or illness.

#### 3.6.6 UMPIRE'S JUDGMENT

a) There will be no appeal of any decision of any Umpire on the grounds that they were not correct in their conclusion as to whether a batted ball was fair or foul, a runner safe or out, a pitched ball a strike or ball or on any play involving accuracy of judgment. No decision rendered by any Umpire will be reversed, except where the Umpire is convinced it is in violation of one of these Rules. In case the manager, captain or either team seeks a reversal of a decision based solely on a point of the Rules, the Umpire whose decision is in question will if in doubt confer with their associate(s) before taking any action. Only the manager or the captain of a team is legally

- empowered to protest on a decision and seek its reversal on a claim that it is in conflict with these Rules.
- b) Under no circumstances will any Umpire seek to reverse a decision made by their associate(s) or criticize or interfere with the duties of their associate(s), unless asked to do so by them.
- c) The Umpires, in consultation, may rectify any situation in which the reversal of an Umpire's decision or a delayed call by an Umpire places a batter-runner or runner in jeopardy or places the defensive team at a disadvantage. This correction is not possible after one legal, or illegal, pitch has been thrown, or if all players on the defensive team have abandoned fair territory.

#### 3.6.7 SUSPENSION OF PLAY

- a) Umpires will suspend play when, in their judgment, conditions justify such action.
- b) Play will be suspended when the Plate Umpire leaves their position to brush the plate or to perform other duties not directly connected with the calling of plays.
- c) The Umpire will suspend play whenever a batter or pitcher steps out of position for a legitimate reason.
- d) An Umpire will not call "TIME" after the pitcher has started the windup.
- e) An Umpire will not call "TIME" while any play is in progress.
- f) In case of injury, except in the Umpires' judgment with a serious injury (which may put the player in danger), "TIME" will not be called until all plays in progress have been completed or runners have been held at their base.
- g) Umpires will not suspend play at the request of a player, coach or manager until all action in progress by both teams has been completed or runners have been held at their base.
- h) When the ball is held by a player in the infield and in the opinion of an umpire all immediate play is apparently completed, TIME should be called.

#### **EFFECT**

Rule 3.6.7	Suspension of Play. Time called due to a serious injury putting a player in danger.
Effect	In the case of injury, when "TIME" is called, the ball is dead, and runner(s) may be awarded a base or bases that they would have made, in the Umpire's judgment, had the injury not occurred.





#### 3.7 SCORERS/SCOREKEEPERS

#### 3.7.1 RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE OFFICIAL SCORER

The official scorer/scorekeeper will:

- a) prepare or cause to be prepared and keep records of a game as provided for in these Rules;
- b) be the sole authority for all scoring decisions involving iudament:
- c) determine whether a batter's advance to first base is the result of a hit or error; and
- d) not make a scoring decision that is inconsistent or in conflict with these rules or an Umpire's decision.

## 4. PITCHING

#### 4.1 **DEFINITIONS**

#### 4.1.1 CHARGED DEFENSIVE CONFERENCE

When an Umpire grants a suspension of play to the defensive team to allow:

- a) A defensive team representative to enter the playing field to communicate with any fielder; or
- b) A fielder to go to the dugout and gives the Umpire reason to believe that instructions were received.

#### 4.1.2 ILLEGAL PITCHER

A player legally in the game but who may not pitch as a result of being removed from the pitching position by the Umpire.

#### 4.1.3 PITCH

When the pitcher delivers the ball to the batter.

#### 4.1.4 PIVOT FOOT

The foot with which the pitcher pushes off the pitcher's plate.

#### 4.1.5 QUICK RETURN PITCH

A pitch made with the obvious attempt to catch the batter unprepared for the pitch before the batter takes a desired position in the batter's box or while off balance as a result of the previous pitch.

#### 4.2 DEFENSIVE CONFERENCE

#### 4.2.1 CHARGED DEFENSIVE CONFERENCE

- a) A defensive team has only three (3) charged defensive conferences in a seven-inning game.
- b) Charged defensive conferences are accumulative and do not start over when a new pitcher enters the game.
- c) Charged defensive conferences not taken in the seven innings do not carry forward to extra-inning games.
- d) There is only one charged defensive conference for every extra inning in an extra-innings game. A charged defensive conference not taken in an extra inning of a game may be carried over to any subsequent extra inning.
- e) A charged defensive conference ends when the defensive team member crosses the foul line returning to the dugout or a fielder returns to the field.
- f) A conference includes players in the field leaving their position and going to the dugout for instructions, regardless of whether or not 'TIME' has been requested.

#### **EFFECT**

Rule 4.2.1 a	Excessive Defensive Conferences.
Effect	For the fourth and each additional charged defensive conference in a seven-inning game or for any charged defensive conference in excess of one per inning in an extra-inning game, the pitcher in the game during the conference is declared an illegal pitcher who may not pitch again for the remainder of the game but may play another fielding position.

#### 4.2.2 WHAT IS NOT A CHARGED DEFENSIVE CONFERENCE

A conference is not a charged defensive conference when:

- a) a manager, coach or defensive team member reports a pitching change to the plate Umpire before or after communicating with the pitcher;
- a manager or coach reports from the dugout a <u>substitution</u> to the Umpire and after making the substitution then crosses the foul line to talk to the pitcher or any fielder;



- ٧,
- c) one or more defensive team members and at least one fielder confer during a charged offensive conference as long as all fielders are in position and ready to resume play when the offense is ready;
- d) instructions are communicated from the dugout;
- e) a manager/coach playing in the game confers with a fielder. The Umpire may control the meetings between the playing manager/coach and a pitcher by issuing a warning and if it continues, ejecting the playing manager/coach; or
- f) an Umpire has suspended play.

#### 4.3 LEGAL PITCH REQUIRMENTS

#### 4.3.1 WARM-UP PITCHES

- a) At the beginning of each half inning, or when a pitcher relieves another, not more than one minute may be used to deliver not more than three pitches to the catcher or other team member. EXCEPTION: This does not apply if the umpire delays the start, or resumption, of play due to substitutions, conference, injuries, etc.
- b) Play shall be suspended during this time.
- c) A pitcher returning to pitch in the same half inning shall not be entitled to warm up pitches.
- d) There shall be no limit to the number of times a player can return to the pitching position provided they have not
  - 1. Left the batting order
  - 2. Been declared an Illegal Pitcher by the umpire.

#### 4.3.2 FOREIGN SUBSTANCE

- a) No member of the defensive team shall, at any time during the game, be permitted to use any foreign substance on the ball.
- b) Under the supervision and control of the umpire a powdered resin bag may be used to dry the hands. Resin must be kept on the ground behind the pitcher's plate when not in use. <u>During inclement weather or wet field conditions, the resin bag may be placed in the pitcher's back pocket.</u>
- c) Approved manufactured cloths that are embedded with resin only are permitted to dry the hands and must be kept in the back pocket or in the belt.
- d) Applying resin to the ball, or into the glove and then placing the ball in the glove is an illegal act.

- e) The pitcher may not use any foreign substance on the pitching hand or fingers.
- f) The pitcher shall not wear a glove on the pitching hand.

#### 4.3.3 DEFENSIVE POSITIONING

- a) The pitcher shall not deliver a pitch unless all defensive players, except for the catcher who must be in the catcher's box, are positioned in fair territory.
- b) A fielder shall not take a position in the batter's line of vision or, with deliberate unsportsmanlike intent, act in a manner to distract the batter.

#### 4.3.4 THE CATCHER

- Must remain within the catcher's box until the pitched ball is batted, touches the ground, plate, or batter or reaches the catcher's box.
- b) shall return the ball directly to the pitcher after each pitch, including after a foul ball.
  - **EXCEPTION:** This does not apply after a strikeout or put out by the catcher.

#### 4.3.5 PRELIMINARIES TO DELIVERING THE PITCH

Before commencing the delivery of the pitch, the pitcher

- a) Shall not be considered in the pitching position unless the catcher is in position to receive the pitch.
- b) Must take a position with both feet firmly on the ground and with one or both feet in contact with the pitcher's plate. The front of the body must face the batter.
- c) Must come to a full and complete stop with the ball held in one or both hands in front of the body. Prior to the required stop, any motion may be used. This position must be held for not less than one second and not more than ten seconds before starting the delivery.

#### 4.3.6 STARTING THE PITCH

The pitch starts when the pitcher makes any motion that is part of their windup after the required stop.

#### 4.3.7 LEGAL DELIVERY

a) The pitcher must not make any motion to pitch without immediately delivering the ball to the batter.





- b) The windup must be a continuous motion.
- c) The pitcher must not use a wind up that in which there is a stop or reversal of the forward motion.
- d) The pitcher must deliver the ball toward home plate on the first forward swing of the pitching arm past the hip with an underhanded motion.
- e) The pitcher shall not pitch the ball
  - 1. Behind the back, or
  - 2. Through the legs, or
  - 3. From the glove.
- f) The pivot foot must remain in contact with the pitcher's plate until the pitched ball leaves the hand. If a step is taken, it can be forward, backward, or to the side, provided the step is simultaneous with the release of the ball and the pivot foot is still in contact with the pitcher's plate.
- g) The pitch shall be released at a moderate speed. The speed is left entirely up to the judgment of the umpire.
- h) The pitcher must not continue to windup after the ball is released.
- i) The ball must be delivered with a perceptible arc of at least 1.83m (6 ft.) and not more than 3.65m (12 ft.) from the ground.
- j) The pitcher has 10 seconds to release the next pitch after receiving the ball, or after the umpire indicates "PLAY BALL".

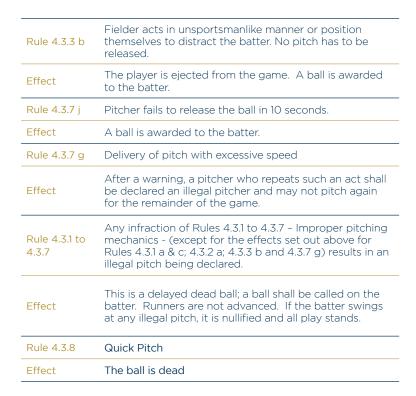
#### 4.3.8 QUICK PITCH

The pitcher shall not attempt a quick return of the ball

- a) Before the batter has taken their position, or
- b) When the batter is off balance as a result of a pitch.

#### **EFFECTS** (4.3.1 to 4.3.8)

Rule 4.3.1 a	Excessive warm up pitches (more than three 3)
Effect	A ball is awarded to the batter for each excessive pitch
Rule 4.3.1 c	Returning pitcher in the same inning takes warm-up pitches
Effect	A ball shall be awarded to the batter for each pitch taken
Rule 4.3.2	Foreign substance on the ball
Effect	If any defensive player continues to place a foreign substance on the ball, the pitcher shall be ejected from the game.



#### 4.4 NO PITCH

A no pitch occurs, a dead ball is declared and all subsequent action on that pitch is cancelled by an Umpire when:

- a) the pitcher pitches during a suspension of play;
- a runner is called out for leaving a base before the pitched ball reaches home plate, or is batted or touches the ground before home plate:
- c) the pitcher starts the pitch before a runner has retouched the base after a foul ball has been declared; or
- d) The ball slips from the pitcher's hand during their windup or during the back swing.
- e) a manager, coach or player calls or asks for "TIME", uses any other word or phrase or commits any other act while the ball is live and in play for the obvious purpose of trying to make the pitcher commit an illegal pitch.



4.



#### **EFFECT**

Illegal Pitcher - Declared illegal pitcher returning to the Rule 4.84 e pitching position and has thrown one pitch, either legal or illegal. Attempt to cause an illegal pitch Effect A warning shall be issued to the offending team. Any repeat of this type of act by any member of the warned team shall result in the offender being ejected from the game. The ball is dead and all subsequent action on that pitch is cancelled.

#### **ILLEGAL PITCHER** 4.5

A pitcher who has been declared as an illegal pitcher, as a result of the team exceeding the charged defensive conference limit, for pitching with excessive speed, or having been removed from the pitching position by the umpire for repeatedly violating the pitching rule, may not return to the pitching position at any time for the remainder of the game. The illegal pitcher may play another defensive position and continue on offense for the remainder of the game.

EFFECT	
Rule 4.5	Illegal Pitcher - Declared illegal pitcher returning to the pitching position and has thrown one pitch, either legal or illegal.
Effect	<ul> <li>a) The illegal pitcher is ejected.</li> <li>b) If the illegal pitcher is discovered prior to the next pitch the manager of the offensive team has the option of: <ol> <li>Taking the result of the play, or</li> <li>Having the play nullified, with the batter returning to bat and assuming the ball and strike count held prior to the discovery of the Illegal Pitcher, and</li> <li>Each runner returning to the base held at the time of the pitch.</li> <li>A pitch is not a play</li> </ol> </li></ul>

# **BATTING AND BASE RUNNING**

#### **DEFINITIONS** 5.1

#### BASE ON BALLS OR WALK 5.1.1

When the Plate Umpire judges four pitches to be balls, including illegal pitches. The batter is awarded a base or bases. The ball is dead.

#### 5.1.2 BASE PATH

The direct line between a base and the runner's position at the time a defensive player is attempting (or about to attempt) to tag a runner.

#### **BATTED BALL** 5.1.3

Any ball that hits the bat or is hit by the bat and lands in fair or foul territory. No intention to hit the ball is necessary.

#### 5.1.4 BATTER

An offensive player who enters the batter's box with the intention of aiding their team to score runs. They continue to be a batter until they are declared out by the Umpire or become a batter-runner.

#### BATTER-RUNNER

A player who has finished a turn at bat but has not yet been put out or reached first base.

#### **BATTING ORDER** 5.1.6

The official listing of offensive players in the line-up in the order in which members of that team must come to bat.

#### 5.1.7 BLOCKED BALL

A blocked ball is a batted, thrown or pitched ball:

- a) that becomes lodged in the fencing;
- b) that is touched, stopped or handled by a person not engaged in the game:
- c) that touches any object that is not part of the official equipment or playing territory; or
- d) that is touched by a defensive player who is in contact with the ground not part of the playing territory (the lines are considered part of the playing area); or





e) A thrown ball touching a base coach accidentally (in or out of the coaches box) is not a blocked ball and remains in play.

#### 5.1.8 BUNT

A batted ball not swung at but intentionally met with the bat and tapped slowly within the playing field. Bunting is not allowed.

#### 5.1.9 CATCH

When a fielder catches a batted or thrown ball with their hand(s), glove or mitt.

- a) In establishing a legal catch, the fielder must hold the ball long enough to prove that the ball is securely held and/or that the release of the ball is voluntary and intentional. It is a valid catch if the player drops the ball after reaching into the glove to remove it or while in the act of throwing.
- b) If the ball is merely held in the fielder's arm(s) or prevented from dropping to the ground by some part of the fielder's body, equipment or clothing, the catch is not completed until the ball is in the grasp of the fielder's hand(s), glove or mitt.
- c) In order to have a legal catch, the fielder's feet must be within the field of play, touching the dead ball line or being in the air after leaving live ball territory. If the player has control of the ball when returning to the ground in 'dead ball' territory, it is a legal catch. A player who is in the dead ball territory and returns to the live ball territory must have both feet touching the playable territory prior to touching the ball in order to have a valid catch. It is a legal catch and the ball is live, when a fielder controls the ball in their hand(s), glove or mitt while standing on a collapsed flexible fence.
- d) It is not a catch if a fielder (while gaining control) collides with another player, an Umpire or a fence, or falls to the ground and drops the ball as a result of the collision or falling to the ground.
- e) A batted ball striking anything other than a defensive player while it is in flight is ruled the same as if it struck the ground.

#### 5.1.10 CHARGED OFFENSIVE CONFERENCE

When the offensive team requests a suspension of play or delays play to allow the manager, or other team representative, to confer with any member of their team. This includes the batter, runner, on-deck batter and the coaches among themselves.

#### 5.1.11 CHOPPED BALL

A hit ball where the better strikes downward on the ball with a chopping motion of the bat so that the ball bounces high into the air. Chopping the ball is not allowed.



#### 5.1.12 DEAD BALL

A ball not in play and no further play can occur.

#### 5.1.13 DELAYED DEAD BALL

A game situation in which the ball remains live until the conclusion of a play; when the entire play is completed, and if required, an Umpire will rule a dead ball and enforce the appropriate ruling.

#### 5.1.14 DETACHED EQUIPMENT OR UNIFORM

When a fielder intentionally contacts or catches a fair batted, thrown or pitched ball with their cap, helmet, mask, protector, pocket, detached glove or mitt or any part of their uniform that is detached from its proper place on their person.

#### 5.1.15 DISLODGED BASE

A base displaced from its proper position.

#### 5.1.16 DOUBLE PLAY

A play by the defense in which two offensive players are legally put out as a result of continuous action.

#### 5.1.17 FAIR BALL

A legally batted live ball:

- a) that settles or is touched on or over fair territory between home and first base or between home and third base;
- b) that bounds past first or third base on or over fair territory, regardless of where the ball hits after going over the base;
- c) that touches first, second or third base;
- d) that touches the person or clothing of an umpire or player while over fair territory;
- e) that first falls on fair territory beyond first and third base;
- f) that passes out of the playing field beyond the outfield fence while over fair territory;
- g) that hits the foul line pole while in flight; or
- h) that is judged a fair fly according to the relative position of the ball and foul line, including the foul pole, and not as to whether



the fielder is on fair or foul territory at the time of touching the ball. It does not matter whether the ball first touches fair or foul territory, as long as it does not touch anything foreign to the natural ground in foul territory and complies with all other aspects of a fair ball. The position of the ball at the time of interference determines whether the ball is fair or foul, regardless if the ball rolls untouched to foul or fair territory.

#### **5.1.18 FAKE TAG**

A form of obstruction where a fielder not in possession of the ball impedes the progress of a runner who is advancing or returning to a base. The runner does not have to stop or slide; merely slowing down when a fake tag is simulated constitutes obstruction.

#### 5.1.19 FLY BALL

A ball batted into the air.

#### 5.1.20 FORCE OUT

When a runner loses the right to the base that they are occupying because the batter becomes a batter-runner and before the batter-runner or a succeeding runner has been put out. On an appeal play the force out is determined by the force situation at the time the appeal is made; not at the time of the infraction. If the force has been broken by an out of a succeeding runner prior to the appeal then this is no longer a force out. If a forced runner, after touching the next base, retreats for any reason toward the base they last occupied, the force play is reinstated.

#### 5.1.21 FOUL BALL

A legally batted ball that:

- a) settles on foul territory between home and first base or between home and third base;
- b) bounds past first or third on or over foul territory;
- c) first touches on foul territory beyond first or third base:
- d) touches the person, attached or detached equipment or clothing of an umpire or player, or any object foreign to the natural ground, while on or over foul territory;
- e) touches the batter or the bat in the batter's hand(s) a second time while the batter is within the batter's box;
- f) goes directly from the bat, not higher than the batter's head, to any part of the catcher's body or equipment and is caught by another fielder;

- g) hits the pitcher's plate and rolls untouched to foul territory before reaching first or third base.\:
- h) is judged a foul ball, judged according to the relative position of the ball and the foul line, including the foul pole, and not as to whether the fielder is on fair or foul territory at the time of touching the ball. The position of the ball at the time of interference determines whether the ball is fair or foul, regardless if the ball rolls untouched to foul or fair territory.

#### 5.1.22 FOUL TIP

- a) A batted ball that:
  - i. goes directly from the bat to the catcher's hands or glove;
  - ii. goes no higher than the batter's head; and
  - iii. is legally caught by the catcher.
- any foul tip that is caught is a strike and is dead.
   It is not a catch if it is a rebound unless the ball first touched the catcher's hand(s), glove or mitt.

#### 5.1.23 ILLEGALLY BATTED BALL

When the batter contacts the ball:

- a) while one foot is completely out of the batter's box and on the ground, when they make contact with the ball;
- b) while any part of the batter's foot is touching home plate, when they make contact with the ball:
- while contacting the ball with an illegal, non-approved, or altered bat; or
- d) after they step with either foot entirely out of the batter's box, and then return and make contact with the ball while within the batter's box.

#### 5.1.24 ILLEGALLY CAUGHT BALL

When a fielder catches a batted, thrown or pitched ball with their cap, mask, glove or or mitt or any part of their uniform while that item is detached from its proper place.

#### 5.1.25 IN FLIGHT

Any batted, thrown or pitched ball that has not yet touched the ground or some object other than a fielder.

#### 5.1.26 INFIELD FLY

A fair fly ball (not including a line drive) that can be caught by an infielder with ordinary effort when first and second, or first, second





and third bases are occupied, before two outs. The pitcher, catcher and any outfielder who positions themselves in the infield on the play will be considered infielders for the purpose of this rule.

#### 5.1.27 IN JEOPARDY

When the ball is in play, and the offensive player may be put out.

#### 5.1.28 INTENTIONAL BASE ON BALLS OR INTENTIONAL WALK

When the defensive team requests to place the batter on first base without pitching four balls. The ball is dead.

#### 5.1.29 INTENTIONALLY DROPPED FLY BALL

A fair fly ball, including a line drive with less than two outs and a runner on first base that can be caught by an infielder with ordinary effort, and the infielder intentionally drops the ball after it is controlled with a hand, glove or mitt. A trapped ball or a fly ball that is allowed to bounce is not considered as having been intentionally dropped. If an infield fly is ruled, it has precedence over an intentionally dropped ball.

#### 5.1.30 INTERFERENCE

The act of:

- a) an offensive player or team member who impedes, hinders or confuses a defensive player attempting to execute a play,
- b) an umpire who impedes a catcher's attempt to throw out a runner who is off the base
- c) an Umpire or runner being hit with a fair untouched batted ball:
  - i. prior to touching a infielder, including the pitcher;
  - ii. prior to it passing an infielder, other than the pitcher; or
  - iii. after passing a fielder, excluding the pitcher, and in the Umpire's judgment another fielder had a chance to make an out;
- d) a spectator who <u>enters or</u> reaches into the playing field and impedes a fielder playing the ball or makes contact with the ball that a fielder is attempting a play on.

#### 5.1.31 LINE DRIVE

A ball in flight that is batted sharply and directly into the playing field.

#### 5.1.32 OBSTRUCTION

The act of:

a) a defensive player or team member who hinders or prevents a

batter from striking at or hitting a pitched ball;

- b) a fielder who impedes the progress of a batter-runner or runner who is legally running bases while:
  - 1) not in possession of the ball;
  - 2) not in the act of fielding a batted ball;
  - 3) making a fake tag without the ball;
  - in possession of the ball and who pushes a runner off a base;
     or
  - 5) in possession of the ball, but not in the act of making a play on the batter-runner or runner.

#### 5.1.33 ON-DECK BATTER

The offensive player whose name follows the name of the batter in the batting order.

#### 5.1.34 OPTION PLAY

A play in which the offensive manager /coach is given the choice of taking the enforcement of the illegal action or the result of the play. Such option plays are:

- i. catcher obstruction;
- ii. use of an illegal glove or mitt;
- iii. an illegal substitution;
- iv. an illegal pitcher returned to game and pitching;
- v. a female batter on a two-out walk (Co-ed Only).
- vi. the delivery of the wrong size ball to the batter (Co-ed Only)

#### 5.1.35 OVER-SLIDE

When a batter-runner or a runner slides past and loses touch with a base that they are attempting to reach, which causes them to be in jeopardy. A batter-runner may over-slide first base without being in jeopardy provided they immediately return to first base.

#### 5.1.36 OVERTHROW

When a ball is thrown from one fielder to another and the ball goes beyond the boundary lines of the playing field or becomes a blocked ball.

#### 5.1.37 PLAY

After a pitch and when the ball is live:

- a) a batter hits the pitch and runs to first base; or
- b) the defensive teams attempts to put out a batter-runner or runner.





#### 5.1.38 RUNNER

A player of the team at bat who has finished a turn at bat, has reached first base, and has not yet been put out.

#### 5.1.39 STEALING

Stealing is the prohibited act of a runner attempting to advance during or after a pitch to the batter. Runners may not attempt to advance when a pitched ball is not batted.

#### 5.1.40 STRIKE ZONE

The space over any part of home plate between the batter's back shoulder and the knees when the batter assumes their natural batting stance.

#### 5.1.41 TAG

A tag is the action of a fielder in touching:

- a) a batter-runner or runner who is not in contact with a base, with the ball securely held in their hand(s) or glove. The ball is not considered as having been securely held if it is juggled or dropped by the fielder after tagging the batter-runner or runner, unless that player deliberately knocks the ball from the hand(s) or glove of the fielder. The runner must be tagged with the hand(s) or glove with which the ball is held; or
- b) a base with the ball securely held in their hand(s) or glove. The base may be touched with any part of the body to be a legal tag, (e.g., the fielder could touch the base with a foot, with a hand, sit on the base, etc.) This would apply to any force out or appeal situation.

#### 5.1.42 TAGGING UP

The action of a runner returning to their base, or remaining on their base, before they legally advance on a batted fly ball that is first touched by a fielder.

#### 5.1.43 THROW

The act of one fielder throwing the ball to another fielder.

#### 5.1.44 TRAPPED BALL

- a) A legally batted fly ball or line drive that hits the ground or a fence prior to being caught.
- b) A legally batted fly ball that is caught against a fence with the

- glove, mitt or hand.
- c) A thrown ball to any base for a force out that is covered with the glove or mitt over the ball on the ground rather than under the ball.



#### 5.1.45 TRIPLE PLAY

A continuous action play by the defense in which three offensive players are put out.

#### **5.1.46 TURN AT BAT**

Begins when a player first enters the batter's box and continues until the batter is out or becomes a batter-runner.

#### 5.1.47 WILD THROW

A throw in which the ball thrown from one fielder to another cannot be caught or controlled and remains in play.

#### 5.2 CHARGED OFFENSIVE CONFERENCE

- a) It is not a charged conference when a pitcher is putting on a warm-up jacket while on base or when the offense confers while the defensive team is in conference or the game is suspended, provided that the offense is ready to play when the defense is ready, or the Umpire restarts the game.
- b) Only one charged conference per inning is permitted. This includes batter, runner, on-deck batter and the coaches amongst themselves.

#### **EFFECT**

Rule 5.2 b	Second Charged Conference
Effect	Ejection of the coach or manager insisting on the second charged conference.

#### 5.3 ON-DECK BATTER

- a) At the start of an inning, this is the lead-off batter who must remain in the on-deck circle until called to the batter's box.
- b) Once an inning has started, this is the offensive player who, in the batting line-up, is the next player to enter the batter's box.
- c) The on-deck batter:
- may take a position within either on-deck circle so that they

5.



are behind the batter and not on the batter's open side. The lead-off batter in each half inning must use the on-deck circle closest to their own dugout;

- ii. if a youth player, must wear an approved helmet;
- iii. may loosen up with no more than two official softball bats, an approved warm-up bat or a combination not to exceed two. A bat with which the on-deck batter is loosening up may not have anything attached to it other than a WBSC approved bat attachment;
- iv. may leave the on-deck circle:
  - 1. when they become the batter;
  - 2. to direct runners advancing from third to home plate; or
  - 3. to avoid possible interference on a fly ball or thrown ball.
- v. Must not interfere with a defensive player's opportunity to make a play.

#### **FFFFCTS**

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Rule 5.3 c) ii	Failure to wear a helmet when ordered to do so.
Effect	After a warning, the player will be ejected.
Rule 5.3 c) iii	Illegal warm-up equipment.
Effect	Illegal warm up equipment will be removed from the game. Continued use of the equipment after removal will result in the player using such equipment being ejected from the game.
Rule 5.3 v)	Interferes with defensive player opportunity to make a play
Effect	<ol> <li>The ball is dead and if the interference is:</li> <li>with a defensive player's attempt to retire a runner:         <ul> <li>the runner closest to home plate at the time of the interference is out; and</li> <li>other runners return to the base last touched at the time of the interference unless forced to advance because the batter-runner became a runner;</li> </ul> </li> <li>with a defensive player attempting to catch a fly ball, or with a fly ball that a fielder is attempting to catch;         <ul> <li>the batter-runner shall be called out, and</li> <li>runners are returned to the base held at the time of the pitch.</li> </ul> </li> </ol>

#### 5.4 BATTING

#### 5.4.1 BATTING ORDER

- a) The batting order must be followed throughout the game, unless a player is replaced by a substitute who takes the place of the player they replace in the batting order.
- b) The batting order shall alternate the sexes (Co-ed)
- c) The first batter in each inning must be the batter whose name follows that of the last batter who completed a turn at bat in the preceding inning.
- d) When the third out in an inning is made before the batter has completed their turn at bat that batter must be the first batter in the next inning. The ball and strike count is canceled.
- e) A player bats out of order when they fail to bat in the proper sequence as listed on the line-up card.

#### EFFECT

#### Rule 5.4.1 Batting out of order

#### Effect

This is an appeal play that may be made by the manager, coach, or player of the defensive team only. The defensive team forfeits its right to appeal for batting-out-of-order when all fielders have clearly vacated their normal fielding positions and have left fair territory on their way to the bench or dugout.

- a) When the error is discovered while the incorrect batter is at bat the correct batter may legally take their place and assume the ball and strike count of the incorrect batter.
- b) When the error is discovered after the incorrect batter has completed their turn at bat and before a legal or illegal pitch has been made to another batter:
  - i. the player who should have batted is out;
  - any advance or score made as a result of the improper batter becoming a batter-runner will be nullified. Any out that is made prior to discovering this infraction remains out.
  - iii. the next batter is the player whose name follows that of the player called out for failing to bat. If the next player was the incorrect batter who was called out, go to the next person in the line-up;
  - iv. if the player who was the improper batter was called out, their turn at bat shall not take place in the same inning, unless all other batters in the batting order have completed their turn at bat. If their turn at bat occurs before this occurs, go to the next batter;





#### Effect

- v. if the batter declared out under these circumstances is the third out, the correct batter in the next inning will be the player who would have come to bat had the player been put out by ordinary play.
- vi. if the third out is made on a runner prior to the discovery of the infraction, an appeal may still be made in order to reinstate the correct batting order. This appeal, if made, does not result in an additional out.
- c) If the error is discovered after the first legal or illegal pitch to the next batter:
  - i. the turn at bat of the incorrect batter is legal;
  - ii. all runs scored and bases run are legal;
  - iii. the next batter in order will be the one whose name follows that of the incorrect batter;
  - iv. no one is called out for failure to bat;
  - players who have not batted and who have not been called out have lost their turn at bat until reached again in the regular order.
- d) No runner will be removed from the base they are occupying to bat in their proper place. They merely miss their turn at bat with no penalty. The batter following in the batting order becomes the legal batter. This does not apply to a batter-runner who has been taken off the base by the Umpire.

#### 5.4.2 BATTING REQUIREMENTS

- a) A youth batter must wear an approved helmet.
- b) A batter must take their position in the batter's box within 10 seconds after the Plate Umpire declares "PLAY BALL."
- c) No person may erase the batter's box lines at any time in the pre-game meeting or during a game.
- d) The batter must have both feet completely within the batter's box prior to the start of the pitch. The batter's feet may touch the lines, but no part of a foot may be outside the lines prior to the pitch.
- e) After the batter first enters the batter's box, they must keep at least one foot entirely inside the batter's box between pitches, unless:
  - i. after a ball that is hit fair or foul;
  - ii. a swing or an attempted swing that includes a slap or checked swing and the momentum of the swing or attempted swing carries the batter out of the batter's box;
  - iii. forced out of the box by a pitch;

- iv. "TIME" is called:
- v. the pitcher leaves the pitcher's area or the catcher leaves the catcher's box; or
- vi. with a three-ball count the umpire calls a "STRIKE" and the batter thinks the pitch was a ball.

#### 5.4.3 BALLS AND STRIKES

Each legally pitched ball that is not hit by the batter is called a ball or a strike by the Plate Umpire.

- a) A ball is called and the ball is dead:
  - when a batter does not swing at a pitched ball that does not enter the strike zone, touches the home plate or touches the ground before reaching the home plate;
  - ii. when the batter swings at a pitched ball after the ball hits the ground or home plate:
  - iii. when the catcher fails to return the ball directly to the pitcher as required; or
  - iv. when the pitcher fails to pitch the ball within 10 seconds:
  - v. for each illegally pitched ball not swung at the batter;
  - vi. when a delivered ball hits the batter outside of the strike zone:
  - vii when at any time a defensive player erases the lines of a batter's box, a ball will be called on the offensive team batter currently at bat or the next scheduled offensive team batter. A pitch does not have to be thrown.
- b) A strike is called, the ball is dead and runners must return to their bases without liability to be put out but need not touch intervening bases:
  - i. when any part of a pitched ball enters the strike zone before touching the ground and the batter does not swing.
  - ii. for each pitched ball, including an illegal pitch, struck at and missed by the batter. The batter cannot legally swing at any pitched ball that hits the ground or plate. However, if the batter swings and misses the pitched ball prior to the ball hitting the ground or plate, it is a strike, or
  - iii. for each foul tip. The batter is out if it is a third strike.
  - iv. when a pitched ball hits the batter while the ball is in the strike zone;
  - v. for each pitched ball swung at and missed which touches any part of the batter;
  - vi. For each foul ball, including the third strike.





- vii. when any part of the batter's person or clothing is hit with a batted ball while they are in the batter's box and they have less than two strikes:
- viii. when the batter fails to enter the batter's box within 10 seconds after the Umpire calls "PLAY BALLI." A pitch does not have to be thrown:
- ix. when an offensive team member deliberately erases the lines of the batter's box.
  - If a batter erases the lines, the Umpire will call a strike. A
    pitch does not have to be thrown;
  - 2. When the coach or non-playing team member erases the lines, a strike will be called on the next scheduled batter (or their substitute) in the line-up. A pitch does not have to be thrown:
  - Should any person continue to deliberately erase a line after a first offense, that person will be ejected from the game.
- x. when the batter steps out of the batter's box with both feet and delays the game and none of the exceptions apply. A pitch does not have to be thrown.

#### 5.4.4 THE BATTER IS OUT

- a) and the ball is declared dead and runner must return to the base that was occupied at the time of the pitch but need not touch the intervening bases when the batter:
  - i. swings for a third strike and misses and the ball touches any part of the batter's person or not swung at and the pitched ball hits the batter while the pitch is in the strike zone:
  - ii. a youth player fails to wear a batting helmet when ordered to do so by the Umpire;
  - iii. enters the batter's box with or is discovered using an altered bat or an illegal bat. In this case, the bat is removed from the game. If the bat is altered the batter is ejected from the game;
  - iv. foot completely outside the lines of the batter's box and touching the ground or any part of the foot is touching home plate when they make contact with the ball:
  - v. leaves the box to gain a running start but has returned to the box when they make contact with the ball. If no contact is made, there is no penalty;
  - vi. when they bunt or chop the ball;

- vii. steps directly in front of the catcher to the other batter's box while the pitcher is in a position to pitch or any time prior to the release of the pitch; or
- viii. hits a fair ball with a bat a second time over fair territory unless:
  - 1. they are standing in the batter's box and contact is made while the bat is in their hands. A foul ball is ruled; or
  - they drop the bat and the ball rolls against the bat over fair territory, and, in the umpire's judgment there was no intention to interfere with the course of the ball. The ball should be ruled fair or foul depending on where it comes to rest or is first touched by a player;
- ix. When a third strike is called, including an uncaught foul ball that is hit after two strikes.
- b) and the ball is declared dead and a runner must return to the last base that, in the Umpire's judgment, was touched at the time of the interference when the batter:
  - hinders the catcher from catching or throwing the ball by stepping out of the batter's box;
  - ii. intentionally hinders the catcher while standing within the batter's box: or
  - iii intentionally interferes with a thrown ball while in or out of the batter's box.

#### 5.5 BATTER-RUNNER

#### 5.5.1 THE BATTER BECOMES THE BATTER-RUNNER

- a) when they legally hit a fair or foul ball. The ball is live on a fair ball or on a caught foul fly ball. The ball is dead on a grounded foul ball.
- b) must advance to and touch first base:
  - i. when four balls are called by the plate Umpire and the ball is dead or
  - when the defensive team elects to intentionally walk a batter by any one of the pitcher, catcher or head coach notifying the Plate Umpire
    - The notification to the Plate Umpire will be considered a pitch. The notification can occur at any time prior to the batter beginning and completing their turn at bat, regardless of the count.
    - 2) If two batters are to be walked intentionally, the second



M,

- intentional walk may not be administered until the first batter-runner reaches first base. If the Umpire mistakenly allows two walks at one time and the first batter fails to touch first base, no appeal for missing first base will be honored on the first batter.
- 3) In Co-ed, any walk to a male batter, intentional or otherwise, will result in a two base award. The female batter will bat, except if there are two out, the female batter has the option to walk or bat. Once the batter enters batter's box, or reaches first base, the option is considered to have been selected and cannot be changed. Should the female batter-runner pass a male batter-runner when choosing to walk, no out shall be called during this dead ball period.
- 4) The ball is dead and runners cannot advance unless forced
- when the catcher or any other defensive player obstructs, hinders or prevents the batter from striking at or hitting a pitched ball.
- d) when a fair untouched batted ball strikes the person, attached equipment or clothing of the Umpire or a runner.
- e) a home run is declared in the following circumstances when a fair batted fly ball:
  - i. goes over the fence over fair territory;
  - goes directly off the fielder's glove or body and over the fence in fair territory, or makes contact with the top of the fence and goes over the fence in fair territory;
  - iii. contacts the foul pole above the fence line; or
  - iv. is contacted by a fielder, who is in dead ball territory and the ball, in the judgment of the umpire, would have gone over the fence in fair territory.

It is not a home run if:

- the fair batted ball passes out of the grounds at a
  distance less than those prescribed in Rule 2, Appendix
  1A (Official Dimensions of the Playing Field) and
  Appendix 1f (Quick Reference table) which should be
  marked for the Umpire's guidance;
- 2. a fair batted fly ball goes off a fielder's glove or body and over the fence in foul territory;
- 3. a fair batted ball first contacts the fence, deflects off a fielder and then goes over the fence; or

- a fair batted ball is contacted by a fielder, who is in dead ball territory and in the judgment of the Umpire, the ball would not have gone over the fence in fair ball territory.
- f) when any person, other than a team member enters into the playing field and interferes with:
  - i. a fair batted ground ball;
  - ii. a fielder about to field batted fly ball or a thrown ball;
  - iii. a fielder about to throw a ball; or
  - iv. a ball thrown by a fielder.

#### EFFECTS

Rule 5.5.1c	A defensive player prevents the batter from striking at or hitting a pitched ball.
Effect	<ol> <li>The Umpire will give a delayed dead ball signal with the ball remaining live until the end of the play.</li> <li>The manager of the offensive team has the option of: taking the award for the obstruction, or taking the result of the play.</li> <li>If the batter hits the ball and reaches first base safely, and if all other runners have advanced at least one base on the batted ball, the obstruction is canceled. Once a runner has passed a base, even if they miss it, they are considered to have reached that base. All action as a result of the batted ball stands. No option is given.</li> <li>If the manager does not take the result of the play, catcher obstruction is enforced by awarding the batter first base and advancing all other runners only, if forced.</li> </ol>
Rule 5.5.1d	A fair untouched batted ball striking the person, attached equipment, or clothing of the Umpire or a runner.
Effect	<ol> <li>After touching a fielder (including the pitcher), the ball is in play.</li> <li>After passing a fielder, other than the pitcher and no other fielder had a chance to make an out, the ball is in play.</li> <li>Before passing a fielder, excluding the pitcher, without being touched the ball is dead.</li> </ol>
5.5.1 f	Any person other than a team member interferes
Effect	The ball is dead and runners may advance to the base or bases they would have reached, in the umpire's judgment had the interference not occurred.





#### 5.5.2 THE BATTER-RUNNER IS OUT

- a) The ball remains live and a runner may advance at their own jeopardy when:
  - a fielder legally catches a fly ball before it touches the ground or any other object or person other than a defensive player;
  - ii. after hitting a fair ball, a batter- runner is tagged while off base or is thrown out prior to reaching first base:
  - iii. they fail to advance to first base and instead enter their team area
    - 1. after a fair ball is hit:
    - 2. after a base on balls is issued; or
    - anytime that they must legally advance to first base, unless they are injured and must receive treatment, while the ball is dead;
  - iv. an infield fly is declared;
  - v. after they hit a fair ball, they touch only the fair portion of the double base on their first attempt at that base and a play is made at the base. This is an appeal play for missing the base. The defensive team loses the privilege of putting the batter-runner out if, after over running the base, the appeal is not made before the batter-runner returns to the fair portion of first base;
  - vi. they run more than one (1) meter (three 3ft) from the base path to avoid being touched by the ball in the hand(s) of a fielder: or
  - vii. when anyone, other than another runner, physically assists a runner on a fly ball, the batter-runner is out if the fly ball is caught.
- b) The ball is declared dead, a runner must return to the last base legally touched at the time of the pitch but need not touch the intervening bases when the batter-runner:
  - fails to wear an approved helmet when ordered to do so by the Umpire;
  - ii. runs outside the one (1) meter (three 3 ft.) line and, in the Umpire's judgment, interferes with:
    - 1. the fielder taking a throw at first base; or
    - the thrown ball, preventing a fielder from making a throw at first base. A thrown ball striking a batterrunner does not necessarily constitute interference;
  - iii. interferes with a fielder attempting to field a batted ball. A

- batter-runner may run outside the one-meter line to avoid a fielder attempting to field the batted ball;
- iv. interferes with a fielder attempting to throw a ball;
- v. intentionally interferes with a thrown ball;
- vi. interferes with a fair-batted ball (out of the batter's box) before reaching first base:
- vii. throws their bat after batting the ball in such a manner as to cause interference with a fielder's opportunity to make an out:
- viii. when the on-deck batter interferes with a defensive player attempting to catch a fly ball or with a fly ball that a fielder is attempting to catch;
- ix. a member of the team at bat who is not the batter, batterrunner, runner or on-deck batter interferes with a fielder attempting to catch a batted foul ball over foul territory or with a batted fly ball over foul territory that a fielder is attempting to catch. If, in the Umpire's judgment, the interference is an obvious attempt to prevent a double play, the runner closest to home plate at the time of the interference will also be called out;
- x. intentionally interferes with a play at home plate to prevent an obvious out at the plate. If, in the Umpire's judgment, the interference is intentional interference with a play at home plate, the runner is also out;
- xi. steps back towards home plate to avoid or delay a tag by a fielder;
- xii. when in a force play situation, they touch only the fair portion of the double base and collide with a fielder who is about to catch a thrown ball and who is also using the fair portion of the base; or
- xiii. with less than two outs and a runner on first base, a fielder intentionally drops a fair fly ball (including a line drive) that could be caught by an infielder with ordinary effort, after it is controlled with a hand or glove. A trapped ball, or a fly ball allowed to bounce, shall not be considered as having been intentionally dropped.
- c) A runner must return to the last base that, in the Umpire's judgment, was touched at the time of the interference and the ball is dead when:
  - the immediately preceding runner who is not yet out intentionally interferes, in the Umpire's judgment, with a fielder attempting to





- 1. catch a thrown ball: or
- 2. throw a ball in an attempt to complete the play;
- ii. a person other than a team member enters the playing field and interferes with:
  - 1. a fielder about to catch a fly ball; or
  - 2. a fly ball that a defensive player, in the judgment of the Umpire, is able to catch. The ball is declared dead. Runners are awarded the bases they would have obtained, in the umpire's judgement, had the interference not occurred.

EFFECTS	
Rule 5.5.2 a) iv	An infield fly is declared
Effect	The ball is live and a runner may advance at the risk of the ball being caught, or retouch and advance after the ball is touched, the same as on any fly ball. If a declared fly ball becomes a foul ball, it is treated the same as any foul ball.
	If a declared infield fly is allowed to fall untouched to the ground, and bounces foul before passing first or third base, it is a foul ball.  If a declared infield fly ball falls untouched to the ground outside the baseline, and bounces fair before passing first or third base, it is an infield fly.
Rule 5.5.2 b) ii to xi	Batter-runner causes interference
Effect	<ul> <li>EXCEPTION: If a play on a runner is made prior to the interference and:</li> <li>1) an out is made on the runner, the result of the play will stand.</li> <li>2) no out is made on the runner, the result of that play will stand unless the interference by the batterrunner is the third out. Other runners not played on must return to the base legally held at the time of the pitch.</li> </ul>
Rule 5.5.2 c) i	Immediate preceding runner causes interference
Effect	The runner is also out.

#### 5.6 **DOUBLE BASE**

The following apply when the double base is used.

- a) The batter-runner is subject to the following.
  - i. A batted ball hitting the fair portion is declared fair and a batted ball hitting the foul portion only is declared foul.
  - ii. A defensive player must use only the fair portion of the base at all times, except on any live ball play made from first base foul territory. The batter-runner and the defensive player may use either portion of the double base. When the defensive player uses the foul portion of the double base, the batter-runner can run in fair territory and if hit by a throw from the foul side of first base, it would not be interference. If intentional interference is ruled, the batterrunner would be out. The one-meter line is duplicated on either sde of the foul line on throws from foul territory.
  - iii. If a play is made at first base on any batted ball, the batterrunner touches only the fair portion, and if the defense appeals prior to the batter-runner returning to the fair portion of first base, the batter-runner is out. This is treated the same as missing the base and is an appeal.
  - iv. After over-running the base, the batter-runner must return to the fair portion.
  - v. On a ball hit to the outfield when there is no play being made at the double base, the batter-runner may touch either portion of the base.
- b) The following applies to a runner.
  - i. After over-running the base, the runner must return to the fair portion.
  - ii. When tagging up on a fly ball, the fair portion must be used.

#### **USING AN ILLEGAL GLOVE OR MITT**

When a fielder makes a play on a batter-runner or runner while using an illegal glove, the manager of the offended team has the option of:

- a) taking the result of the play;
- b) in the case of the batter-runner, having the player resume batting, assuming the ball and strike count prior to the pitch. with other runners returned to the last base legally touched at the time of the pitch: or
- c) in the case of a runner, having the play nullified, with runners returning to the last base legally touched at the time of the





play. If the play was the result of completion of the batter's turn at bat, that player resumes batting with the ball and strike count they had prior to completing their turn at bat and runners are returned to the bases held at the time of the pitch. A pitch by the pitcher is not considered making a play.

#### 5.8 REMOVAL OF HELMET

- a) When the ball is live, a batter, batter-runner or runner will be declared out when they deliberately wear a helmet improperly or deliberately remove the helmet during a live ball play, other than a home run over the fence. Calling a batter-runner or runner out for deliberately removing their helmet does not cancel any force play situation; however if a helmet is accidently dislodged from its proper place on a batter, batterrunner or runner, there is no penalty.
- b) The ball is dead and a runner must return to base last touched at the time of contact:
  - when a thrown ball or batted ball makes contact with the deliberately removed helmet, or a fielder comes into contact with the deliberately removed helmet while attempting to make a play.
  - ii. when a thrown or battedball contacts the accidently dislodged helmet and this contact interferes with the play being made; or when a defensive player comes into contact with the helmet while it is on the ground and this contact prevents them from making a play and the batter-runner or runner who was wearing the helmet that was accidently dislodged is out, even if they have scored. The run is nullified.

#### 5.9 TOUCHING BASES IN LEGAL ORDER

- a) The batter-runner and any runner must touch the bases in legal order (i.e., first, second and third base, and home plate) unless they are obstructed at a base preventing them from touching that base or they are placed on second base under the Tie-Breaker Rule.
- b) A runner returning to a base while the ball is live and in jeopardy to be put out must return to:
  - i. the base left before a caught fly ball is first touched; or
  - ii. the missed base and must touch the bases in reverse order.

- c) When a runner is returning to a base while the ball is dead, they need not touch the intervening bases unless they have missed a base, in which case they are subject to a legal appeal if they fail to retouch the missed base.
- d) When a runner or batter-runner acquires the right to a base by touching it before being put out, they are entitled to hold the base until they have legally touched the next base in order, or are forced to vacate it for a succeeding runner. The ball is in play and runners may advance however are in jeopardy to be put out.
- e) When a runner dislodges a base from its proper position, neither they nor succeeding runner(s) in the same series of plays are compelled to follow a base unreasonably out of position. The ball is in play and runners may advance or return with jeopardy to be put out.
- f) Two runners may not occupy the same base at the same time. The runner who first legally occupied the base is entitled to it unless forced to advance. The other runner may be put out by being tagged with the ball.
- g) The failure of a preceding runner to touch a base in regular order or to leave a base legally on a caught fly ball and who is declared out does not affect the status of a succeeding runner who touches bases in proper order. If the failure to touch a base in regular order or to legally tag up on a caught fly ball is the third out of an inning, no succeeding runner may score a run.
- h) No runner may return to touch a missed base or one left illegally, after a following runner has scored, or they have left the field of play.
- Bases left too soon on a caught fly ball must be retouched prior to advancing to awarded bases.
- i) Awarded bases must be touched in legal order.

#### EFFECT

Rule 5.9 g-j	Touching bases
Effect	The runner will be declared out if the defense makes a legal appeal for missing a base or leaving a base before the ball is first touched on a caught fly ball.





#### 5.10 RUNNERS

# 5.10.1 A RUNNER MAY ADVANCE WITH JEOPARDY TO BE PUT OUT WHILE THE BALL IS LIVE

- a) when a pitched ball is batted;
- b) on a thrown or fair batted ball that is not blocked;
- c) on a thrown ball that hits an umpire or an offensive player or a base coach:
- d) when a legally caught fly ball is first touched;
- e) when a fair untouched batted ball:
  - strikes an Umpire or runner after passing a fielder other than the pitcher and no other fielder had a chance to make an out;
  - ii. has been touched by a fielder, including a pitcher; or
  - iii. when the ball strikes a photographer, groundskeeper, policeman, etc., assigned to the game.
- f) when a live ball becomes lodged in a defensive player's uniform or equipment;
- g) when at any time they fail to touch a base they are entitled to before attempting to make the next base;
- h) when, after overrunning first base, they attempt to continue to second base;
- i) when, after dislodging a base, they attempt to continue to the next base;
- j) when, advancing beyond an entitled base due to:
  - a fielder intentionally contacting a thrown ball with detached equipment;
  - ii. a fielder intentionally contacting a fair batted ball with detached equipment; or
- k) when advancing beyond a protected base when they have been obstructed.

#### **EFFECT**

Rule 5.10.1 g & h	Failing to touch a base or continuing to second base
Effect	The runner will be declared out if the defense makes a legal appeal

#### 5.10.2 BASES AWARDED TO RUNNER(S) FOR OBSTRUCTION

When any obstruction occurs, including a rundown:

- a) a delayed dead ball will be signaled with the ball remaining live until the end of the play;
- b) the obstructed runner and each other runner affected by the obstruction will be awarded the base or bases they would have reached, in the Umpire's judgment, had there been no obstruction. If the Umpire feels there is justification, a defensive player making a fake tag may be ejected from the game;
- c) if the obstructed runner is put out prior to reaching the base they would have reached had there not been obstruction, a dead ball is called. The obstructed runner and each other runner affected by the obstruction will be awarded the base, or bases, they would have reached, in the Umpire's judgment, had obstruction not occurred;
- d) an obstructed runner may never be called out between the two bases where they were obstructed, unless:
  - i. if the obstructed runner commits an act of interference after the obstruction is ruled, or the runner is legally appealed for
    - missing a base, unless the runner has been obstructed at that base and the obstruction prevents them from touching the base;
    - 2. leaving a base before a fly ball was first touched; or
    - 3. after passing the base they would have reached had there not been obstruction, the obstructed runner may be called out and the ball remains live:
  - ii. if the obstructed runner safely obtains the base they would have been awarded, in the Umpire's judgment, and there is a subsequent play on a different runner, the obstructed runner is no longer protected between the bases where the runner was obstructed, and may be put out. The ball remains live. Obstructed runners are still required to touch all bases in proper order, or they could be called out on a proper appeal by the defensive team unless the runner was obstructed from touching that base.

#### 5.10.3 A RUNNER IS OUT

- a) A runner is out and the ball remains live when:
  - while running to any base in regular or reverse order, they run more than one (1) meter (three (3) feet) from the base path to avoid being tagged;





- ii. the ball is in play, they are not in contact with a base and they are tagged;
- iii. on a force play, and before the runner contacts the base to which they are forced to advance, a fielder, while controlling the ball in their hand(s) contacts the base or touches the ball to the base or tags the runner;
- iv. they fail to return to touch the base previously occupied or missed and a legal appeal is made;
- anyone, other than another runner, physically assists a runner while the ball is in play. When the ball becomes dead after a home run, uncaught foul ball or an award of bases the ball remains dead;
- vi. they physically pass a preceding runner before that runner has been called out. The ball remains live. The runner is not out if the ball becomes a foul ball or an uncaught fly foul ball or a if a runner passes a preceding runner on a dead ball play. The ball remains dead.
- vii. they leave their base to advance to another base before a caught ball has touched a fielder;
- viii. they fail to touch the intervening base, or bases, in regular or reverse order unless they are obstructed from doing so;
- ix. the batter-runner becomes a runner by touching first base, passes it, then attempts to run to second base and is tagged, while off base;
- x. in running or sliding for home plate, they fail to touch it, make no attempt to return to it, and a fielder controls the ball while touching the plate and appeals to the Umpire for a decision:
- xi. they abandon a base and enter their team area, or leave the field of play, while the ball is live;
- xii. they are positioned behind, and not in contact with, a base to get a running start on any fly ball; or.
- xiii. when runners switch positions on the bases.
- b) A runner is out and the ball is dead when:
  - i. youth players only fail to wear an approved batting helmet when ordered to do so by the Umpire:
  - ii. they fail to keep contact with the base to which they are entitled, until a legally pitched ball reaches home plate, or touches the ground or home plate or is batted. A "NO PITCH" is declared and other runners must return to the last base legally held at the time of the pitch;

- iii. the batter-runner is declared out for interfering with a play at home plate, in an attempt to prevent an obvious out on an advancing runner at the plate. The advancing runner is out and the other runners must return to the last base held at the time of the pitch.
- c) A runner is out, the ball is dead and other runners must return to the last base legally held at the time of the interference, blocked ball or the out declared, unless forced to advance because the batter became a batter-runner when:
  - they are struck with an untouched fair batted ball while off base and, in the Umpire's judgment, any fielder had an opportunity to make an out;
  - ii. they intentionally kick a ball that a fielder has missed;
  - iii. they interfere with a fielder attempting to field a fair batted ball, regardless of whether the ball has been first touched by the fielder or by another fielder, including the pitcher or interferes with a fielder throwing a ball or intentionally interferes with a thrown ball:
  - iv. they interfere with a fielder attempting to catch a batted foul fly ball or with a foul fly ball that a fielder is attempting to catch. If this interference is, in the Umpire's judgment, an obvious attempt to prevent a double play the immediate succeeding runner will be called out. If this is the third strike, the batter-runner is also out, unless the third out of the inning was the runner's interference call, in which case the batter-runner shall be deemed to have completed their turn at bat.
  - v. the runner closest to home plate at the time of interference is called out if after a runner, batter or batter-runner has been declared out, or after a runner has scored, the runner, batter or batter-runner interferes with a defensive player's opportunity to make a play on another runner. A runner continuing to run and drawing a throw will be considered interference:
  - vi. one or more members of the offensive team stand at, or collect around, a base to which a runner is advancing, thereby confusing the fielders and adding to the difficulty of making the play. Members of a team include batboy or any other person authorized to sit on the team's bench;
  - vii. the coach near third base runs in the direction of home plate on or near the baseline, while a fielder is attempting to make





- a play on a batted or thrown ball, and thereby draws a throw to home plate. It is the runner who is closest to home plate who is called out;
- viii. a coach, in or out of the coach's box, or any member of the team playing offense, who is not a batter, batter-runner, ondeck batter or runner intentionally interferes with a thrown ball, or interferes with the defensive team's opportunity to make a play on a runner, or batter-runner. The runner closest to home plate at the time of the interference is called out;
- ix. a defensive player has the ball and is waiting for the runner and the runner remains on their feet and deliberately crashes into the defensive player. If the act is determined to be flagrant, the offender will be ejected;
- x. they run bases in reverse order, or off the base line, while not attempting to advance, either to confuse the fielders or to make a travesty of the game;
- xi. when the on-deck closest to batter interferes with a defensive player's attempt to retire a runner or a batter-runner the runner home plate will be called out:
- xii. the batter-runner is declared out for intentionally interfering with a play at home plate in an attempt to prevent an obvious out on an advancing runner at the plate. The advancing runner is out and all other runners must retrun to the base held at the time of the pitch; or
- xiii. non-official offensive equipment causes a blocked ball (and creating interference), and the runner is being played on. If this player has scored prior to the blocked ball being ruled, the runner closest to home is called out.

#### **EFFECTS**

LITECIS	
Rule 5.10.3 a) vii to x	Leave too soon on a fly ball, misses a base or tries for second base or misses home plate
Effect	The runner will not be declared out unless the defense makes a legal appeal. EXCEPTION: A runner who has left a base too soon on a caught fly ball, or who has missed a base, may attempt to return to such base while the ball is dead.
Rule 5.10.3 a) xiii	Switching bases

#### Effect

This is an appeal play. When the appeal is upheld, each runner discovered to have switched positions on the bases will be declared out and the head coach will be ejected for unsportsmanlike conduct. The order of outs will be determined by the location of the runners immediately after the switch. The runner who switched bases and is closest to home plate after the switch will be called out first. The next runner who switched bases and is the second closest to home plate will be called out second and so on. The appeal may be made any time until all runners, who switched positions are in the dugout or the inning is over. If one of the runners who switched bases is on a base, both they and all runners who had switched bases will be out, even if they had scored, and any run(s) scored by improper runners will be nullified.

#### Rule 5.10.3 c through iii

If this interference, in the judgment of the Umpire, is an obvious attempt to prevent a double play, the immediate succeeding runner shall also be called out.

#### 5.10.4 THE RUNNER IS NOT OUT

The runner is not out:

- a) when they run behind, or in front of the fielder and outside the base path, in order to avoid interfering with a fielder attempting to field the batted ball in the base path;
- b) when they do not run in a direct line to the base, provided the fielder in the direct line does not have the ball in his possession;
- when more than one fielder attempts to field a batted ball and the runner comes in contact with the one who, in the Umpire's judgment, was not entitled to field the ball;
- d) when they are hit with a fair untouched batted ball while off base that, in the Umpire's judgment, no fielder had an opportunity to make an out;
- e) when they are hit with a fair untouched batted ball over foul territory and, in the Umpire's judgment, no fielder had an opportunity to make an out;
- f) when they are hit with a fair batted ball after it touches, or is touched by, any fielder, including the pitcher, and they could not avoid contact with the ball:
- g) when they are hit by a live fair untouched batted ball while in contact with their base, unless they intentionally interfere with





the ball, or a fielder making a play. The ball is dead or remains live, depending on the position of the fielder closest to the base at the time the ball contacts the runner:

- the ball remains live if the fielder closest to the base is positioned ahead of the base;
- ii. the ball is dead if the fielder closest to the base is positioned behind the base;
- h) when they are touched while off base:
  - 1. with a ball not securely held by a defensive player; or
  - 2. with a hand or glove of a defensive player and the ball is in the other hand:
- i) when the defensive team does not request the Umpire's decision on an appeal play until after the next legal or illegal pitch, until after all defensive players have left fair territory on their way to the bench or dugout or in the case of the last play of the game, before the umpires have left the field of play;
- i) when a batter-runner becomes a runner, by touching first base, passing it and then returning directly to the base;
- k) when they are not given sufficient time to return to a base. They will not be called out for being off base before the pitcher releases the ball and they may advance as though having left the base legally:
- I) when they have legally started to advance. They may not be stopped by the pitcher receiving the ball while on the pitcher's plate, nor by the pitcher stepping onto the plate while holding
- m) when they hold their base until a fly ball touches a fielder and then attempt to advance:
- n) when they slide into a base and it dislodges from its proper position. The base is considered to have followed the runner. A runner reaching a base safely will not be out for being off that base if it becomes dislodged. They may return to that base without jeopardy to be put out when the base has been replaced. A runner is in jeopardy if they attempt to advance beyond the dislodged base before it is again in proper position;
- o) when a coach unintentionally interferes with a thrown ball or batted ball while in the coach's box; or
- p) when the ball contacts non-official offensive equipment and no apparent play is obvious.

#### **EFFECTS**

Rule 5.10.4 p	Contact with non-official offensive equipment and no play is obvious
Effect	The ball is dead and each runner must return to the base last touched at the time the ball is declared dead but in returning need not touch the intervening bases.



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#### BASE RUNNING EFFECTS (OTHER THAN FOR OBSTRUCTION)

#### **EFFECTS**

Effect	Rule or occurrence
a) One Base	The batter-runner is awarded first base, provided they advance and touch first base and all other runners

### Award

- advance one base, if forced, from the time of the pitch, in the following circumstances;
  - 1) when four balls have been called by the plate Umpire: the ball is dead:
  - 2) when an intentional walk is issued: the ball is dead:
  - 3) when the batter is obstructed and the offensive team takes the option to have the batter awarded first base; the ball is dead;
  - 4) when a batted ball is contacted by an Umpire or runner before passing a fielder, excluding the pitcher: the ball is dead.
- ii. The ball is dead and the runner(s) are awarded one base in the following circumstances:
  - 1) when a fielder unintentionally carries a ball out of the playing field, the award is from the time the fielder left the field of play. A fielder carrying a live ball into the dugout or team area to tag a player is considered to have unintentionally carried it there.
  - 2) when a player losses possession of the ball during a play and the ball enters the dead ball territory. the award is from the base last touched at the time the ball entered the dead ball territory.
  - 3) when defensive equipment causes a blocked ball, the award is from the base last touched at the time of the pitch on a pitched ball.



#### b) Two Base Award

- The batter-runner and runner(s) are awarded two bases from the time of pitch in the following circumstances and the ball is dead:
  - 1) when a fair batted ball passes out of the playing field at a distance less than the dimensions of a regulation field.
  - 2) when a fair batted fly ball hits a fielder's glove or body and lands over the fence in foul territory.
  - 3) when a fair batted fly ball touches the fence, deflects off a fielder and lands over a fence.
  - 4) when a fair batted ball is touched by a fielder who is in dead ball territory and, in the Umpire's judgment, the ball would not have gone over the fence in fair ball territory.
  - 5) when a fair batted ball bounces over or rolls under or through a fence or passes the dead ball line of the playing field.
  - 6) when a fair batted ball deflects off:
    - a) a defensive player; or
    - a runner or umpire after passing a fielder excluding the pitcher and provided no other fielder had a chance to make an out and the ball goes out of play in foul territory.
  - 7) when a fair batted ball is contacted by a fielder who is in dead ball territory and in the Umpire's judgment the ball would not have gone over the fence in fair territory.
- i. when the ball is thrown and leaves the playing field or is blocked, the award is from the time the ball left the fielder's hand. If two runners are between the same two bases, the award is based on the position of the lead runner. If a runner touches the next base and returns to their original base, the original base they left is considered the "last base touched" for the purposes of an overthrow award.
- iii. when defensive equipment causes a blocked ball, the award:
  - 1) is from the base last touched at the time of the throw; or
  - 2) is from the base last touched at the time of the pitch on a fair batted ball.
- iv. when a thrown ball contacts detached equipment, this is a delayed dead ball. <u>Bases are awarded from the time of the</u> throw.
- v. Runners only are awarded two bases and the ball is dead when, in the Umpire's judgment, a fielder intentionally carries, kicks, pushes or throws a live ball from playable territory into dead ball territory, the award is from the time of the throw or from the time that the ball that is kicked, pushed or carried enters dead ball territory.
- vi. In Co-ed, any walk to a male batter, intentional or otherwise, will result in a two base award.



The batter-runner and runners are awarded 3 bases and it is a delayed dead ball when detached equipment contacts a fair batted ball. Bases are awarded from the time of the pitch. Runners are protected to the awarded bases; however, if they proceed beyond the awarded bases they are in jeopardy.

#### d) Four Base Awards

The batter-runner and runners are awarded home plate and the ball is dead in the following circumstances:

- i. When the Umpire declares a home run; and
- When a fair ball is contacted by detached equipment and in the Umpire's judgment, the ball would have cleared the outfield fence in flight.

#### e) Umpire Judgment Awards

The batter-runner and runners are awarded the base or bases they would have made in the Umpire's judgment had interference not occurred and the ball is dead:

- i. when a person other than a team member interferes with a live ball or a fielder about to field a ground ball, thrown ball or fly ball. If in the umpire's judgement, the fielder would have caught the ball had there not been interference, the batter-runner is out and all runners must return to the base last touched at the time of the interference;
- ii. when the ball becomes lodged in Umpire gear or clothing or offensive player clothing.

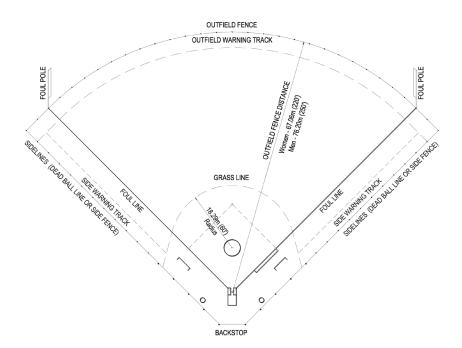


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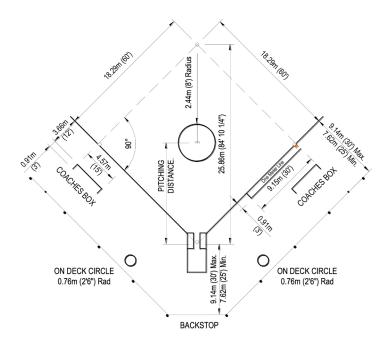


# APPENDIX 1: PLAYING FIELD AND DIAMOND LAYOUT

A. OFFICIAL DIMENSIONS OF THE PLAYING FIELD



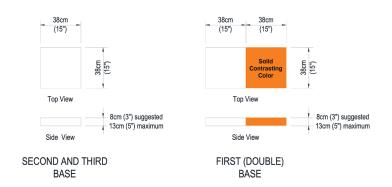
#### **B. OFFICIAL DIMENSIONS OF THE DIAMOND LAYOUT**



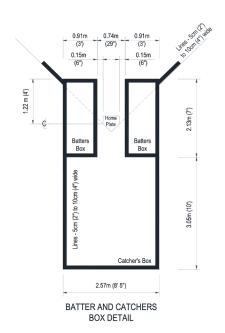




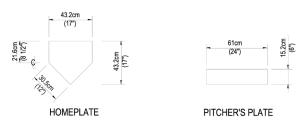
#### C. OFFICIAL DIMENSIONS OF THE BASES



#### D. OFFICIAL DIMENSIONS OF THE BATTER'S AND CATCHER'S BOXES



#### E. OFFICIAL DIMENSIONS OF HOME PLATE AND PITCHER'S PLATE



#### F. QUICK REFERENCE TABLE

#### BACKSTOP AND SIDELINES (DEAD BALL LINE/SIDE FENCE)

Will be set back a minimum of 7.62m (25 ft.) to a maximum of 9.14m (30 ft.) outside the foul lines. The area between the foul lines and the backstop and sidelines must be unobstructed.

#### **BASES**

Home plate to first/third bases 19.81 m (65 ft.) from the back part of home plate to the back of the base. Home plate to second base 28.02 m. (91 ft. 11 in) from back point of home plate to the middle of the base. Bases will be made of canvas or other suitable material and securely fastened in position.

The double base will be secured in and part of fair territory with the other half of this base (a different solid contrasting color) secured in and is part of foul territory.

#### **BATTER'S BOXES**

One on each side of home plate, will measure 0.91m. (3 ft.) by 2.13m. (7 ft.). The inside lines of the batter's box will be 15.2cm. (6 in.) from home plate. The front line of the box will be 1.22m. (4 ft.) in front of a line drawn through the center of home plate. The lines are considered as being within the batter's box.

#### CATCHER'S BOX

3.05m. (10 ft.) in length from the rear outside corners of each batter's box and will be 2.57m. (8 ft. 5 in.) wide. The lines are considered as being within the catcher's box.





#### **COACH'S BOXES**

Behind a line 4.57m. (15 ft.) long drawn outside the diamond. The line is parallel to and 3.66m. (12 ft.) from the first and third baselines, extended from the bases toward home plate.

#### DISTANCE TABLE

CATEGORY	PITCHING	OUTFIELD FENCES (minimums)
Junior Women's 16 and under	14.02 m. (46 ft.)	80.77 m (265 ft.)
Junior Women's 19 and under	15.24 m. (50 ft.)	80.77 m. (265 ft.)
Junior Men's	14.02 m. (46 ft.)	91.44 m. (300 ft.)
Junior Men's 19 and under	15.24 m. (50 ft.)	91.44 m. (300 ft.)
Women's	15.24 m. (50 ft.)	83.82 m. (275 ft.)
Men's	15.24 m. (50 ft.)	91.44 m. (300 ft.)
Co-Ed	15.24 m. (50 ft)	83.82 m. (275 ft.)

#### HOME PLATE

It will be a five-sided figure 43.2cm. (17 in.) wide, across the edge facing the pitcher. The sides will be parallel to the inside lines of the batter's box and will be 21.6cm. (8 1/2 in.) long. The sides of the point facing the catcher will be 30.5cm (12 in) long.

#### **INFIELD**

Skinned portion 18.29m. (60 ft.) arc from the front center of the pitcher's plate.

#### LINES

50mm to 100 mm. (2 to 4 in.) wide.

#### **ON-DECK CIRCLE**

1.52m. (5 ft.) circle 0.76m. (2 ft. 6 in.) radius placed adjacent to the end of the players' bench or dugout area closest to home plate.

#### ONE METER LINE

Drawn parallel to and one (1) meter (3 ft.) from the baseline, starting at a point halfway between home plate and first base.

#### PITCHER'S PLATE

Made of rubber 61cm. (24 in.) long and 15.2cm. (6 in.) wide and the top of the plate must be level with the ground.

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#### WARNING TRACK

Will be a minimum of 3.66m. (12 ft.) to a maximum of 4.57m. (15 ft.) from the outfield and/or side fences. Made of material (dirt, gravel) that is level with, but different from, the playing surface. The material must be distinguishable from the outfield surface and there must be a clear physical signal for players when they are approaching the fence.

#### G. LAYING OUT A DIAMOND

This section serves as an example for laying out of a diamond with 19.81m. (65 ft.) and a 15.24m. (50 ft.) pitching distance.

- 1. To determine the position of home plate, draw a line in the direction it is desired to lay the diamond. Drive a stake at the corner of home plate nearest the catcher. Fasten a cord to this stake and tie knots or otherwise mark the cord at 15.24m. (50 ft.), 19.81m. (65 ft.), 28.02m. (91 ft. 11 in.) and at 39.62m. (130 ft.).
- 2. Place the cord (without stretching) along the direction line and place a stake at the 15.24m. (50 ft.) marker. This will be the front line in the middle of the pitcher's plate. Along the same line, drive a stake at the 28.02m. (91 ft. 11 in.) marker. This will be the center of second base.
- 3. Place the 39.62m. (130 ft.) marker at the center of second base and, taking hold of the cord at the 19.81m. (65 ft.) marker, walk to the right of the direction line until the cord is taut and drive a stake at the 19.81m. (65 ft.) marker. This will be the outside corner of first base and the cord will now form the lines to first and second bases.
- Again holding the cord at the 19.81m. (65 ft.) marker, walk across the field and in like manner, mark the outside corner of third base. Home plate, first base, and third base are wholly inside the diamond.
- 5. To check the diamond, place the home plate end of the cord at the first base stake and the 39.62m. (130 ft.) marker at third base. The 19.81m. (65 ft.) marker should now check at home plate and second base.
- 6. Check all distances with a steel tape whenever possible.



### APPENDIX 2: BAT SPECIFICATIONS

#### A. OFFICIAL BAT

- The bat must be of one-piece construction, multi-piece permanently assembled or two piece interchangeable constructions.
- 2. When the bat is designed with interchangeable components it must meet the following criteria:
  - a. the mating components must have a unique locking key to prevent uncertified equipment combinations in the field; and
  - all component combinations must meet the same standards as when it was a one-piece bat when combined or a portion of a one-piece bat when separated.
- 3. A bat may be made of one piece of hardwood or formed from a block of wood consisting of two or more pieces of wood bonded together with an adhesive in such a way that the grain direction of all pieces is parallel to the length of the bat.
- 4. A bat may be metal, bamboo, plastic, graphite, carbon, magnesium, fiberglass, ceramic or any other composite material approved by the WBSC Equipment Standards Commission.
- 5. A bat may be laminated, but must contain only wood or adhesive and have a clear finish (when finished).
- The barrel portion of the bat (from the start of the taper to the end cap) must be round and smooth with slight texturing allowed.
- 7. No bat must be more than 86.4cm. (34 in.) long or greater than 1077.0 g. (38 ounces) in weight.
- 8. No bat must be more than 5.7cm. (2 1/4 in.) in diameter at its largest part. A tolerance of 0.80mm. (1/32 in.) is permitted to allow for expansion.
- A bat that has any exposed rivets, pins, rough or sharp edges or any exterior fastener that would is or present a hazard is an illegal bat. A non-wooden bat must be free of burrs and cracks.
- 10. A non-wooden bat must not have a wooden handle.
- 11. A bat must have a safety grip of cork, tape (no smooth, plastic tape) or composition material. The safety grip must not be less than 25.4cm. (10 in.) long and must not extend more than 38.1cm. (15 in.) from the small end of the bat. Resin, pine tar or spray

- substances placed to enhance the grip are permissible only on the grip. Tape applied to any bat must be a continuous spiral. It does not have to be a solid layer of tape. It must not exceed two layers.
- 12. When non-woode and not made of one-piece construction with the barrel end closed, a bat must have a rubber or vinyl plastic or other material insert approved by the WBSC Equipment Standards Commission, firmly secured at the large end of the bat.
  - a) The insert of the bat end cap must be firmly and permanently sealed so that it cannot be removed by anyone other than the manufacturer without damaging or destroying the end cap or barrel.
  - b) The bat must be free of rattles. A bat that is not free of rattles will be considered an illegal bat.
  - c) The bat must not have signs of tampering. A bat that shows signs of tampering will be considered an altered bat
- 13. A bat must have a safety knob of a minimum diameter of 0.6 cm. (1/4 in.) protruding at a ninety-degree angle from the handle and no sharp edges. The safety knob may be molded, lathed, welded and permanently fastened. The knob may be covered with grip tape or a grip enhancer.
- 14. When the bat approval notice cannot be read due to wear on the bat, the bat remains an official bat and may be used if it remains in compliance with these Rules in all other respects as determined by an Umpire with reasonable certainty.
- 15. The weight, distribution of weight or length of the bat must be permanently fixed at the time of manufacture and may not be altered in any way thereafter, except as otherwise specifically provided in this Rule or a specification approved by the WBSC Equipment Standards Commission.

#### **B. THE WARM-UP BAT**

A bat other than an official bat that must be of one-piece construction and comply with the safety grip and safety knob requirements of an official bat. It must be marked "warm-up" in 3.2cm (11/4 in) letters on the barrel end. The barrel end must be in excess of 5.7cm (21/4 in).





### APPENDIX 3: BALL STANDARDS

#### A. AN OFFICIAL SOFTBALL

An official softball:

- must be a regular, smooth-seamed, concealed stitched or flat surfaced ball.
- must have a center core made of either No. 1 quality long fibre kapok, a mixture of cork and rubber, a polyurethane mixture, or other materials approved by the WBSC Equipment Standards Commission.
- 3. May be hand or machine wound with a fine quality twisted yarn and covered with latex or rubber cement.
- 4. must have a cover cemented to the ball by application of cement to the underside of the cover and sewn with waxed thread of cotton or linen, or a molded cover bonded to the core or molded integrally with the core, and have authentic facsimile of stitching, as approved by the WBSC Equipment Standards Commission.
- Shall have a cover of the finest quality No. 1 chrome tanned horsehide or cowhide, made of synthetic material, or made of other materials approved by the WBSC Equipment Standards Commission.

#### **B. DIMENSIONS AND SPECIFICATIONS**

- The completed 30.5cm. (12 in.) ball shall be between 30.2cm. (11 7/8 in.) and 30.8cm. (12 1/8 in.) in circumference, and shall weigh between 178.0g. (6 1/4 ounces) and 198.4g. (7 ounces). The flat seam style shall have not less than 88 stitches in each cover, sewn by the two-needle method.
- 2. The completed 27.9cm. (11 in.) ball shall be between 27.6cm. (10 7/8 in.) and 28.3cm. (11 1/8 in.) in circumference and shall weigh between 166.5g. (5 7/8 ounces) and 173.6g. (6 1/8 ounces). The flat seam style shall have not less than 80 stitches in each cover, sewn by the two-needle method.
- The completed ball shall have a coefficient of restitution as shall be determined and set by the WBSC Equipment Standards Commission

- 4. The completed ball shall have a compression standard as shall be determined and set by the WBSC Equipment Standards Commission. The load force required to compress the ball 0.64cm. (0.25 in.) must not exceed such standard when such balls are measured in accordance with the ASTM test method for measuring compression-displacement of softballs, which is endorsed by the WBSC Equipment Standards Commission.
- 5. Balls shall be used in WBSC championship play as follows:
  - a) Adult Women, Female batters in Adult Co-ed and Girls: The red-stitch 27.9cm. (11 in.) ball with a COR of .47 or less with 375 pounds compression. It must have a GWSP-47 marking in addition to the WBSC or ISF logo.

OR:

The 27.9cm. (11 in.) ball with COR .52 with 300 pounds compression.

- b) Junior Men's Slow Pitch:
  The white cover, white or red stitch or yellow optic cover, red-stitch 30.5cm. (12 in.) ball with a COR of .47 or less. The balls shall have a WBSC or ISF logo marking.
- c) Adult Men and Male batters in adult Co-ed: The red-stitch 30.5cm. (12 in.) ball with a COR of .47 or less with 375 pounds compression and a marking of MSP-47, in addition to the WBSC logo.

OR:

The 30.5cm. (12 in.) ball with COR .52 with 300 pounds compression.

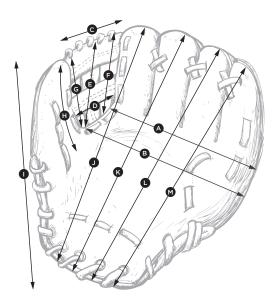
Listed below are the standards established for each ball:

BALL STANDARDS	27.9CM. (11")	30.5CM. (12")	
BALL COLOR MARKING	White or Yellow Optic WBSC	White or Yellow Optic WBSC	
THREAD COLOR	Red stitch	Red stitch	
MIN. SIZE	27.6cm. (10-7/8")	30.2cm. (11-7/8")	
MAX. SIZE	28.3cm. (11-1/8")	30.8cm. (12-1/8")	
MIN. WT.	166.5g. (5-7/8 oz.)	178.0 g. (6 1/4 oz.)	
MAX. WT.	173.6g. (6-1/8 oz.)	198.4 g. (7 oz.)	





## APPENDIX 4: GLOVE SPECIFICATIONS



#### **DIMENSION SPECIFICATIONS:**

Α	Palm width (top)	20.3 cm. (8 in.)
В	Palm width (bottom)	21.6 cm. (8 1/2 in.)
С	Top opening of web	12.7 cm. (5 in.)
D	Bottom opening of web	11.5 cm. (4 1/2 in.)
E	Web top to bottom	18.4 cm. (7 1/4 in.)
F	1st finger crotch seam	19.0 cm. (7 1/2 in.)
G	Thumb crotch seam	19.0 cm. (7 1/2 in.)
Н	Crotch seam	44.5 cm. (17 1/2 in.)
1	Thumb top to bottom edge	23.5 cm. (9 1/4 in.)
J	1st finger top to bottom edge	35.6 cm. (14 in.
K	2nd finger top to bottom edge	33.7 cm. (13 1/4 in.)
L	3rd finger top to bottom edge	31.1 cm. (12 1/4 in.)
М	4th finger top to bottom edge	27.9 cm. (11 in.)

## APPENDIX 5: UMPIRES

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#### A. GENERAL INFORMATION FOR UMPIRES

- a. The Umpire must not be a member of either team.

  Examples are player, coach, manager, officer, scorer or sponsor.
- b. The Umpire should be sure of the date, time and place for the game and should arrive at the playing field 20-30 minutes ahead of time, start the game on time and leave the field when the game is over.
- c. Male and female Umpire must wear the following:
  - 1. A powder blue long or short-sleeved shirt.
  - 2. Dark navy blue socks.
  - 3. Dark navy blue slacks.
  - 4. Dark navy blue cap with white and blue trimmed WBSC letters on the front.
  - 5. Dark navy blue ball bag (Plate Umpire only).
  - 6. Dark navy blue jacket and/or sweater.
  - 7. Black shoes and belt.
  - 8. A white T-shirt worn under the powder blue shirt.
- d. Umpires must not wear exposed jewelry that may pose a hazard.
  - EXCEPTION: Medical Alert Bracelets and/or necklaces.
- e. The Umpires should introduce themselves to the captains, managers, coaches and scorers.
- f. The Umpires should inspect the playing field boundaries, equipment and clarify all ground rules to both teams and their managers.
- g. Each Umpire has the power to make decisions on violations committed any time during playing time or during suspension of play until the game is over.
- h. No Umpire has the authority to set aside or question decisions made by another umpire within the limits of their respective duties as outlined in these rules.
- i. An Umpire may consult his associate(s) at any time. However, the final decision will rest with the Umpire whose exclusive authority it was to make the decision and who requested the opinion of the other(s).



- j. In order to define their respective duties, the Umpire judging balls and strikes will be designated as the "Plate Umpire," the Umpire(s) judging base decisions as the "Base Umpire(s)."
- k. The Plate Umpire or Base Umpire will have equal authority to:
  - 1. call a runner out for leaving a base too soon;
  - 2. call "TIME" for suspension of play:
  - 3. remove, or eject, a player, coach or manager from the game for violation of rules:
  - 4. call all illegal pitcher;
  - 5. determine and call an infield fly. When it seems apparent that a batted ball be an infield fly, the umpire will immediately declare, "INFIELD FLY, IF FAIR-THE BATTER IS OUT," for the benefit of the runners.
- The Umpire will declare a batter, batter-runner or runner out without waiting for an appeal for such decision in all cases where such player is retired in accordance with these rules.
- m. Unless appealed to, the Umpire does not call a player out or penalize them for having failed to touch base, leaving a base too soon on a caught fly ball, batting out of order, being an unreported substitute, being an Illegal Re-Entry, the replacement player or returning withdrawn player who is not reported, being a runner who switched positions on bases with another runner or making an attempt to go to second base after reaching first base, as provided in these rules.
- An Umpire will not penalize a team for infraction of a rule when imposing the penalty would be to the advantage of the offending team.
- o. The failure of an Umpire to adhere to Appendix 5 is not grounds for protest. These are guidelines for Umpires.

#### **B. SIGNALS**

- To indicate that play will begin, or be resumed, the Umpire shall call "PLAY BALL" and, at the same time, motion the pitcher to deliver the ball.
- b. A STRIKE will be indicated by raising the right hand upward above the shoulder, to a 90-degree angle and, at the same time, calling "STRIKE" in a clear and decisive voice.
- c. To indicate a BALL, no arm signal is used.
- d. To indicate the total COUNT of balls and strikes, the balls are

- called first
- e. To indicate a FOUL, the Umpire will call "FOUL BALL" and extend both an arm vertically while verbalizing "FOUL BALL".
- f. To indicate a FAIR BALL, the Umpire will extend an arm toward the center of the diamond, using a pumping motion.
- g. To indicate a batter or runner OUT, the Umpire will raise the right hand upward above the right shoulder, with fist closed.
- h. To indicate that a player is SAFE, the Umpire will extend both arms horizontally to the side of the body, with palms toward the ground.
- To indicate suspension of play, the Umpire will call "TIME" and, at the same time, extend both arms above the head. The other Umpires shall immediately acknowledge the suspension of play, with similar action.
- To indicate a DELAYED DEAD BALL, the Umpire will extend the left arm horizontally, with fist closed.
- k. To indicate a TRAPPED BALL, the Umpire will extend both arms horizontally to the side of the body, with palms toward the ground.
- To indicate a GROUND RULE DOUBLE, the Umpire will extend the right hand above the head and at the same time indicate, with two fingers, the number of bases awarded.
- m. To indicate a HOME RUN, the Umpire will extend the right hand, with closed fist above the head and circle the arm in a clockwise movement.
- n. To indicate an INFIELD FLY, the Umpire will call "INFIELD FLY, IF FAIR, THE BATTER IS OUT." The Umpire will extend one arm above the head.
- To indicate NOT TO PITCH, the Umpire should raise one hand, with the palm facing the pitcher. "NO PITCH" will be declared, if the pitcher pitches while the Umpire has their hand in said position.





## APPENDIX 6: SCORING

#### A. THE BOX SCORE

a) Each player's name and the position, or positions to be played, must be listed in the order in which they batted, or would have batted, unless the player is legally substituted, ejected, removed from the game, or the game ends before their turn at bat. Any statistics accrued by the Replacement Player while they are in the game are credited to that player, even if they are a listed substitute who does not eventually enter the game as a substitution for another player.

### Any statistics accrued by a Temporary runner will accrue to the player for whom they are running.

- 1. The Extra Player (EP) is optional, but if one is used, it must be made known prior to the start of the game and be listed on the score sheet in the regular batting order. Eleven names (twelve for Co-ed) will be on the official batting order.
- b) Each player's batting and fielding record must be tabulated.
  - The first column will show the number of times at bat by each player, but a time at bat will not be charged against the player when that player
    - a) Hits a sacrifice fly that scores a runner.
    - b) Is awarded a base on balls.
- c) Is awarded first base because of obstruction.
  - 2. The second column will show the number of runs by each player.
  - 3. The third column will show the number of base hits made by each player. A base hit is a batted ball that permits the batter to reach the base safely.
    - a) When a batter-runner reaches first base, or any succeeding base, safely on a fair ball that settles on the ground, clears the fence, or strikes the fence before being touched by a fielder.
    - b) When a batter-runner reaches first base safely on a fair ball which is hit with such force, or such slowness, or which takes an unnatural bounce, making it impossible to field with ordinary effort in time to retire the batterrunner.

- c) When a fair ball, which has not been touched by a fielder, becomes a dead ball because of touching the person, or clothing, of a runner or Umpire.
- d) When the fielder unsuccessfully attempts to retire a preceding runner and, in the scorer's judgment, the batter-runner would not have been retired at first base by perfect fielding.
- e) When the batter ends the game with a base hit that drives in a sufficient number of runs to give his team the lead, the batter will be credited with only as many bases as were advanced by the runner scoring the winning run, provided the batter runs a similar number of bases.
- f) When the batter ends the game with an out of the park home run, they will be credited with a home run and all runners, including themselves, will be allowed to score.
- 4. The fourth column will show the number of opponents put out by each player.
  - a) A putout is credited to a fielder each time they
    - 1) catch a fly ball or line drive.
    - 2) catch a thrown ball that retires a batter or runner.
    - 3) touch a runner with the ball when the runner is off the base to which they are entitled.
    - 4) are nearest the ball when a runner is declared out for being struck by a fair ball, or interfering with the fielder
    - 5) are nearest the unreported substitute, who is declared out in accordance with Rule 3.2.8 Effect d iii.
    - 6) is nearest a runner, who is called out for running out of the base path.
  - b) A putout is credited to the catcher when:
    - 1) a third strike is called;
    - 2) the batter fails to bat in correct order;
    - 3) the batter interferes with the catcher:
    - 4) when the batter is called out, for batting illegally;
    - 5) when the batter is declared out, for using an illegal or altered bat:
    - 6) when the batter is called out for changing batter's box:
    - 7) when the batter bunts or chops down on the ball;
    - 8) when the batter hits a third strike foul ball.





- 5. The fifth column will show the number of assists made by each player. An assist shall be credited as follows:
  - a) To each player who handles the ball in any series of plays which results in the putout of the runner. Only one assist and no more shall be given to any player who handles the ball in any putout. A player, who has aided in a rundown or other play of the kind, may be credited with both an assist and a putout.
  - b) To each player who handles, or throws, the ball in such a manner that a putout would have resulted, except for an error of a teammate.
  - To each player who, by deflecting a batted ball, aids in a putout.
  - d) To each player who handles the ball in a play which results in a runner being called out for interference, or for running out of base line.
- 6. The sixth column will show the number of errors made by each player. An error is recorded in the following situations,
  - a) For each player who commits a misplay which prolongs the turn at bat of the batter, or life of the present runner.
  - b) For the fielder, who fails to touch the base after receiving the ball to retire the runner on a force-out, or when a runner is compelled to return to base.
  - For the catcher, if a batter is awarded first base for obstruction.
  - d) For the fielder, who fails to complete a double play because of dropping the ball.
  - e) For the fielder, if a runner advances a base, because of their failure to stop, or try to stop, a ball accurately thrown to a base, providing there was occasion for the throw. When more than one player could receive the throw, the scorer must determine which player gets the error.

#### **B. BASE HITS SHALL NOT BE RECORDED**

A base hit will not be scored in the following cases.

- a. When a runner is forced out by a batted ball, or would have been forced out, except for a fielding error.
- b. When a player fielding a batted ball retires a preceding runner

- with ordinary effort.
- c. When a fielder fails in an attempt to retire a preceding runner and, in the scorer's judgment, the batter-runner could have been retired at first base.
- d. When a batter-runner reaches first base safely, as a result of a preceding runner being called out for interfering with a batted ball, or a defensive player.
  - EXCEPTION: If, in the judgment of the scorer, the batter would have reached first base safely had the interference not occurred, a safe hit will be credited to the batter.

#### C. SACRIFICE FLY BALLS

A sacrifice fly is scored when, with less than two outs:

- a. the batter scores a runner with a fly ball which is caught; or
- b. The ball, or the line drive, handled by an outfielder (or an infielder running in the outfield) is dropped and a runner scores and, in the scorer's judgment, the runner could have scored after the catch, had the fly ball been caught.

#### D. RUNS BATTED IN

A run batted in is a run scored because of one of the following reasons.

- a) A safe hit.
- b) A sacrifice fly.
- c) A foul fly caught.
- d) An infield putout, or fielder's choice.
- e) A runner forced home because of obstruction, or being given a base on balls
- f) A homerun and all runs scored as a result.

#### **E. PITCHER CREDITED WITH A WIN**

A pitcher will be credited with a win in the following situations.

a) When they are the starting pitcher, and has pitched at least four innings, and their team was not only in the lead when they are replaced but remains in the lead for the remainder of the game.





b) When a game is ended after five innings of play, and the starting pitcher has pitched at least three innings, and their team scores more runs than the other team when the game is terminated.

#### F. PITCHER CHARGED WITH A LOSS

A pitcher will be charged with a loss, regardless of the number of innings they have pitched, if they are replaced when their team is behind in the score and their team thereafter fails to tie the score, or gain the lead.

#### **G. GAME SUMMARY**

The summary will list the following items in this order.

- a) The score by innings and the final score.
- b) The runs batted-in and by whom hit.
- c) Two-base hits and by whom hit.
- d) Three-base hits and by whom hit.
- e) Home runs and by whom hit.
- f) Sacrifice flies and by whom hit.
- g) Double plays and players participating in them.
- h) Triple plays and players participating in them.
- i) Number of walks given by each pitcher.
- j) Number of batters struck out by each pitcher.
- k) Number of hits and runs allowed by each pitcher.
- 1) The name of the winning pitcher.
- m) The name of the losing pitcher.
- n) The time of the game.
- o) The names of the Umpires and scorers.

#### H. RECORDS OF FORFEITED GAMES

All records of a forfeited game will be included in the official records, except that of a pitcher's won-lost record.

## APPENDIX 7: 2022-2025 RULE CHANGES

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#### APPROVED BY THE RULES COMMISSION, OCTOBER 11, 2021

#### 1.2.2 f) f)

after a warning by the Plate Umpire, any one of these Rules is willfully violated, except if the pitcher continues to repeatly violate a pitching Rule the pitcher will be removed from the pitching position for the remainder of the game and shall be declared an illegal pitcher;

#### 1.2.4 c)

If an incorrect runner is placed on second base, they shall be called out if a proper appeal is made by the defensive team after a pitch (legal or illegal) or play and is upheld. A proper appeal may be made at any time the incorrect runner is on base. If the offensive team places the correct runner on base before a proper appeal is made, there is no penalty.

#### 1.2.6 a) iv)

at any time an incorrect runner is on base in a tiebreaker Inning.

#### 1.2.6 e) x)

the use of an incorrect runner on second base in a tiebreaker inning.

#### 2.1.5

COACHES' BOX: The area in foul territory on the first base and third base side of the playing field in which the offensive coaches must position themselves (see Appendix 1-F for dimensions).

#### 2.1.11

ILLEGAL GLOVE OR MITT: A glove that does not meet the specifications of a legal glove or the use of a mitt by a fielder other than a catcher or first baseman.

#### 2.1.13

MITT: A mitt consists of a solid piece for finger placement, no finger slots and a deeper pocket than a glove. A glove has separated finger slots on the outside and back (see Appendix 4 Glove Specifications).



#### 2.1.15

ON-DECK CIRCLE: The area to which the on-deck batter is restricted while waiting their turn at bat (see Appendix 1- F for location and dimensions).

#### 2.4.1

GLOVES AND MITTS: Gloves or mitts with white, gray or yellow optic circles on the outside that give the appearance of a ball are not official equipment and must not be used.

#### 2.5.1 a) ii)

Caps, visors and headbands are optional for female players, and players are free to choose which of these they wish to wear. Each must be of the same color and style of the team uniform colors. Plastic or hard visors are not allowed.

#### 2.5.1 b) ii)

A player may wear one or two warming sleeves (compression sleeves) provided that each is the same one solid color that is a team uniform color and that the color matches all other undershirts worn by any player on that team.

#### 2.4-2.6

Effects (all)

Rule 2.4.2 Rule 2.4.3 a) Rule 2.4.3 (c-d) 2.5.1 2.6	Wearing Improper Shoes Failure of a youth catcher to wear a mask with helmet Improper uniform or improper wearing of a uniform by a player Improper dress by a coach
Effect	After a warning from the umpire and a failure to comply or a repetition of the violation, the violator shall be ejected from the game.

#### 3.1.8

ILLEGAL RE-ENTRY: An illegal re-entry occurs when:

- a) a starting player returns to the game in a different batting position in the line-up;
- b) a substitute re-enters the game, not as a replacement player;
- a starting player re-enters the game a second time, not as a replacement player;

- d) an ineligible replacement player enters the game; or
- e) the FLEX enters the game on offense for a player other than the DP.

#### 3.1.9

UNREPORTED SUBSTITUTION: An unreported substitution occurs when a player enters the game without being reported to the responsible umpire as:

- a) a substitute:
- b) a player eligible to enter, return to or stay in the game under the provisions of the replacement player rule;
- c) a declared ineligible player;
- d) an illegal re-entry.

#### 3.1.11

An ineligible replacement player entering the game is considered an illegal re-entry.

#### 3.1.18

ROSTER: The list of all players eligible to be entered on a team's line-up card.

#### 3.2.3 e)

All starting players, including the EP, may be substituted and re-enter the line-up once and must remain in the same batting position whenever they are in the line-up. A violation of this rule is considered an illegal re-entry.

#### 3.2.6 a)

A substitute may take the place of any player in the team lineup. Multiple substitutions may be made for the player listed in the starting line-up, but no substitute may return to the game after being substituted from the line-up, except as a Replacement Player or coach. A substitute who re-enters the game as a player is an illegal re-entry.

#### 3.2.6 d)

A team representative must notify the responsible umpire of all line-up card changes. A proper appeal of the failure to so that is upheld shall result in that player being declared an unreported substitution.





#### 3.2.6 f)

An ineligible player may not return to the game as a player.

#### 3.2.8 a)

A substitute named on the line-up card may take the place of any player in line-up. Multiple substitutions may be made for a player that is listed in the starting line-up, but no substitute may return to the game after being substituted (removed from the game), except as a replacement player. A substitute who re-enters the game as a player is an illegal re-entry.

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<b>3.1 and 3.2</b> Effects	
Rule 3.2.2 a, 3.2.3 c and 3.2.6 c	Failure to complete a game with the required number of players.
Effect	The game is forfeited to the non-offending team.
Rule 3.1.10 a-b, 3.2.4 b ii, 3.2.5 c ii, 3.2.6 d and 3.2.8 a-e	Unreported Substitution of: a) A substitute; b) A player under the Replacement player rule
Effect	<ul> <li>a) An unreported substitute may be appealed.</li> <li>b) The appeal must be brought to the attention of the responsible Umpire while the unreported substitute is in the game.</li> <li>c) Once a pitch has been thrown or a play has been made and the unreported substitute has been discovered, the player is declared an ineligible player.</li> <li>d) A legal substitute must replace the ineligible player. If the team in violation does not have a legal substitute, the game is forfeited in favor of the non-offending team</li> <li>e) If the unreported substitute is properly appealed while at bat, a legal substitute will assume the ball and strike count.</li> </ul>
	<ol> <li>All play completed prior to the discovery and</li> </ol>

successful appeal of an unreported substitute is legal;

however, if the unreported substitute bats, reaches

base or scores and is then discovered and a proper

appeal is made and upheld before a pitch is thrown

return to the base occupied at the time of the pitch

to the next batter, or at the end of the game and

before the umpires leave the field, all runners will

and the unreported substitute is called out.

#### Effect

- ii. Every out made while an unreported substitute is in the game will stand.
- f) If an unreported substitute is discovered on defense and after making a play or if the player is a pitcher and a pitch has been thrown and a proper appeal is made and upheld, the offensive team has the option of 1) taking the result of the play or 2) having the batter return to bat and assume the batter's ball and strike count prior to the discovery and successful appeal of the unreported substitute. Each runner would return to the base occupied prior to the play or pitch.
- g) After an upheld appeal for an unreported substitute or an illegal re-entry, the original player or their substitute is considered to have left the game.
- h) A substitute that is an illegal re-entry shall be subject to the penalty for the violation involved.
- i) A substitute that is a declared Ineligible Player will receive the penalty for that violation.

Rule 3.1.9. 3.1.12 3.2.3 e. 3.2.5 d. and 3.2.8

Illegal re-entry

#### Effect

- 1. This is subject to appeal, which can be made anytime while the illegal re-entered player is in the game and does not have to be made before the next pitch.
- a) The head coach named on the line-up card and the illegal re-entered player are ejected.
- b) A legal substitute must replace the ejected illegal reentered player before the game can continue.
- c) A new head coach must be named.
- d) If the illegal re-entry is also an unreported substitute, both effects must be applied.
- e) If an illegal re-entry is not appealed and if this results in both the illegal re-entry and the original player remaining in the game with the result that a number of consecutive players in the batting order to become illegal re-entries:
  - i. only the most recent illegal re-entry may be appealed; This player and the head coach named shall be ejected:
  - ii. the Effects for an illegal substitution also apply;
  - iii. a legal substitute must be entered into the game for the ejected player and a new head coach named;





#### Effect

iv. all other illegal re-entries who are not the direct subject of the appeal must return to their original position in the batting order without being considered an illegal re-entry and all plays stand, except as noted.

Should the FLEX enter on offense for a player other than the DP, is one of two or more Illegal Re-entries and is on base at the time of the appeal, even though the FLEX is not the direct subject of the appeal, the FLEX shall be removed from the base and returned to the 10th position on the line-up card. This is not an additional out. The Flex who is removed from a base is not replaced by another runner.

#### Rule 3.1.10 c and 3.1.11

Ineligible Player returning to the game

#### Effect

When a declared Ineligible player returns to the game, a forfeit is declared in favor of the non-offending team.

#### 3.3 a)

An appeal must be made by a manager, coach or player before an umpire may consider and make a decision on:

- i. an unreported substitution;
- ii. an illegal re-entry; or
- iii. an ineligible player.

#### 3.4.3. d)

While in a coaches' box, a base coach may hold a non-electronic, non-reflective scorebook, pen or pencil and an indicator, all of which must be used only for scorekeeping or recordkeeping purposes.

#### 4.2.2 b)

from the dugout a manager, coach or player reports a substitution to the responsible umpire and after making that substitution crosses the foul line to talk to the pitcher or any fielder.

#### 4.3.2 b)

Under the supervision and control of an umpire, a resin bag may be used to dry the hands and must be kept on the ground behind the

pitcher's plate within the pitching circle when not in use. During inclement weather or wet field conditions and with an umpire's permission, the resin bag may be placed in the pitcher's back pocket.

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#### 4.5

ILLEGAL PITCHER: A pitcher who has been declared as an illegal pitcher, as a result of the team exceeding the charged defensive conference limit, for pitching with excessive speed, or having been removed from the pitching position by the umpire for repeatedly violating the pitching rule, may not return to the pitching position at any time for the remainder of the game. The illegal pitcher may play another defensive position and continue on offense for the remainder of the game.

#### Effect 5.1 iv)

A pitch is not a play.

#### 5.1.9 c)

In order to have a legal catch, the fielder's feet must be within the field of play, touching the dead ball line or being in the air after leaving live ball territory. If the player has control of the ball when returning to the ground in 'dead ball' territory, it is a legal catch. A player who is in the dead ball territory and returns to the live ball territory must have both feet touching the playable territory prior to touching the ball in order to have a valid catch. It is a legal catch and the ball is live, when a fielder controls the ball in their hand(s), glove or mitt while standing on a collapsed flexible fence.

#### 5.1.34 vi)

The delivery of the wrong size ball to the batter (Co-ed Only).

#### 5.1.37

PLAY: After a pitch and when the ball is live:

- a) the batter hits the pitch and runs to first base;
- b) the defensive team attempts to put out a batter-runner or a runner.

#### 5.3 c) i)

The lead-off batter in each half inning must use the on-deck circle closest to their own dugout;



#### 5.4.3 a) vii)

When at any time a defensive team member erases the lines of a batter's box, a ball will be called on the next scheduled offensive team batter or the offensive team batter currently at bat. A pitch does not have to be thrown. When at any time an offensive team member erases the lines of a batter's box, a strike will be called on the next scheduled offensive team batter or the offensive team batter currently at bat. A pitch does not have to be thrown.

#### 5.4.3 b) ix) 2

When the coach or non-playing team member erases the lines, a strike will be called on the next scheduled batter (or their substitute) in the line-up. A pitch does not have to be thrown;

#### 5.5.2 a) iii) 3

anytime that they must legally advance to first base, unless they are injured and must receive treatment, while the ball is dead;

#### 5.5.2 c) ii) 2

a fly ball that a defensive player, in the judgment of the Umpire, is able to catch. The ball is declared dead. Runners are awarded the bases they would have obtained, in the umpire's judgement, had the interference not occurred.

#### 5.10.3 c) xii)

the batter or batter-runner is declared out for intentionally interfering with a play at home plate in an attempt to prevent an obvious out on an advancing runner at the plate. The advancing runner is out and all other runners must return to the base held at the time of the pitch.

#### 5.10.4

THE RUNNER IS NOT OUT: A runner is not out:

- g. when they are hit by a live, fair and untouched batted ball while in contact with their base, unless they intentionally interfere with the ball or a fielder making a play. The ball is dead or remains live, depending on the position of the fielder closest to the base at the time the ball contacts the runner:
  - i. the ball remains live if the fielder closest to the base is position ahead of the base;
  - ii. the ball becomes dead if the fielder is behind the base.

#### **APPENDICES**

#### Appendix 2 A 9

A bat that has any exposed rivets, pins, rough or sharp edges or any exterior fastener that is or presents a hazard is an illegal bat. A non-wooden bat must be free of burrs and cracks.

#### Appendix 2 A 10

A non-wooden bat must not have a wooden handle.

#### Appendix 2 A 12

A bat that is non-wooden and not made of one-piece construction with the barrel end closed must have a rubber or vinyl plastic or other material insert that is approved by the WBSC Equipment Standards Commission and is firmly secured at the large end of the bat.





	RULE	SECTION	ARTICLE	
ALTERED BAT	2	1	1	
Bat specifications		Appendix 2 A		
Batter in box with	5	4	4 a) iii)	
	5	4	4 a) iii)	
Batter is out and ejected for using	5	1	23 c)	
	Appe	endix 6 A b	4 b) 5)	
"Flare" or "Cone" grip attachment	2	1	1	
APPEAL PLAY	1	2	6	
Additional out appeals	1	2	5 d)	
May not result in an additional out	5	4	1 Effect b) vi)	
After time out/dead ball appeal	1	2	6 b)	
Batter-runner touches wrong base at 1st base	5	5	2 a) v)	
Duit to the	5	4	1 Effect	
Batting out of order	Appe	endix 5 A n	n)	
Dead Ball Appeal	1	2	6 b)	
Illegal re-entry	3	1	8 Effect	
M 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	2	6 d)	
May be made to reinstate correct batting order	5	4	1 b) vi)	
D. (	1	2	6	
Defensive team members may appeal	3	3		
Runners cannot return	5	9	g)	
Runners out	5	10	3 a) vii) & x)	
Tag up play (example)	1	2	9	
Types of appeals	1	2	6 d)	
BALL				
Called by Umpire	5	4	3 a)	
Carried into dead ball territory (intentional)	5	11	b) v)	
Carried into dead ball territory (unintentional)	5	11	a) b)	
Fair ball	5	1	17	
No signal used	Appe	Appendix 5 B c)		
Official	Appe	endix 3 A		
Out of play on losing possession on a play	5	11	Effect a) c)	
Putting in play	1	1	7 b)	
Size of ball	Appe	Appendix 3 A		
Slips from pitcher's hand	4	4	d)	
Yellow optic covered may be used	Appe	Appendix 3 A TABLE		
BALL COMPRESSION		Appendix 3 A e) 4		
BALL COR	Appe	endix 3 A e	) 5 & 6)	
BASE LINE	2	1	2	
BASE ON BALLS (WALK)	5	1	1	
		*	*	

	RULE	SECTION	ARTICLE
Batter becomes batter-runner	5	5	1b)
Intentional	5	1	28
intentional	5	5	1 b) ii)
BASE PATH	5	1	2
Runner not out	5	10	4 a)
Running outside of	5	5	2 a) vi)
DACE LIMBIDE	3	6	3
BASE UMPIRE	Apper	dix 5 A j)	
BASES	Apper	dix 1 C &	F
Must be run in legal order	5	9	
BAT (Specifications)	Apper	dix 2 A	
Hits ball a second time	5	4	4 a) viii)
May be engraved with personal "ID"	2	1	1
Removed from game	5	4	4 a) iii)
Warm-up bat	Apper	dix 2 B	
Attachment on warm-up bat	5	3	c) iii)
BAT BOY/GIRL			
Must wear helmet	3	4	3 Effect
BATTED BALL	5	1	3
Becomes a fair ball	5	1	17
Becomes a foul ball	5	1	21
Settles on home plate	5	1	17 a)
Touches a base	5	1	17 c)
BATTER	5	1	4
Becomes a batter-runner	5	5	1
Bats illegally	5	4	4 b) i)-iii)
Deliberately distracted by defense	4	3	3 b)
Deliberately erases lines of batter's box	5	4	3 b) ix)
Enters box with altered bat	5	4	4 a) iii)
Enters box with illegal bat	5	4	4 a) iii)
Hitting ball with bat a second time	5	4	4 a) vii)
Intentionally walked	5	5	1 b) ii)
Intentionally interferes with a thrown ball	5	4	4 b) iii)
Interferes with fielder's opportunity to make a play after being called out	5	10	3 c) v)
Interferes with the catcher	5	4	4 b) i)-ii)
Leaves box to get a running start before hitting ball	5	4	4 a) v)
Not taking position within 10 seconds	5	4	2 b)
Obstructed	5	5	1c) & Effect





	RULE	SECTION	ARTICLE
On-deck batter	5	3	
On-deck batter	5	1	33
Out	5	4	4
Out for on-deck youth player failing to wear helmet	5	3	c ii) & Effect
Youth batter must wear helmet	5	4	2 a)
Stepping across home plate while pitcher is taking signal from catcher	5	4	4 a) vii)
Stepping out of the batter's box	5	4	3 b) x)
Takes a running start before hitting ball	5	4	4 a) v)
Using an altered bat	5	4	4 a) iii)
Using an illegal bat	5	4	4 a) iii)
When a third out is made while at bat	5	4	1 d)
BATTER'S BOX	2	1	3
Dimensions	Apper	dix 1 F	
BATTER'S ON-DECK CIRCLE	Apper	dix 1 F	
On-deck batter may leave	5	3	c) iv)
BATTER-RUNNER	5	1	5
Fails to go directly to first base	5	5	2 a) iii)
Fails to touch fair portion of double base	5	5	2 a) v)
Illegal glove used on play	5	7	b)
Interferes with play at plate	5	5	2 b) x)
Interferes with a fair-batted ball	5	5	2 b) vi)
Interferes with fielder at first base	5	5	2 b) iii)
Interferes with a fielder fielding a batted ball	5	5	2 b) iii)
Interferes with a fielder throwing the ball	5	5	2 b) iv)
Interferes with a thrown ball	5	5	2 b) v)
Not out	5	7	b)
Obstructed	5	5	1 c)
Out	5	5	2
Out on intentional interference when using double base	5	5	2 b) ii)
Out when Infield Fly declared	5	5	2 a) iv)
Out when fielder intentionally drops a fly ball	5	5	2 b) xiii)
Out when member of team at bat interferes	5	5	2 b) ix)
Out when non-team member interferes	5	5	2 c) ii)
Runs outside one-meter line	5	5	2 b) ii)
Steps back toward home plate	5	5	2 b) xi)
Touches wrong base when running to first base	5	5	2 a) v)

	RULE	SECTION	ARTICLE	
BATTING ORDER	5	1	6	
BATTING ORDER	5	4	1	
BATTING OUT OF ORDER	5	4	1 Effect	
Discovered while on base	5	4	1 Effect b)	
Two or more outs may be achieved	5	4	1 Effect b) i & ii)	
BLOCKED BALL	5	1	7	
Award of bases	5	11	b) ii) Award	
Ball becomes dead	5	1	12	
	5	10	3 c) xii)	
Caused by offensive equipment on field	5	10	4	
BODY PROTECTORS	2	4	3 c)	
BOX SCORE	Appe	ndix 6 A		
BUNT	5	1	8	
Batter is out	5	4	4 a) vi)	
CAPS	2	5	1 a) i)	
CASTS	2	5	1 f)	
CATCH	5	1	9	
	5	5	2 b) xiv)	
Intentionally dropped	5	1	29	
Legally caught ball	5	1	9	
Illegally caught ball	5	1	24	
When completed	5	1	9	
CATCHER				
	3	2	2 b)	
Must be in position to receive pitch	4	3	5 a)	
Must return ball directly to pitcher	4	3	4 b)	
Protective equipment	2	4	3	
Obstructs batter	5	5	1c)	
CATCHER'S BOX	2	1	4	
Dimensions	Appe	Appendix 1 F		
CATCHER'S OBSTRUCTION	5	5	1c)	
Creates a delayed dead ball	5	5	1 c) Effect	
CHANGE OF UMPIRES	3	6	5	
CHARGED CONFERENCE				
Defensive	4	1	1	
Defensive conferences are accumulative	4	2	1a)	
Includes fielders going to dugout	4	1	1b)	
Offensive	5	1	10	
Second charged conference	5	2	b) & Effect	
CHOPPED BALL	5	1	11	





CLEATS (Shoes)         2         4         2           COACH         3         1         2           Assists runner         5         5         5         2 a) vii)           Assists runner         5         5         5         2 a) vii)           Attempts to create an Illegal pitch         4         4         e)           Defensive team coach         3         4         1 d)           Draws throw from fielder         5         10         3 c) viii)           Ejected from game         5         10         3 c) viii)           Interferes with a throw         5         10         3 c) viii)           Interferes with a throw         5         10         3 c) viii)           Interferes with opportunity to make a play         5         10         3 c) viii)           Interferes with opportunity to make a play         5         10         3 c) viii)           Interferes with opportunity to make a play         5         10         3 c) viii)           Interferes with opportunity to make a play         5         10         3 c) viii)           May not use offensive language         3         4         1c)           May not use offensive language         3         4		RULE	SECTION	ARTICLE
Assists runner	CLEATS (Shoes)	2	4	2
Assists runner  Assists runner  Astempts to create an Illegal pitch  Attempts to create an Illegal pitch  Attempts to create an Illegal pitch  Defensive team coach  Draws throw from fielder  Ejected from game  Ejected from game  To a suij) & Effect  Ejected from game  Ejected from game  Solution  To a suij) & Effect  Solution  Therferes with a throw  Interferes with opportunity to make a play  Manager referred to as Head Coach  May not use communication equipment  As a loo  May not use offensive language  To a solution  To a solution  Appendix 1F  COACH'S BOX  COIN TOSS  In a solution  COMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT  Not allowed  CONDITIONS OF FIELD  CONDITIONS OF FIELD  CONDITIONS OF FIELD  CONDITIONS OF FIELD  CONDERRENCES  Defensive  A 2 1  Not charged  A 2 2  DEAD BALL  Dead ball  Delayed  Delayed  DEFENSIVE CONFERENCES  Limited to three per seven innings  A 2 2 1 a)  Elected from game  B 2 a) Coll and in the college of the c	201011	3	1	2
Assists runner    5	COACH	3	1	6
S		5	5	2 a) vii)
Defensive team coach   3	Assists runner	5	10	3 a) v)
Draws throw from fielder         5         10         3 c) vii)           Ejected from game         5         2         b) & Effect           Interferes with a throw         5         10         3 xiii) & Effect           Interferes with opportunity to make a play         5         10         3 c) viii)           Manager referred to as Head Coach         3         1         6           May not use communication equipment         3         4         1 c)           May not use offensive language         3         5         1 c) & Effect           Offensive team coach         3         4         3 a)           Players may be designated as coach         3         1         2           Two coaches may be on field         3         4         3 b)           Appendix 1 F           2         1         5           COACH'S BOX         2         1         5           COIN TOSS         1         1         4 a)           COMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT         3         4         1 c)           Not allowed         3         4         1 c)           CONFERENCES         5         1         10           Defensive         4         2 </td <td>Attempts to create an Illegal pitch</td> <td>4</td> <td>4</td> <td>e)</td>	Attempts to create an Illegal pitch	4	4	e)
Ejected from game	Defensive team coach	3	4	1 d)
Ejected from game	Draws throw from fielder	5	10	3 c) vii)
S   10   3 xiii) & Effect		5	2	b) & Effect
Interferes with opportunity to make a play	Ejected from game	5	10	3 xiii) & Effect
Manager referred to as Head Coach         3         1         6           May not use communication equipment         3         4         1 c)           May not use offensive language         3         5         1 c) & Effect           Offensive team coach         3         4         3 a)           Players may be designated as coach         3         1         2           Two coaches may be on field         3         4         3 b)           Appendix 1 F           COACH'S BOX         2         1         5           COACH'S BOX           COIN TOSS         1         1         4 a)           COMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT           Not allowed         3         4         1 c)           CONMENCES           Defensive         4         2         1           Not charged         4         2         1           Not charged         4         2         2           Offensive         5         1         10           Charged         5         1         12           Dead ball         5         1         13	Interferes with a throw	5	10	3 c) viii)
May not use communication equipment         3         4         1 c)           May not use offensive language         3         5         1 c) & Effect           Offensive team coach         3         4         3 a)           Players may be designated as coach         3         1         2           Two coaches may be on field         3         4         3 b)           Appendix 1 F           2         1         5           COACH'S BOX         1         1         4 a)           COACH'S BOX           Appendix 1 F           2         1         5           COMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT           Not allowed         3         4         1 c)           COMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT         3         6         2 a)           CONTERENCES	Interferes with opportunity to make a play	5	10	3 c) viii)
May not use offensive language         3         5         1 c) & Effect           Offensive team coach         3         4         3 a)           Players may be designated as coach         3         1         2           Two coaches may be on field         3         4         3 b)           Appendix 1 F           2         1         5           COIN TOSS         1         1         4 a)           COMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT         3         4         1 c)           CONDITIONS OF FIELD         3         6         2 a)           CONFERENCES         5         1         10           Defensive         4         2         1           Not charged         4         2         2           Offensive         5         1         10           Charged         5         2         5           DEAD BALL         2         1         14           Dead ball         5         1         12           Delayed         5         1         13           DEFENSIVE CONFERENCES         4         1         1           Limited to three per seven innings         4         2         1 a)<	Manager referred to as Head Coach	3	1	6
Offensive team coach         3         4         3 a)           Players may be designated as coach         3         1         2           Two coaches may be on field         3         4         3 b)           COACH'S BOX         Appendix 1 F           2         1         5           COIN TOSS         1         1         4 a)           COMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT	May not use communication equipment	3	4	1c)
Players may be designated as coach         3         1         2           Two coaches may be on field         3         4         3 b)           Appendix 1 F           2         1         5           COIN TOSS         1         1         4 a)           COMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT           Not allowed         3         4         1 c)           CONDITIONS OF FIELD         3         6         2 a)           CONFERENCES	May not use offensive language	3	5	1 c) & Effect
Two coaches may be on field         3         4         3 b)           COACH'S BOX           COIN TOSS         1         1         4 a)           COMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT           Not allowed         3         4         1 c)           CONDITIONS OF FIELD         3         6         2 a)           CONFERENCES	Offensive team coach	3	4	3 a)
Appendix 1 F           COACH'S BOX         2         1         5           COIN TOSS         1         1         4 a)           COMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT	Players may be designated as coach	3	1	2
COACH'S BOX         2         1         5           COIN TOSS         1         1         4 a)           COMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT             Not allowed         3         4         1 c)           CONDITIONS OF FIELD         3         6         2 a)           CONFERENCES             Defensive         4         2         1           Not charged         4         2         2           Offensive         5         1         10           Charged         5         2            DEAD BALL         2         1         14           Dead ball         5         1         12           Delayed         5         1         13           DEFENSIVE CONFERENCES         4         1         1           Limited to three per seven innings         4         2         1 a)           4         2         1 d)           DEFENSIVE TEAM         1         1         2           Catcher obstruction         5         5         1 d)           5         5         1 c) & Effect           Contacting ball with detached equi	Two coaches may be on field	3	4	3 b)
COIN TOSS		Appe	endix 1 F	
COMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT         Not allowed         3         4         1 c)           CONDITIONS OF FIELD         3         6         2 a)           CONFERENCES	COACH'S BOX	2	1	5
Not allowed         3         4         1 c)           CONDITIONS OF FIELD         3         6         2 a)           CONFERENCES             Defensive         4         2         1           Not charged         4         2         2           Offensive         5         1         10           Charged         5         2            DEAD BALL         2         1         14           Dead ball         5         1         12           Delayed         5         1         13           DEFENSIVE CONFERENCES         4         1         1           Limited to three per seven innings         4         2         1 a)           4         2         1 d)           DEFENSIVE TEAM         1         1         2           Catcher obstruction         5         5         1 d)           5         5         1 c) & Effect           Contacting ball with detached equipment         5         10         1 j)	COIN TOSS	1	1	4 a)
CONDITIONS OF FIELD         3         6         2 a)           CONFERENCES         2         1           Defensive         4         2         1           Not charged         4         2         2           Offensive         5         1         10           Charged         5         2         1           DEAD BALL         2         1         14           Dead ball         5         1         12           Delayed         5         1         13           DEFENSIVE CONFERENCES         4         1         1           Limited to three per seven innings         4         2         1 a)           4         2         1 d)           DEFENSIVE TEAM         1         1         2           Catcher obstruction         5         5         1 d)           5         5         1 c) & Effect           Contacting ball with detached equipment         5         10         1 j)	COMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT			
CONFERENCES         Image: Conference of the properties of the propert	Not allowed	3	4	1c)
Defensive         4         2         1           Not charged         4         2         2           Offensive         5         1         10           Charged         5         2           DEAD BALL         2         1         14           Dead ball         5         1         12           Delayed         5         1         13           DEFENSIVE CONFERENCES         4         1         1           Limited to three per seven innings         4         2         1 a)           4         2         1 d)           DEFENSIVE TEAM         1         1         2           Catcher obstruction         5         5         1 d)           5         5         1 c) & Effect           Contacting ball with detached equipment         5         10         1 j)	CONDITIONS OF FIELD	3	6	2 a)
Not charged         4         2         2           Offensive         5         1         10           Charged         5         2         2           DEAD BALL         2         1         14           Dead ball         5         1         12           Delayed         5         1         13           DEFENSIVE CONFERENCES         4         1         1           Limited to three per seven innings         4         2         1a)           4         2         1 d)           DEFENSIVE TEAM         1         1         2           Catcher obstruction         5         5         1 d)           5         5         1 c) & Effect           Contacting ball with detached equipment         5         10         1 j)	CONFERENCES			
Offensive         5         1         10           Charged         5         2           DEAD BALL         2         1         14           Dead ball         5         1         12           Delayed         5         1         13           DEFENSIVE CONFERENCES         4         1         1           Limited to three per seven innings         4         2         1a)           4         2         1 d)           DEFENSIVE TEAM         1         1         2           Catcher obstruction         5         5         1 d)           5         5         1 c) & Effect           Contacting ball with detached equipment         5         10         1 j)	Defensive	4	2	1
Charged         5         2           DEAD BALL         2         1         14           Dead ball         5         1         12           Delayed         5         1         13           DEFENSIVE CONFERENCES         4         1         1           Limited to three per seven innings         4         2         1 a)           4         2         1 d)           DEFENSIVE TEAM         1         1         2           Catcher obstruction         5         5         1 d)           5         5         1 c) & Effect           Contacting ball with detached equipment         5         10         1 j)	Not charged	4	2	2
DEAD BALL         2         1         14           Dead ball         5         1         12           Delayed         5         1         13           DEFENSIVE CONFERENCES         4         1         1           Limited to three per seven innings         4         2         1 a)           4         2         1 d)           DEFENSIVE TEAM         1         1         2           Catcher obstruction         5         5         1 d)           5         5         1 c) & Effect           Contacting ball with detached equipment         5         10         1 j)	Offensive	5	1	10
Dead ball         5         1         12           Delayed         5         1         13           DEFENSIVE CONFERENCES         4         1         1           Limited to three per seven innings         4         2         1 a)           4         2         1 d)         1           DEFENSIVE TEAM         1         1         2           Catcher obstruction         5         5         1 d)           5         5         1 c) & Effect           Contacting ball with detached equipment         5         10         1 j)	Charged	5	2	
Delayed         5         1         13           DEFENSIVE CONFERENCES         4         1         1           Limited to three per seven innings         4         2         1 a)           4         2         1 d)           DEFENSIVE TEAM         1         1         2           Catcher obstruction         5         5         1 d)           5         5         1 c) & Effect           Contacting ball with detached equipment         5         10         1 j)	DEAD BALL	2	1	14
DEFENSIVE CONFERENCES         4         1         1           Limited to three per seven innings         4         2         1 a)           4         2         1 d)           DEFENSIVE TEAM         1         1         2           Catcher obstruction         5         5         1 d)           5         5         1 c) & Effect           Contacting ball with detached equipment         5         10         1 j)	Dead ball	5	1	12
A   2   1 a	Delayed	5	1	13
Limited to three per seven innings         4         2         1 d)           DEFENSIVE TEAM         1         1         2           Catcher obstruction         5         5         1 d)           5         5         1 c) & Effect           Contacting ball with detached equipment         5         10         1 j)	DEFENSIVE CONFERENCES	4	1	1
4   2   1 d)	Lineite al English and an annual state of	4	2	1a)
Catcher obstruction         5         5         1 d)           5         5         1 c) & Effect           Contacting ball with detached equipment         5         10         1 j)	Limited to three per seven innings	4	2	1 d)
5 5 1 c) & Effect  Contacting ball with detached equipment 5 10 1 j)	DEFENSIVE TEAM	1	1	2
Contacting ball with detached equipment 5 10 1j)	Catcher obstruction	5	5	1 d)
		5	5	1 c) & Effect
Illegal pitch 4 4 e) & Effect	Contacting ball with detached equipment	5	10	1 j)
	Illegal pitch	4	4	e) & Effect

	RULE	SECTION	ARTICLE
Obstruction	5	1	1 c)
DELIBERATE CRASH BY RUNNER	5	10	3 c) ix)
DIAMOND DIMENSIONS (Also refer to drawings)	Appendix 1 A		
DISLODGED BASE	5	1	15
Runner not out when he dislodges base	5	10	4 n)
Succeeding runners not required to touch	5	9	e)
DISPARAGING REMARKS	3	5	1 c)
Coaches may not use	3	4	c) i) & Effect
DISPUTED CALLS	3	5	1a)
DISPUTED CALES	3	5	1 a) & Effect
Distracting adornments	2	5	1g)
DOUBLE BASE (IF USED)	5	6	
Batted ball hits base	5	6	a) i)
No play made at base	5	6	b) i)
Play made at base on a batted ball	5	5	2 b) xii)
Play made from first base foul territory	5	6	a) ii)
DOUBLE, GROUND RULE	Appendix 5 B 1		
DOUBLE PLAY	5	1	16
DROPPED BALL DURING PITCHER'S WIND-UP	4	4	d)
DUGOUT	1	1	4
Remain in dugout	3	5	1 b)
Conduct in dugout	2	1	5
EJECTION FROM GAME	3	1	3
Additional charged offensive conference	5	2	b) & Effect
Batter using altered bat	5	4	4 a) iii)
Deliberate crash by runner	5	10	3 c) ix)
Employing tactics to create illegal pitch	4	4	e) & Effect
Fielder obstructs with a fake tag	5	10	2
Foreign substance placed on ball	4	3	2 & Effect
Forfeit results from ejection	1	2	2 g) & h)
Illegal Pitcher returns to game	4	5	& Effect a)
Of coach	3	4	a) - e) & Effect
Of team members	3	5	1 & Effect
On-deck youth batter not wearing helmet	5	3	c) ii) & Effect
Return after ejection causes forfeit	1	2	2 i)
Runners switching position on bases after offensive conference	5	10	3 a) xiii) & Effect
Team member erases lines of batter's box	5	4	3 b) ix) 3)
Umpires may eject for violations	Appe	ndix 5 A k	() 3)





	RULE	SECTION	ARTICLE	
Using illegal warm-up bat after warning	5	3	c) iii & Effect	
ELIGIBILITY OF PLAYER MAY BE PROTESTED	1	1	9 b)	
When to protest	1	2	11	
Result	1	2	14 c)	
EQUIPMENT	2			
Official equipment	2	3		
Game equipment	2	1	12	
Detached equipment	5	1	14	
ERRORS (Scoring of)	Appe	ndix 6 A	•	
FACE MASKS	2	4	3 b)	
Youth catchers must wear mask & helmet	2	4	3 a)	
Damaged facemasks prohibited	2	4	3 b)	
FAIR BALL	5	1	17	
Contacts the foul pole	5	1	17 g)	
Interfered with	5	5	1 d)	
Judged by position of ball	5	1	17 h)	
Signal	Appendix 5 B f)			
Batter-runner interferes with	5	5	2 b) vi)	
Strikes runner	5	5	1 d)	
	5	10	4 d) - f)	
Strikes Umpire	5	5	1 d)	
FAIR TERRITORY	2	1	6	
FAKE TAG	5	1	18	
Causes obstruction	5	1	18	
FIELDER	3	1	4	
Causes obstruction	5	1	32 b)	
	5	11	Effect b) i) 3)	
Deflects a batted ball out of play	5	11	Effect b) i) 6) a)	
Deliberately kicks ball out of play	5	11	Effect b) v)	
Distracts batter	4	3	3 b)	
Intentionally carries ball out of play	5	11	Effect a) b)	
In game illegally	3	1	8 a) & b)	
Loses possession of ball on tag play	5	11	Effect a) c)	
Positions on diamond	3	2	2 a) & b)	
Unintentionally carries ball out of play	5	11	Effect a) b)	
FITNESS OF GROUND	3	6	2 a)	
FLY BALL	5	1	19	
Deliberately dropped	5	1	29	
FORCE OUT	5	1	20	
FORCE OUT	5	10	3 a) iii)	

	RULE	SECTION	ARTICLE		
Runs do not score	1	2	5 c) ii)		
FOREIGN SUBSTANCE ON BALL	4	3	2		
FORFEIT	1	1	3		
Failure to complete game with EP	3	2	4 b) & Effect		
Ineligible player returns to game	1	2	2 i)		
Ineligible roster member used	1	2	14 c)		
No substitute available	3	2	Effect d) i)		
Plate Umpire rules	1	1	3		
Reasons for forfeit	1	2	2 a)-j)		
Score of	1	2	7 c)		
Scoring records	Appe	ndix 6			
Team has insufficient players	3	2	2 c)		
FOUL BALL	5	1	21		
Signal	Appe	ndix 5 B	e)		
FOUL TERRITORY	2	1	7		
FOUL TIP	5	1	22		
Is a strike	5	1	22 b)		
GAME CALLED BY UMPIRE	1	2	1c)		
GLOVES (refer to softball glove drawing)	2	1	12		
Use of illegal glove	2	1	10		
Option play	5	1	34 b)		
GROUND RULE DOUBLE	5	11	b) i) 1)		
Signal	Appe	Appendix 5 B 1)			
GROUND RULES	Appendix 5 A f)				
HEAD BANDS	2	5	1 a) ii)		
HEAD COACH	3	1	6		
Must provide name of new coach in case of ejection	3	4	2 b)		
Name must be listed on line-up card	3	2	1a) iii)		
Responsible for signing line-up card	3	4	2 a)		
HELMET	2	1	8		
Accidentally dislodged	5	8	b) ii)		
Are mandatory for junior players	5	4	2 a)		
Damaged helmets prohibited	2	1	8		
Defensive player may wear	2	1	8 b)		
Deliberately removed during play	5	8	a)		
Must have two earflaps	2	1	8 a)		
	5	8	b) i)		
Thrown ball contacts helmet	5	8	b) ii)		





	RULE	SECTION	ARTICLE	
HOME PLATE	Appe	ndix 1 D -	G	
HOME RUN	5	5	1 e)	
Removal of helmet on a home run	5	8	a)	
Signal	Appe	ndix 5 B m	1)	
HOME AND VISITING TEAM	1	1	4	
ILLEGAL BAT	2	1	9	
Batter in box with or using	5	4	4 a) iii)	
ILLEGAL GLOVE	2	1	10	
Batter-runner not out	5	7		
Option play	5	1	34 b)	
Runner not out	5	7	c)	
ILLEGAL PITCH	4	3	1 to 7 & Effect	
Is nullified	4	3	1 to 7 & Effect	
ILLEGAL PITCHER	4	5		
Declared when defense exceeds conference limit	4	5		
Returns to pitching position	4	5	Effect	
Penalty for use of	3	2	Effect d)	
ILLEGAL RE-ENTRY	3	1	8	
Penalty for use of	3	2	Effect d)	
Use of Ineligible Replacement Player	3	1	12	
ILLEGAL SUBSTITUTE	3	1	10	
Must be appealed	1	2	6 a) i)	
Penalty for use of	3	2	Effect a)	
ILLEGAL WARM-UP BATS	2	3	2	
Specifications	Appendix 2 B			
Penalty for use of	5	3	c) iii) Effect	
ILLEGALLY BATTED BALL	5	1	23	
Batter is out	5	4	4 a)	
ILLEGALLY CAUGHT BALL	5	1	24	
Runners may advance without liability	5	10	1 j)	
INCOMPLETE GAME	1	2	1	
INCORRECT UNIFORM NUMBER ON LINE-UP CARD	3	2	1 d)	
INELIGIBLE PLAYER	3	1	11	
Called out	3	2	Effect c)	
Causes forfeit	3	2	Effect f)	
Removed from game	3	2	Effect c)	
INELIGIBLE REPLACEMENT PLAYER	3	1	12	
	3	2	5 d)	

	RULE	SECTION	ARTICLE
Use of considered an illegal re-entry	3	2	6 d) Effect
IN FLIGHT	5	1	25
IN JEOPARDY	5	1	27
IN PLAY (Ball)	1	1	7 b)
INFIELD	2	1	11
INFIELDER	3	1	13
INFIELD FLY	5	1	26
Ball remains alive	5	5	2 a) iv)
Batter-runner out	5	5	2 a) iv)
Signal	Apper	ndix 5 B n	)
Takes precedence over deliberately dropped ball	5	1	29
INJURED PLAYER			
May be replaced at pre-game meeting	3	2	3 c)
May be substituted prior to advancing to an awarded base	3	2	6 f)
Umpire should suspend play	3	6	7 f)
INNING	1	1	5
INSULTING REMARKS TOWARD PLAYERS OR UMPIRES	3	5	1c) i
	5	1	28
INTENTIONAL BASE ON BALLS (WALK)	5	5	1 b) ii)
Ball is dead	5	1	28
INTENTIONALLY DROPPED FLY BALL	5	1	29
Ball is dead	5	1	29
Batter-runner out	5	1	29
Infield Fly takes precedence	5	1	29
Trapped ball not considered to be dropped	5	1	29
INTERFERENCE	5	1	30
Ball dead	5	3	c) v) Effect
Batted ball striking Umpire	5	5	1 d)
Batter-runner returns to bat	5	4	1 d) & Effect
By base coach	5	5	2 b) ix)
By batter	5	5	2 b) x)
By batter-runner	5	5	2 c) ii -xi)
By immediate preceding runner	5	5	c) i)
By member of team at bat	5	5	b) ix)
By non-team member	5	5	2 c) ii)
By on-deck batter	5	3	c) v) Effect
By Plate Umpire	5	1	30 b)
By runner	5	1	30 b)





Caused by offensive team equipment  Hitting a batted ball a second time  Runners return	5	10	- · · · · ·
	_		3 c) xii)
Runners return	5	4	4 a) viii)
	5	4	4 a)
JEWELRY	2	5	1g)
JUDGMENT DECISIONS DISPUTED	3	5	1
JUNIOR AGE PLAYERS MUST WEAR A HELMET WHILE COACHING OR ACTING AS BAT BOYS/GIRLS	3	4	3 e)
LEGAL DELIVERY	4	3	7
LEGAL TOUCH (TAG)	5	1	40
Batter-runner is out	5	1	40 a)
Runner is out	5	1	42 a)
LEGAL WARM-UP BATS	2	3	2 & Appendix 2 B
On-deck batter may use	5	3	c) iii)
LINE DRIVE	5	1	31
Intentionally dropped	5	1	29
	3	1	14
LINE-UP & LINE-UP CARD	3	1	15
	3	2	1
Batting Order to be followed	5	4	1
Head coach must sign	3	4	2 a)
Incorrect uniform number listed	3	2	1 d)
LIVE BALL			
Carried into dead ball territory	5	11	Effect b) v)
LOSS, CHARGED TO PITCHER (Scoring)	Appen	dix 6 F	
MANAGER EJECTED	3	2	6 Effect b)
MASKS	2	4	3 a)-c)
MEDICAL APPARATUS	2	5	1 f) - g)
MITTC	2	4	1 a)
MITTS	2	1	10
MULTICOLORED GLOVES (Use of)	2	4	1c)
NO PITCH	4	4	
Signal	5	В	0)
NAMES (Uniform)	2	5	1 e)
Must be listed on line-up card	3	2	3 b)
NON-TEAM MEMBER CREATES INTERFERENCE	5	5	1 f) & Effect
NUMBERS (Uniform)	2	5	1 d)
Incorrect number on line-up card	3	2	1 d)
OBSTRUCTION	5	1	32
Act of interference takes precedence	5	10	2 c) i)

	RULE	SECTION	ARTICLE	
By catcher	5	5	1 c) Effect 4)	
Defensive team	1	1	2	
Fielder cannot block base without possession of ball	5	1	32 b) i)	
Runner cannot be out	5	10	2 c)	
Runner may be out	5	10	2 c) i)	
OFFENSIVE CONFERENCES	5	1	10	
OFFENSIVE TEAM	1	1	6	
Attempts to create an Illegal Pitch	4	4	e) & Effect	
OFFICIAL SOFTBALL	2	3	3	
OFFICIAL BAT	2	3	1	
OFFICIAL EQUIPMENT	2	1	12	
Blocked ball	5	1	7	
On playing field	2	1	12	
OFFICIAL SCOREKEEPER	3	7	1	
011 0501/01755	5	1	33	
ON-DECK BATTER	5	3		
May leave on-deck circle	5	3	c) iv)	
May not interfere	5	3	c) v) & Effect	
Must wear a helmet	2	1	8 a)	
Using illegal warm-up bats	5	3	c) iii)	
	Appe			
ON-DECK CIRCLE	2	2	2 a)	
	2	1	13	
ONE-METER (3 FOOT) LINE	Appe	Appendix 1 E		
Batter-runner may run out of line	5	6	a) ii)	
Batter-runner out	5	5	2 b) ii)	
OPTION PLAYS	5	1	34	
Catcher obstruction	5	1	32 a)	
Outs made using illegal glove	5	7		
Illegal substitute	3	2	6 d)	
Female batter on previous male batter walk	5	5	13)	
OUT				
Batter	5	4	4	
Batter-runner	5	5	2	
Signal	Appe	endix 5 B g	)	
OUTFIELD	2	1	13	
OVERRUNNING FIRST BASE				
Runner attempts to go to second base	5	10	1 h)	
Runner not out	5	10	4 j)	





PITCH         4           Delivered with catcher not in catcher's box         4           Illegal actions         4           Intentional Base on Balls         5           No pitch declared         4           Quick return pitch         4           Must be returned directly by catcher         4           Starts         4           Slips from pitcher's hand         4           Warm-up pitches allowed         4	5	1		
Runner is not out         5           Runner is out         5           OVERTHROW         5           Award of bases         5           PERSON ASSIGNED TO GAME           Struck by a live ball         5           PINE TAR         Permissible on bat grip           PITCH         4           Delivered with catcher not in catcher's box         4           Illegal actions         4           Intentional Base on Balls         5           No pitch declared         4           Quick return pitch         4           Must be returned directly by catcher         4           Starts         4           Slips from pitcher's hand         4           Warm-up pitches allowed         4			35	
Runner is out  OVERTHROW  Award of bases  PERSON ASSIGNED TO GAME  Struck by a live ball  PINE TAR  Permissible on bat grip  ADELING With Catcher not in catcher's box  Illegal actions  Intentional Base on Balls  No pitch declared  Quick return pitch  Must be returned directly by catcher  Starts  4  Slips from pitcher's hand  Warm-up pitches allowed	5	10	3 a) x)	
OVERTHROW  Award of bases  PERSON ASSIGNED TO GAME  Struck by a live ball  PINE TAR  Permissible on bat grip  ADELING With Catcher not in catcher's box  Illegal actions  Intentional Base on Balls  No pitch declared  Quick return pitch  Must be returned directly by catcher  Starts  4  Slips from pitcher's hand  Warm-up pitches allowed	5	10	4 n)	
Award of bases  PERSON ASSIGNED TO GAME  Struck by a live ball  PINE TAR  Permissible on bat grip  ADelivered with catcher not in catcher's box  Illegal actions  Intentional Base on Balls  No pitch declared  Quick return pitch  Must be returned directly by catcher  Starts  Slips from pitcher's hand  Warm-up pitches allowed	5	10	3 a) iv)	
PERSON ASSIGNED TO GAME  Struck by a live ball 5  PINE TAR  Permissible on bat grip A  PITCH 4  Delivered with catcher not in catcher's box 4  Illegal actions 4  Intentional Base on Balls 5  No pitch declared 4  Quick return pitch 4  Must be returned directly by catcher 4  Starts 4  Slips from pitcher's hand 4  Warm-up pitches allowed 4	5	1	36	
Struck by a live ball  PINE TAR  Permissible on bat grip  A  PITCH  Delivered with catcher not in catcher's box  Illegal actions  Intentional Base on Balls  No pitch declared  Quick return pitch  Must be returned directly by catcher  Starts  4  Slips from pitcher's hand  Warm-up pitches allowed	5	11	Effect b) ii)	
PINE TAR  Permissible on bat grip  PITCH  Delivered with catcher not in catcher's box  Illegal actions  Intentional Base on Balls  No pitch declared  Quick return pitch  Must be returned directly by catcher  Starts  Slips from pitcher's hand  Warm-up pitches allowed				
Permissible on bat grip         A           PITCH         4           Delivered with catcher not in catcher's box         4           Illegal actions         4           Intentional Base on Balls         5           No pitch declared         4           Quick return pitch         4           Must be returned directly by catcher         4           Starts         4           Slips from pitcher's hand         4           Warm-up pitches allowed         4	5	10	1 e) iii)	
PITCH         4           Delivered with catcher not in catcher's box         4           Illegal actions         4           Intentional Base on Balls         5           No pitch declared         4           Quick return pitch         4           Must be returned directly by catcher         4           Starts         4           Slips from pitcher's hand         4           Warm-up pitches allowed         4				
Delivered with catcher not in catcher's box         4           Illegal actions         4           Intentional Base on Balls         5           No pitch declared         4           Quick return pitch         4           Must be returned directly by catcher         4           Starts         4           Slips from pitcher's hand         4           Warm-up pitches allowed         4	Append	lix 2 A 11		
Illegal actions	1	1	3	
Intentional Base on Balls	1	3	5	
No pitch declared         4           Quick return pitch         4           Must be returned directly by catcher         4           Starts         4           Slips from pitcher's hand         4           Warm-up pitches allowed         4	1	3	7 & Effects	
Quick return pitch         4           Must be returned directly by catcher         4           Starts         4           Slips from pitcher's hand         4           Warm-up pitches allowed         4	5	1	28	
Must be returned directly by catcher 4 Starts 4 Slips from pitcher's hand 4 Warm-up pitches allowed 4	1	4		
Starts 4 Slips from pitcher's hand 4 Warm-up pitches allowed 4	1	3	8	
Slips from pitcher's hand 4 Warm-up pitches allowed 4	1	3	4 b)	
Warm-up pitches allowed 4	1	3	6	
	1	4	d)	
	1	3	1	
PITCHER				
Becomes an illegal pitcher 4	1	5		
Charged with a loss (scoring)	Appendix 6 E			
Credited with a win (scoring)	Appendix 6 F			
Fails to pitch within allowed time 5	5	4	3 a) iv)	
Illegal Pitcher returns to pitch 5	5	1	34 d)	
Legal delivery 4	1	3	7	
May not continue wind-up after delivery 4	1	3	7 h)	
May return to the position 4	1	3	1 d)	
May use resin to dry hands 4	1	3	2 b) - c)	
Must bring body to full & complete stop 4	1	3	5 c)	
Must release pitch within 10 seconds 4	1	3	7	
Not considered in position 4	1	3	5 a)	
Penalty for extra warm-up pitches 4	1	3	1 a) Effect	
Pitches during suspension of play 4	1	4		
Preliminaries 4	1	3	5	
Removed after excessive charged defensive conferences 4	1	2	1 a) Effect	
Foreign substance on pitching hand 4	1	3	2 e) & f)	
Warm-up pitches allowed 4				

	RULE	SECTION	ARTICLE
PITCHER'S PLATE	Appe	ndix 1 F	
Pitcher must maintain contact with	4	3	7 f)
PITCHING DISTANCES	Appe	ndix 1 F	
PITCHING POSITION	4	3	5 a)
PIVOT FOOT	4	1	4
Must remain in contact with pitcher's plate	4	3	7 f)
PLATE UMPIRE	3	6	2
Decides on fitness of ground	3	6	2 a)
Duties	Appe	ndix 5 A j)	
PLAY	5	1	38
PLAYERS	3	2	2
Become starting players	3	1	19
Defensive positioning	3	2	2 b)
Defensive positioning prior to pitch	4	3	3
Ejected for attempting to cause an illegal pitch	4	4	e) & Effect
Ejected for distracting batter	4	3	3 b) & Effect
Ejected for fake tag obstruction	5	10	2 b)
Ejected for Illegal Re-entry	3	2	8 Effect b)
Ejected for using illegal warm-up bat	5	3	c) iii) Effect
Entering as a Replacement Player	3	1	18
May act as a coach	3	1	11
May be substituted	3	2	e)
May not wear distracting jewelry	2	5	1g)
May sit on bench after being removed from game	3	1	11
May wear facemasks / guards	2	4	3 b)
May wear helmets while on defense	2	1	8 b)
May wear non-standard uniform	2	5	1 a) iii)
Minimum number required to play	3	2	2 a) i) - iv)
Must be required number to start or continue game	3	2	2 c)
Must leave game and ground when ejected	3	5	1 c) b) Effect
Officially in game	3	2	6 c)
Penalty for violations	3	2	Effect
Removed from game after being declared as Ineligible Player	3	1	11
Removed from game for failure to remove illega uniform	2	5	1 Effect
Required to change uniform number	7	2	E E S
	3	2	5 b)





	RULE	SECTION	ARTICLE		
PLAY BALL	1	1	7		
Batter must take position after umpire calls	5	4	2 b)		
Signal	Appendix 5 B a)				
Team fails to resume play after call of	1	2	2 d)		
PLAY MADE BY UNANNOUNCED SUBSTITUTE	3	2	Effect a) & e)		
PLAYING FIELD	2	2			
Fitness for play	3	6	2 a)		
Diamond layout	Appe	endix 1			
Ground rules establishing limits	2	2	3 a)		
Using baseball field	2	2	3 b)		
Warning track	2	2	1b)		
	1	1	18		
PRE-GAME MEETING	3	2	3 a)		
	1	1	9		
PROTEST	1	2	8		
	1	2	9		
Effect of result of protest decision	1	2	14		
Information needed	1	2	13		
Notification of intent to lodge	1	2	11		
That will be considered	1	2	8 a)		
That will not be considered	1	2	10		
Time limit to lodge	1	2	12		
QUICK RETURN PITCH	4	1	5		
Becomes a No Pitch	4	4	a)		
REENTRY	3	1	9		
Illegal reentry	3	2	6 f)		
REFUSING TO PLAY OR CONTINUE GAME	1	2	2 b)		
REGULATION GAME	1	2	1 a)-f)		
REMOVAL FROM GAME	3	1	17		
Altered & illegal bat must be removed	5	4	4 a) iii)		
Illegal warm-up bat must be removed	5	3	c) iii)		
Ineligible player	3	1	11		
Failure of player to leave game in required time	3	5	1 c) Effect c)		
Failure of player to remove jewelry	2	5	1g) Effect		
REMOVAL FROM PITCHING POSITION					
For exceeding defensive conference limit	4	2	1 a) Effect		
DEDI ACCUENT DI AVED	3	1	17		
REPLACEMENT PLAYER	3	2	5 a)		
Can bat & field	3	2	5 c)		
Must be reported to umpire	3	2	5 d)		

	RULE	SECTION	ARTICLE
Not subject to provisions of substitutions rule	3	2	5 c)
Required when player bleeding	3	2	5 b)
Statistics to be credited (scoring)	Appendix 6 A a)		
To be treated as a substitute	3	2	5 c)
Use of ineligible replacement player	3	1	12
RESIN			
May be used on bat	Appe	endix 2 A 11	)
Use by pitcher	4	3	2 b)-d)
RETURN OF PITCH TO PITCHER BY CATCHER	4	3	4 b)
0007500	3	2	
ROSTERS	3	1	19
Eligible members may be added to line-up at any time	3	2	1 c)
Must be male or female only	3	2	1 d)
Use of ineligible roster members may be	1	1	9 b)
protested	1	2	14 c)
RUNNER	5	1	37
Abandons base	5	10	3 a) xi)
Award of bases due to contact with detached player equipment	5	11	Effect c)
Award of bases on ball carried out of play	5	11	Effect b) v)
Award of bases on ball overthrown out of play	5	11	Effect b) ii)
Cannot leave until ball reaches home plate, touches ground or is batted	5	10	3 b) ii)
	5	3	c) v) Effect 1) a)
Closest to home is out	5	5	2 b) ix)
Interferes with fielder attempting to field fair-batted ball	5	5	2 b) iii)
Comes in contact with fielder not entitled to field ball	5	10	4 c)
Deflects a fair-batted ball	5	11	b) i) 6) b)
Deliberately crashes into fielder with ball	5	10	3 c) ix)
Disladassa bass	5	10	4 n)
Dislodges a base	5	10	1 i)
Enters team area while ball alive	5	10	3 a) xi)
Entitled to advance with liability to be put out	5	10	1
Entitled to hold base	5	9	d)
Ejected due to deliberate crash	5	10	3 c) ix)
	5	10	3 c) i)
Hit by batted ball	5	10	1 e) i)





Illegal glove used on play		RULE	SECTION	ARTICLE
Intentionally kicks ball   5   10   3 c) ii)     Interferes with batted ball   5   10   3 c) ii)     Interferes with fielder attempting to field or throw a ball     Interferes with fleward a ball     Interferes with play after being called out or after scoring     Interferes with thrown ball   5   10   3 c) iii)     Interferes with thrown ball   5   10   3 c) iii)     Leaves base too soon   5   10   3 c) iii)     Leaves base too soon   5   10   3 c) iii)     May leave base when fly ball first touched   5   10   1 d)     May not return to a missed base after following runner has scored   5   9   h)     May return to a missed base when ball is dead   5   10   3 a) Effect EXCEPTION     May wear a plastic facemask / guard   2   4   3 b)     Misses a base   5   10   3 a) viii) & Effect EXCEPTION     Misses home plate   5   10   3 a) x)     Must return to base   5   9   b) i)     Must return to base   5   9   b) i)     Must touch awarded bases in legal order   5   9   j)     Must wear a helmet   5   10   3 b) 1)     Not out   5   10   4     Obstructed but cannot be out   5   9   a)     Obstructed but may be put out   5   10   3 c) vi)     Out Offensive team collecting at a base to confuse   5   10   3 c) vi)     Out for removing helmet   5   8   a)     Out for switching positions on base following offensive conference   5   10   3 a) vii) - x) & Effect     Out on appeal plays   5   10   3 a) vii) - x) & Effect     Out on force play   5   10   3 a) vii) - x) & Effect     Out when assisted by anyone other than a runner   5   10   3 a) viii	Illegal glove used on play	5	7	b) & c)
Interferes with batted ball   5   10   3 c) i) & ii)     Interferes with fielder attempting to field or throw a ball   10   3 c) iii)     Interferes with play after being called out or after scoring   10   3 c) iii)     Interferes with play after being called out or after scoring   10   3 c) iii)     Interferes with thrown ball   5   10   3 c) iii)     Leaves base too soon   5   10   3 a) iii)     May leave base when fly ball first touched   5   10   1 d)     May not return to a missed base after following runner has scored   5   10   3 a) Effect EXCEPTION     May wear a plastic facemask / guard   2   4   3 b)     Misses a base   5   10   3 a) viii) & Effect   5   10   3 a) viii) & Effect   5   10   3 a) viii & Eff	Injured	3	6	7 f)
Interferes with fielder attempting to field or throw a ball   10   3 c) iii)     10   3 c) iii)     11 terferes with play after being called out or after scoring   10   3 c) iii)   10   3 c) iii)   10   3 c) iii)   11 terferes with thrown ball   5   10   3 c) iii)   10   3 a) viii)   10   3 a) viii)   10   3 a) viii)   10   4 m)   10   4	Intentionally kicks ball	5	10	3 c) ii)
throw a ball  Interferes with play after being called out or after scoring  Interferes with thrown ball  Leaves base too soon  May leave base when fly ball first touched  May not return to a missed base after following runner has scored  May return to a missed base when ball is dead  May return to a missed base when ball is dead  May wear a plastic facemask / guard  Misses a base  Interferes with thrown ball  May not return to a missed base after following runner has scored  May return to a missed base when ball is dead  Misses a base  Interferes with thrown ball  May leave base when fly ball first touched  May not return to a missed base after following runner has scored  May return to a missed base when ball is dead  May return to a missed base when ball is dead  May wear a plastic facemask / guard  Misses home plate  Misses home plate  Must return to base  Must return to base  Must return to base  Must return to base  Must wear a helmet  Must outh awarded bases in legal order  Must wear a helmet  Must return to base  Must outh awarded bases in legal order  Must wear a helmet  Must return to base  Must couch awarded bases in legal order  Must wear a helmet  Must return to base  Must couch awarded bases in legal order  Must outh a hust missed base when ball is dead  Misses home plate  Misses home plate  Misses home plate  Must return to a missed base when ball is dead  Misses home plate  Must couch awarded bases in legal order  Must couch awarded bases	Interferes with batted ball	5	10	3 c) i) & ii)
Interferes with thrown ball   5   10   3 c) iii)		5	10	3 c) iii)
Leaves base too soon   5		5	10	3 c) v)
Leaves base too soon	Interferes with thrown ball	5	10	3 c) iii)
May leave base when fly ball first touched         5         10         3 a) vii)           May not return to a missed base after following runner has scored         5         10         4 m)           May return to a missed base when ball is dead         5         9         h)           May return to a missed base when ball is dead         5         10         3 a) Effect EXCEPTION           May wear a plastic facemask / guard         2         4         3 b)           Misses a base         5         10         3 a) viii) & Effect           Misses home plate         5         10         3 a) x viii) & Effect           Must return to base         5         9         b) i)           Must return to base         5         9         b) i)           Must touch awarded bases in legal order         5         9         j)           Not out         5         10         3 b) 1)           Not out         5         10         4           Obstructed         5         1         32 b)           Obstructed but cannot be out         5         9         a)           Obstructed but may be put out         5         10         3 c) vi)           Out for removing helmet         5         10         3 a)	Lanver hare too soon	5	10	3 b) ii)
May leave base when fly ball first touched         5         10         4 m)           May not return to a missed base after following runner has scored         5         9         h)           May return to a missed base when ball is dead         5         10         3 a) Effect EXCEPTION           May wear a plastic facemask / guard         2         4         3 b)           Misses a base         5         10         3 a) viii) & Effect           Misses home plate         5         10         3 a) xiii) & Effect           Misses home plate         5         10         3 a) xiii) & Effect           Must return to base         5         9         b) i)           Must return to base         5         9         b) i)           Must wear a helmet         5         10         3 b) 1)           Not out         5         10         3 b) 1)           Not out         5         10         4           Obstructed but cannot be out         5         9         a)           Obstructed but may be put out         5         10         3 c) vi)           Out         5         10         3 c) vi)           Out for removing helmet         5         8         a)           Out f	Leaves base too soon	5	10	3 a) vii)
May not return to a missed base after following runner has scored         5         10         4 m)           May return to a missed base when ball is dead         5         10         3 a) Effect EXCEPTION           May wear a plastic facemask / guard         2         4         3 b)           Misses a base         5         10         3 a) viii) & Effect           Misses home plate         5         10         3 a) x)           Must return to base         5         9         b) i)           Must touch awarded bases in legal order         5         9         j)           Must wear a helmet         5         10         3 b) 1)           Not out         5         10         4           Obstructed         5         1         32 b)           Obstructed but cannot be out         5         9         a)           Obstructed but may be put out         5         10         3 c) vi)           Offensive team collecting at a base to confuse defense         5         10         3 c) vi)           Out for removing helmet         5         8         a)           Out for switching positions on base following offensive conference         5         10         3 a) xiii) and Effect           Out on appeal plays <t< td=""><td>May loave base when fly hall first touched</td><td>5</td><td>10</td><td>1 d)</td></t<>	May loave base when fly hall first touched	5	10	1 d)
runner has scored         3         9         11)           May return to a missed base when ball is dead         5         10         3 a) Effect EXCEPTION           May wear a plastic facemask / guard         2         4         3 b)           Misses a base         5         10         3 a) viii) & Effect           5         10         2 c) i) 11           Misses home plate         5         10         3 a) x)           Must return to base         5         9         b) i)           Must touch awarded bases in legal order         5         9         j)           Must wear a helmet         5         10         3 b) 1)           Not out         5         10         4           Obstructed         5         1         32 b)           Obstructed but cannot be out         5         9         a)           Obstructed but may be put out         5         10         1 k)           Offensive team collecting at a base to confuse defense         5         10         3 c) vi)           Out         5         10         3 c) vi)           Out for removing helmet         5         8         a)           Out for switching positions on base following offensive conference	May leave base when hy ball first touched	5	10	4 m)
May return to a missed base when ball is dead         5         IO         EXCEPTION           May wear a plastic facemask / guard         2         4         3 b)           Misses a base         5         10         3 a) viii) & Effect           5         10         2 c) i) 1)           Misses home plate         5         10         3 a) x)           Must return to base         5         9         b) i)           Must touch awarded bases in legal order         5         9         j)           Must wear a helmet         5         10         3 b) 1)           Not out         5         10         4           Obstructed         5         1         32 b)           Obstructed but cannot be out         5         9         a)           Obstructed but may be put out         5         10         1 k)           Offensive team collecting at a base to confuse defense         5         10         3 c) vi)           Out         5         10         3         c) vi)           Out for removing helmet         5         8         a)           Out for switching positions on base following offensive conference         5         10         3 a) viii) - x) & Effect           Out		5	9	h)
Misses a base         5         10         3 a) viii) & Effect           Misses home plate         5         10         2 c) i) 1)           Must return to base         5         9         b) i)           Must touch awarded bases in legal order         5         9         j)           Must wear a helmet         5         10         3 b) 1)           Not out         5         10         4           Obstructed         5         1         32 b)           Obstructed but cannot be out         5         9         a)           Obstructed but may be put out         5         10         1 k)           Offensive team collecting at a base to confuse defense         5         10         3 c) vi)           Out         5         10         3         c) vi)           Out for removing helmet         5         8         a)           Out for switching positions on base following offensive conference         5         10         3 a) xiii) and Effect           Out on appeal plays         5         10         3 c) vi           Out on batterrunner interference         5         10         3 c) vi           Out on force play         5         10         3 a) vii)	May return to a missed base when ball is dead	5	10	
Misses a base         5         10         2 c) i) 1)           Misses home plate         5         10         3 a) x)           Must return to base         5         9         b) i)           Must touch awarded bases in legal order         5         9         j)           Must wear a helmet         5         10         3 b) 1)           Not out         5         10         4           Obstructed         5         1         32 b)           Obstructed but cannot be out         5         9         a)           Obstructed but may be put out         5         10         1 k)           Offensive team collecting at a base to confuse defense         5         10         3 c) vi)           Out         5         10         3         c) vi)           Out         5         10         3         c) vi)           Out for removing helmet         5         8         a)         0           Out for switching positions on base following offensive conference         5         10         3 a) xiii) and Effect           Out on appeal plays         5         10         3 a) vii) - x) & Effect           Out on force play         5         10         3 a) vii <t< td=""><td>May wear a plastic facemask / guard</td><td>2</td><td>4</td><td>3 b)</td></t<>	May wear a plastic facemask / guard	2	4	3 b)
S   10   2 c) i) 1)	N4:	5	10	3 a) viii) & Effect
Must return to base         5         9         b) i)           Must touch awarded bases in legal order         5         9         j)           Must wear a helmet         5         10         3 b) 1)           Not out         5         10         4           Obstructed         5         1         32 b)           Obstructed but cannot be out         5         9         a)           Obstructed but may be put out         5         10         1 k)           Offensive team collecting at a base to confuse defense         5         10         3 c) vi)           Out         5         10         3         a)           Out for removing helmet         5         8         a)           Out for switching positions on base following offensive conference         5         10         3 a) xiii) and Effect           Out on appeal plays         5         10         3 a) vii) - x) & Effect           Out on batterrunner interference         5         10         3 a) vii)           Out when assisted by anyone other than a runner         5         10         3 a) v)	Misses a base	5	10	2 c) i) 1)
Must touch awarded bases in legal order         5         9         j)           Must wear a helmet         5         10         3 b) 1)           Not out         5         10         4           Obstructed         5         1         32 b)           Obstructed but cannot be out         5         9         a)           Obstructed but may be put out         5         10         1k)           Offensive team collecting at a base to confuse defense         5         10         3 c) vi)           Out         5         10         3           Out for removing helmet         5         8         a)           Out for switching positions on base following offensive conference         5         10         3 a) xiii) and Effect           Out on appeal plays         5         10         3 a) viii - x) & Effect           Out on batterrunner interference         5         10         3 c) v)           Out on force play         5         10         3 a) iii)           Out when assisted by anyone other than a runner         5         10         3 a) v)	Misses home plate	5	10	3 a) x)
Must wear a helmet         5         10         3 b) 1)           Not out         5         10         4           Obstructed         5         1         32 b)           Obstructed but cannot be out         5         9         a)           Obstructed but may be put out         5         10         1 k)           Offensive team collecting at a base to confuse defense         5         10         3 c) vi)           Out         5         10         3           Out for removing helmet         5         8         a)           Out for switching positions on base following offensive conference         5         10         3 a) xiii) and Effect           Out on appeal plays         5         10         3 a) viii - x) & Effect           Out on batterrunner interference         5         10         3 a) viii)           Out on force play         5         10         3 a) iii)           Out when assisted by anyone other than a runner         5         10         3 a) v)	Must return to base	5	9	b) i)
Not out         5         10         4           Obstructed         5         1         32 b)           Obstructed but cannot be out         5         9         a)           Obstructed but may be put out         5         10         1 k)           Offensive team collecting at a base to confuse defense         5         10         3 c) vi)           Out         5         10         3           Out for removing helmet         5         8         a)           Out for switching positions on base following offensive conference         5         10         3 a) xiii) and Effect           Out on appeal plays         5         10         3 a) viii - x) & Effect           Out on batterrunner interference         5         10         3 c) v)           Out on force play         5         10         3 a) iii)           Out when assisted by anyone other than a runner         5         10         3 a) v)	Must touch awarded bases in legal order	5	9	j)
Obstructed         5         1         32 b)           Obstructed but cannot be out         5         9         a)           Obstructed but may be put out         5         10         1 k)           Offensive team collecting at a base to confuse defense         5         10         3 c) vi)           Out         5         10         3           Out for removing helmet         5         8         a)           Out for switching positions on base following offensive conference         5         10         3 a) xiii) and Effect           Out on appeal plays         5         10         3 a) vii) - x) & Effect           Out on batterrunner interference         5         10         3 c) v)           Out on force play         5         10         3 a) iii)           Out when assisted by anyone other than a runner         5         10         3 a) v)	Must wear a helmet	5	10	3 b) 1)
Obstructed but cannot be out         5         9         a)           Obstructed but may be put out         5         10         1 k)           Offensive team collecting at a base to confuse defense         5         10         3 c) vi)           Out         5         10         3           Out for removing helmet         5         8         a)           Out for switching positions on base following offensive conference         5         10         3 a) xiii) and Effect           Out on appeal plays         5         10         3 a) vii) - x) & Effect           Out on batterrunner interference         5         10         3 c) v)           Out on force play         5         10         3 a) iii)           Out when assisted by anyone other than a runner         5         10         3 a) v)	Not out	5	10	4
Obstructed but may be put out  Offensive team collecting at a base to confuse defense  10 3 c) vi)  Out  Out  5 10 3  Out for removing helmet  5 8 a)  Out for switching positions on base following offensive conference  Out on appeal plays  5 10 3 a) xiii) and Effect  Out on batterrunner interference  Out on batterrunner interference  Out on force play  Out when assisted by anyone other than a runner	Obstructed	5	1	32 b)
Offensive team collecting at a base to confuse defense  Out  Out  5 10 3 c) vi)  Out  Out for removing helmet  5 8 a)  Out for switching positions on base following offensive conference  Out on appeal plays  5 10 3 a) xiii) and Effect  Out on batterrunner interference  Out on force play  Out when assisted by anyone other than a runner  10 3 c) vi  3 c) vi  3 a) xiii)  3 a) vii  3 a) vii  3 a) vi  3 a) vi  3 a) vi  3 a) vi	Obstructed but cannot be out	5	9	a)
Out 5 10 3 Out for removing helmet 5 8 a)  Out for switching positions on base following offensive conference 5 10 3 a) xiii) and Effect  Out on appeal plays 5 10 3 a) vii) - x) & Effect  Out on batterrunner interference 5 10 3 c) v)  Out on force play 5 10 3 a) iii)  Out when assisted by anyone other than a runner 5 10 3 a) v)	Obstructed but may be put out	5	10	1 k)
Out for removing helmet 5 8 a)  Out for switching positions on base following offensive conference 5 10 3 a) xiii) and Effect  Out on appeal plays 5 10 3 a) vii) - x) & Effect  Out on batterrunner interference 5 10 3 c) v)  Out on force play 5 10 3 a) iii)  Out when assisted by anyone other than a runner 5 10 3 a) v)		5	10	3 c) vi)
Out for switching positions on base following offensive conference  Out on appeal plays  5 10 3 a) xiii) and Effect  Out on appeal plays  5 10 3 a) vii) - x) & Effect  Out on batterrunner interference  5 10 3 c) v)  Out on force play  5 10 3 a) iii)  Out when assisted by anyone other than a runner	Out	5	10	3
offensive conference  Out on appeal plays  5 10 3 a) vii) - x) & Effect  Out on batterrunner interference  Out on force play  Out when assisted by anyone other than a runner  5 10 3 a) vii) - x) & Effect  10 3 c) v)  10 3 a) iii)	Out for removing helmet	5	8	a)
Out on batterrunner interference 5 10 3 c) v) Out on force play 5 10 3 a) iii) Out when assisted by anyone other than a runner 5 10 3 a) v)		5	10	3 a) xiii) and Effect
Out on force play 5 10 3 a) iii) Out when assisted by anyone other than a runner 5 10 3 a) v)	Out on appeal plays	5	10	3 a) vii) - x) & Effect
Out when assisted by anyone other than a runner 5 10 3 a) v)	Out on batterrunner interference	5	10	3 c) v)
runner 5 10 Sa) V)	Out on force play	5	10	3 a) iii)
Passes another runner 5 10 3 a) vi)		5	10	3 a) v)
	Passes another runner	5	10	3 a) vi)

Runs bases in reverse order       5       10       3 c) x)         Runs out of base path       5       10       3 a) i)         Struck by a fair ball       5       10       4 d) & Effect         5       10       1 a)       4 e)         Struck by a fair ball while touching a base       5       10       4 e)         Struck by a foul ball       5       1       21 d)         Takes a running start on a fly ball       5       1       21 d)         Takes a running start on a fly ball       5       1       21 d)         Takes a running start on a fly ball       5       1       21 d)         Takes a running start on a fly ball       5       1       21 d)         Takes a running start on a fly ball       5       1       21 d)         Takes a running start on a fly ball       5       1       21 d)         Takes a running start on a fly ball       5       1       2 d)         Two coupying base at same time       5       9       9       f)         RUN Alexand       4       4       4       5       6       2       6       2       3       6       2       3       2       3       3       3       3 <t< th=""><th></th><th>RULE</th><th>SECTION</th><th>ARTICLE</th></t<>		RULE	SECTION	ARTICLE	
Struck by a fair ball   Struck by a fair ball   Struck by a fair ball   Struck by a fair ball in foul territory   Struck by a fair ball in foul territory   Struck by a fair ball while touching a base   Struck by a fair ball while touching a base   Struck by a fair ball while touching a base   Struck by a foul ball   Struck by a fair ball while touching a base   Struck by a fair ball while touching	Runs bases in reverse order	5	10	3 c) x)	
Struck by a fair ball   Struck by a fair ball   Struck by a fair ball in foul territory   Struck by a fair ball in foul territory   Struck by a fair ball while touching a base   Struck by a fair ball while touching a base   Struck by a foul ball   Struck by a fair ball while touching a base   Struck by a fair ball while touching a base   Struck by a fair ball while touching a base   Struck by a fair ball while touching a base   Struck by a fair ball while touching a base   Struck by a fair ball while touching a base   Struck by a fair ball while touching a base   Struck by a fair ball while touching a base   Struck by a fair ball while touching a base   Struck by a fair ball while touching a base   Struck by a fair ball while touching a base   Struck by a fair ball while touching a base   Struck by a fair ball while touching a base   Struck by a fair ball while touching a base   Struck by a fair ball while touching a base   Struck by a fair ball while touching a base   Struck by a part ball while touching a base   Struck by a part ball while touching a base   Struck by a part ball while touching a base   Struck by a part ball while touching a base   Struck by a part ball while touching a base   Struck by a part ball while touching a base   Struck by a part ball while touching a base   Struck by a part ball while touching a base   Struck by a part ball while touching a base   Struck by a part ball while touching a base   Struck by a part ball while touching a base   Struck by a part ball while touching a base   Struck by a part ball while touching a base   Struck by a part ball while touching a base   Struck by a part ball while touching a ball while touching a base   Struck by a part ball while touching	Runs out of base path	5	10	3 a) i)	
Struck by a fair ball   5		5	10	4 b)	
Struck by a fair ball in foul territory   S   10	Struck by a fair ball	5	10	4 d) & Effect	
Struck by a fair ball while touching a base         5         10         4 g)           Struck by a foul ball         5         1         21 d)           Takes a running start on a fly ball         5         10         3 a) xii)           Two occupying base at same time         5         9         f)           RUN AHEAD RULE         1         2         3           RUNS BATTED IN (Scoring)         Appendix 6 D         White part of the part		5	10	1a)	
Struck by a foul ball   5	Struck by a fair ball in foul territory	5	10	4 e)	
Takes a running start on a fly ball         5         10         3 a) xii)           Two occupying base at same time         5         9         f)           RUN AHEAD RULE         1         2         3           RUNS BATTED IN (Scoring)         Appendix 6 D         Not some start of the property of the prope	Struck by a fair ball while touching a base	5	10	4 g)	
Two occupying base at same time         5         9         f)           RUN AHEAD RULE         1         2         3           RUNS BATTED IN (Scoring)         Appendix 6 D           RUNS DO NOT SCORE         1         2         5 c)           Succeeding runner may not score         5         9         g)           RUNS LEGALLY SCORE         1         2         5 a)           SACRIFICE FLY (Scoring)         Appendix 6 Ab b) 1) a)           SAFE SIGNAL         Appendix 6 B           SCORING         Appendix 6 B           Forfeited game records         Appendix 6 B           SHOES MUST BE WORN         2         4         2 a)           SINGLE UMPIRE - RESPONSIBILITIES         3         6         4           SMOKING NOT PERMITTED IN DUGOUT         2         1         5           SOFTBALL - OFFICIAL BALL         Appendix 3 A           SPECTATOR         Causes forfeit         1         2         1 e)           Interference by         5         5         1 a) viii)           SPIKES (SHOES)         2         4         2           SPRAY SUBSTANCES         Permitted on bat grip         Appendix 2 A 11)           STARTING LINE-UP         3         2<	Struck by a foul ball	5	1	21 d)	
RUN AHEAD RULE  RUNS BATTED IN (Scoring)  RUNS DO NOT SCORE  1 2 5 c)  Succeeding runner may not score  Succeeding runner may not score  RUNS LEGALLY SCORE  1 2 5 a)  SACRIFICE FLY (Scoring)  Appendix 6 Ab b 1) a)  SAFE SIGNAL  Appendix 5 B h)  SCORING  Appendix 6  Forfeited game records  Appendix 6 H  SHOES MUST BE WORN  SINGLE UMPIRE - RESPONSIBILITIES  SOFTBALL - OFFICIAL BALL  Appendix 3 A  SPECTATOR  Causes forfeit  1 2 1 e)  Interference by  5 1 30 d)  SPIKES (SHOES)  SPRAY SUBSTANCES  Permitted on bat grip  Appendix 2 A 11)  STARTING LINE-UP  To describe a Replacement of Player  Not currently in line-up can be a Replacement Player  Not currently in line-up can be a Replacement Player  Appendix 2 A 19  S c)  S c)  Appendix 6 B App	Takes a running start on a fly ball	5	10	3 a) xii)	
RUNS BATTED IN (Scoring)  RUNS DO NOT SCORE  RUNS DO NOT SCORE  Succeeding runner may not score  Succeeding runner may not score  FUNS LEGALLY SCORE  RUNS LEGALLY SCORE  1 2 5 a)  SACRIFICE FLY (Scoring)  Appendix 6 A b) 1) a)  SAFE SIGNAL  Appendix 5 B h)  SCORING  Appendix 6  Forfeited game records  Appendix 6 H  SHOES MUST BE WORN  2 4 2 a)  SINGLE UMPIRE - RESPONSIBILITIES  3 6 4  SMOKING NOT PERMITTED IN DUGOUT  3 5  SOFTBALL - OFFICIAL BALL  Appendix 3 A  SPECTATOR  Causes forfeit  1 2 1e)  Interference by  5 1 30 d)  5 5 1a) viii)  SPIKES (SHOES)  2 4 2  SPRAY SUBSTANCES  Permitted on bat grip  Appendix 2 A 11)  TARTING LINE-UP  3 2 1  3 2 3  Order of line-up shall alternate genders in Co-Ed  STARTING PLAYERS  Not currently in line-up can be a Replacement Player  Not currently in line-up can be a Replacement Player	Two occupying base at same time	5	9	f)	
RUNS DO NOT SCORE  Succeeding runner may not score  Succeeding runner may not score  RUNS LEGALLY SCORE  1 2 5 a)  SACRIFICE FLY (Scoring)  Appendix 6 A b) 1) a)  SAFE SIGNAL  Appendix 5 B h)  SCORING  Appendix 6 H  SHOES MUST BE WORN  SINGLE UMPIRE - RESPONSIBILITIES  SOFTBALL - OFFICIAL BALL  SPECTATOR  Causes forfeit  1 2 1e)  SPIKES (SHOES)  SPRAY SUBSTANCES  Permitted on bat grip  Appendix 2 A 11)  STARTING LINE-UP  Order of line-up shall alternate genders in Co-Ed  SACRIFICE FLY (Scoring)  Appendix 6 A b) 1) a)  Appendix 6 A b) 1) a)  Appendix 6 B b)  Appendix 6 B calculated by a calculated by	RUN AHEAD RULE	1	2	3	
Succeeding runner may not score   5   9   9)	RUNS BATTED IN (Scoring)	Appen	Appendix 6 D		
RUNS LEGALLY SCORE       1       2       5 a)         SACRIFICE FLY (Scoring)       Appendix 6 A b) 1) a)         SAFE SIGNAL       Appendix 5 B h)         SCORING       Appendix 6         Forfeited game records       Appendix 6 H         SHOES MUST BE WORN       2       4       2 a)         SINGLE UMPIRE - RESPONSIBILITIES       3       6       4         SMOKING NOT PERMITTED IN DUGOUT       3       5         SOFTBALL - OFFICIAL BALL       Appendix 3 A         SPECTATOR       Interference by       5       1       30 d)         Interference by       5       1       30 d)       5         SPIKES (SHOES)       2       4       2         SPRAY SUBSTANCES       Permitted on bat grip       Appendix 2 A 11)         STARTING LINE-UP       3       2       1         3       2       3       2       3         Order of line-up shall alternate genders in Co-Ed       3       2       2 a) iv)         Reentry of       3       2       3 e)         STARTING PLAYERS       3       1       19         Not currently in line-up can be a Replacement Player       3       2       5 e)	RUNS DO NOT SCORE	1	2	5 c)	
SACRIFICE FLY (Scoring)         Appendix 6 A b) 1) a)           SAFE SIGNAL         Appendix 5 B h)           SCORING         Appendix 6           Forfeited game records         Appendix 6 H           SHOES MUST BE WORN         2 4 2 a)           SINGLE UMPIRE - RESPONSIBILITIES         3 6 4           SMOKING NOT PERMITTED IN DUGOUT         3 5           SOFTBALL - OFFICIAL BALL         Appendix 3 A           SPECTATOR         Interference by           Causes forfeit         1 2 1e)           Interference by         5 1 30 d)           SPIKES (SHOES)         2 4 2           SPRAY SUBSTANCES         Permitted on bat grip         Appendix 2 A 11)           STARTING LINE-UP         3 1 14           STARTING LINE-UP         3 2 3 2           Order of line-up shall alternate genders in Co-Ed         3 2 2 a) iv)           Reentry of         3 2 3 e)           STARTING PLAYERS         3 1 19           Not currently in line-up can be a Replacement Player         3 2 5 e)	Succeeding runner may not score	5	9	g)	
SAFE SIGNAL       Appendix 5 B h)         SCORING       Appendix 6         Forfeited game records       Appendix 6 H         SHOES MUST BE WORN       2 4 2 a)         SINGLE UMPIRE - RESPONSIBILITIES       3 6 4         SMOKING NOT PERMITTED IN DUGOUT       2 1 5         SOFTBALL - OFFICIAL BALL       Appendix 3 A         SPECTATOR       0         Causes forfeit       1 2 1 e)         Interference by       5 1 30 d)         SPIKES (SHOES)       2 4 2         SPRAY SUBSTANCES       0         Permitted on bat grip       Appendix 2 A 11)         STARTING LINE-UP       3 1 14         3 2 3       3 2 3 c         Order of line-up shall alternate genders in Co-Ed       3 2 2 a) iv)         Reentry of       3 2 3 e)         STARTING PLAYERS       3 1 19         Not currently in line-up can be a Replacement Player       3 2 5 e)	RUNS LEGALLY SCORE	1	2	5 a)	
SCORING	SACRIFICE FLY (Scoring)	Appendix 6 A b) 1) a)			
Shore   Appendix 6 H	SAFE SIGNAL	Appendix 5 B h)			
SHOES MUST BE WORN       2       4       2 a)         SINGLE UMPIRE - RESPONSIBILITIES       3       6       4         SMOKING NOT PERMITTED IN DUGOUT       2       1       5         3       5       5       5         SOFTBALL - OFFICIAL BALL       Appendix 3 A         SPECTATOR         Causes forfeit       1       2       1 e)         Interference by       5       1       30 d)         5       5       1 a) vii)       5         SPIKES (SHOES)       2       4       2         SPRAY SUBSTANCES       2       4       2         Permitted on bat grip       Appendix 2 A 11)       3       1       14         STARTING LINE-UP       3       2       1       3       2       3       0         Order of line-up shall alternate genders in Co-Ed       3       2       2 a) iv)       3       2       3 e)         STARTING PLAYERS       3       1       19         Not currently in line-up can be a Replacement Player       3       2       5 e)	SCORING	Appendix 6			
SINGLE UMPIRE - RESPONSIBILITIES   3   6   4	Forfeited game records	Appendix 6 H			
SMOKING NOT PERMITTED IN DUGOUT   2   1   5	SHOES MUST BE WORN	2	4	2 a)	
SMOKING NOT PERMITTED IN DUGOUT           3         5           SOFTBALL - OFFICIAL BALL         Appendix 3 A           SPECTATOR           Causes forfeit         1         2         1 e)           Interference by         5         1         30 d)         5           5         5         1 a) vii)         5         1 a) vii)         5           SPIKES (SHOES)         2         4         2         2           SPRAY SUBSTANCES         3         1         14         3         2         1           STARTING LINE-UP         3         2         1         3         2         1           3         2         3         2         3         2         3 e)           STARTING PLAYERS         3         1         19         19           Not currently in line-up can be a Replacement Player         3         2         5 e)	SINGLE UMPIRE - RESPONSIBILITIES	3	6	4	
SOFTBALL - OFFICIAL BALL   Appendix 3 A	CMOVING NOT DEDMITTED IN DUCOUT	2	1	5	
SPECTATOR	SMOKING NOT PERMITTED IN DUGOUT	3	5		
Causes forfeit       1       2       1 e)         Interference by       5       1       30 d)         5       5       1 a) vii)         SPIKES (SHOES)       2       4       2         SPRAY SUBSTANCES	SOFTBALL - OFFICIAL BALL	Appendix 3 A			
SPIKES (SHOES)   2   4   2	SPECTATOR				
SPIKES (SHOES)   2   4   2	Causes forfeit	1	2	1 e)	
SPIKES (SHOES)   2   4   2	Interference by	5	1	30 d)	
SPRAY SUBSTANCES         Appendix 2 A 11)           Permitted on bat grip         3 1 14           STARTING LINE-UP         3 2 1           Order of line-up shall alternate genders in Co-Ed         3 2 2 3           Order of line-up shall alternate genders in Co-Ed         3 2 2 3 e)           STARTING PLAYERS         3 1 19           Not currently in line-up can be a Replacement Player         3 2 5 e)	interference by	5	5	1a) vii)	
Permitted on bat grip	SPIKES (SHOES)	2	4	2	
3	SPRAY SUBSTANCES				
STARTING LINE-UP         3         2         1           3         2         3         2         3           Order of line-up shall alternate genders in Co-Ed         3         2         2 a) iv)           Reentry of         3         2         3 e)           STARTING PLAYERS         3         1         19           Not currently in line-up can be a Replacement Player         3         2         5 e)	Permitted on bat grip	Appendix 2 A 11)			
3   2   3     Order of line-up shall alternate genders in Co-Ed   3   2   2 a) iv     Reentry of   3   2   3 e     STARTING PLAYERS   3   1   19     Not currently in line-up can be a Replacement Player   3   2   5 e	STARTING LINE-UP	3	1	14	
Order of line-up shall alternate genders in Co-Ed         3         2         2 a) iv)           Reentry of         3         2         3 e)           STARTING PLAYERS         3         1         19           Not currently in line-up can be a Replacement Player         3         2         5 e)		3	2	1	
Reentry of         3         2         3 e)           STARTING PLAYERS         3         1         19           Not currently in line-up can be a Replacement Player         3         2         5 e)		3	2	3	
STARTING PLAYERS 3 1 19  Not currently in line-up can be a Replacement Player 3 2 5 e)	Order of line-up shall alternate genders in Co-Ed	3	2	2 a) iv)	
Not currently in line-up can be a Replacement 3 2 5 e)	Reentry of	3	2	3 e)	
Player 5 2 5 e)	STARTING PLAYERS	3	1	19	
Shall be official 3 2 3 a)		3	2	5 e)	
	Shall be official	3	2	3 a)	





	RULE	SECTION	ARTICLE
STEP MAY BE TAKEN BY PITCHER	4	3	7 f)
STEPPING OUT OF BATTER'S BOX	5	4	4 b)
Batter hits ball illegally	5	1	23 a) & d)
Batter steps from one box to the other	5	4	4 a) vii)
STRIKE			
Called by umpire	5	4	3 b) i) to x)
Signal	Appe	endix 5 B b	)
Stepping out of batter's box	5	4	2 e)
STRIKE ZONE	5	1	39
CLIDCTITLITEC	3	1	20
SUBSTITUTES	3	2	1 a) ii)
Cannot re-enter	3	1	17 326a)
Eligible roster members may be added to list of	3	2	1 c)
For injured runners	3	2	6 f)
Substitutes considered in game	3	2	6 & Effect a)
	3	2	5 c)
May be used as a Replacement Player	3	2	6 f)
May enter at pre-game meeting	3	2	3 c)
May not participate in game further as players	3	2	6 a)
Multiple substitutions allowed	3	2	6 a)
Must notify Plate Umpire when entering game	3	2	5 d)
No substitutes available	1	2	2 h)
Replacement player not considered a substitute	3	2	5 c)
Unreported	3	1	9
Use of Illegal Substitution must be appealed	3	3	a) i)
SUSPENSION OF PLAY	3	6	7
Team fails to resume play	1	2	2 c)
Signal	Appe	endix 5 B i)	
TAG (LEGAL TOUCH)	5	1	40
Batter-runner is out	5	5	2 a) ii)
Illegal tag	5	10	2 a)
Runner is out	5	10	3 a)
TAGGING UP	5	1	41
TAPE ON BAT	2	1	1
TEAM	1	1	2
	1	1	6
Forfeits	1	1	3
Number of players required to start or continue a game	3	2	2
TEAM MEMBER	3	1	21
			1

	RULE	SECTION	ARTICLE	
TEAM OFFICIALS EJECTED				
For a second charged offensive conference	5	2	b) Effect	
For an Illegal Re-entry	3	2	6 Effect b)	
For repeat attempt to create an Illegal Pitch	4	4	e) Effect	
For coaching infractions	3	4	Effect	
THROW	5	1	42	
TIEBREAKER	1	2	4	
	1	2	4 c)	
Incorrect runner placed on base	5	9	a)	
TIED GAMES	1	2	1 d) & f)	
TIME	1	1	10	
Signal	Appe	Appendix 5 B i)		
Suspension of play	3	6	7	
TRAPPED BALL	5	1	43	
Not considered deliberately dropped	5	1	29	
Signal	Appendix 5 B k)			
TRIPLE PLAY	5	1	44	
TURN AT BAT	5	1	45	
Player misses his turn	5	4	1 Effect d)	
Scoring	Appe	Appendix 6 A a) & b) 6)		
UMPIRES	3	6		
Ball lodges in equipment or clothing	5	11	Effect e)	
Deflects a ball out of play	5	11	b) i) 6)	
Equipment, Uniform	Appe	Appendix 5 A c)		
	5	1	17 d)	
Fair-batted ball strikes umpire	5	5	1 d)	
Foul ball strikes umpire	5	1	21 d)	
Hit by thrown ball	5	10	1 c)	
Judgment	3	6	6	
May confer with associate(s)	3	6	6	
May not override a call	3	6	6 b)	
May not wear exposed jewelry	Appe	Appendix 5 A d)		
May rectify calls placing players in jeopardy	3	6	6 c)	
Plate umpire interferes with catcher's attempt to throw	5	1	30 b)	
Signals	Appendix 5 B			
UNIFORMS				
Incorrect number listed on lineup card	3	2	1 d)	
For coaches	2	6		
			1	





	RULE	SECTION	ARTICLE
Head covering and apparel which does not conform may be worn	2	5	1
Players	2	5	1
Umpires	Appe	ndix 5 A c	)
Withdrawn Player required to change uniform number	3	2	5 b)
LINDEDORTED CLIDCTITUTION	3	1	9
UNREPORTED SUBSTITUTION	3	2	Effect c)
VISORS	2	5	1 a) ii)
WARM-UP BATS	2	3	2
WARM-OF BAIS	5	3	c) iii)
WARM-UP PITCHES	4	3	1
WARM-UP PITCHES FOR RELIEVING PITCHER OR BETWEEN INNINGS - PENALTY	4	3	1 a) Effect
Being taken in warm-up area	2	4	3 a)
WHITE WEBBING, CIRCLE, OR FIGURE ON GLOVE	2	4	1 d)
WILD THROW	5	1	46
WIN, CREDITED TO PITCHER (Scoring)	Appendix 6 E		
WIND-UP (Pitcher's)	4	3	7 c)
Ball dead if dropped during wind-up	4	4	d)
WINNER OF GAME	1	2	7
WITHDRAWN PLAYER	3	1	22
Required to change uniform number	3	2	5 b)





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